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CITY EDITION

PRICE TWOPENCE. DUBLIN, TUESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1941. VOL. LXXXIII. NO. 26,054.

NATIONAL LIBRARY OF IRELAND 14 JAN 1941 LEABHARLANN NAISIUNTA NA hEIREANN

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Births, Marriages and Deaths (which in all cases must be authenticated), 3 lines, 2/6; each additional line, 1/-.
Each Notice can be repeated in either the Weekly Irish Times or the Irish Field at half price.
Irish Times 'Phone Numbers—Dublin (31 Westmoreland Street)—76555; Cork (15 Cook Street)—1506; Limerick (6 William Street)—472; Belfast (58 Donegall Street)—21787; London (59 Fleet Street)—Central 4350.

ON HIS BRITANNIC MAJESTY'S SERVICE.

DE COURCY—On December 30th, 1940, died on active service, Group-Captain John Arthur Gerald de Courcy, M.C., R.A.F., only son of the late Hon. Robert de Courcy and Mrs. de Courcy, and beloved husband of Anna de Courcy, Barton, Cambridgeshire.

BIRTHS.

KEATINGE—January 11, 1941, at Longacre, Compton, Winchester, to Dorothy (*née* Haig), wife of Major L. R. H. Keatinge, R.A.M.C., a son.

SLATOR—January 11, 1941, to Rev. W. T. H. and Mrs. Slator, The Rectory, Boyle, a daughter (Naomi).

MARRIAGES.

ARMSTRONG and GREEN—December 28, 1940, at Elgin, Adam, only son of Mr. and Mrs. A. Armstrong, Annesly, Wittet road, Elgin, to Hope, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. F. Green, Somerton, Roebuck road, Clonskeagh, Dublin.

LALOR and CROOME—December 14, 1940, at Killalone Church, by the Rev. D. H. Patton, assisted by the Venerable W. H. Smith; Joseph William, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Lalor, Ballygogin House, Ballacolla, Leix, to Mona Elizabeth Hutchinson, fourth daughter of Mr. J. F. Croome and the late Mrs. Croome, Annsfort, Clonmel, Co. Tipperary.

DEATHS.

BALL—January 12, 1941, at his residence, Reynoldstown, Naul, Richard Oliver Ball, aged 80 years. Funeral private. R.I.P.

BARRY—January 12, 1941, at his residence, "Ongar," Clonsilla, Co. Dublin, Major James D. Barry, late R.H.A., son of the late Lord Justice Barry. Remains will be removed to St. Brigid's Parish Church, Blanchardstown, to-day (Tuesday) at 3 o'clock. Requiem Mass to-morrow (Wednesday) morning at 11 o'clock. Funeral immediately afterwards to Clonsilla Cemetery.

CAMPBELL—Sunday evening, January 12, 1941 (suddenly), Henry Fitzgerald, beloved husband of Mary Learoyd Campbell, 5 Greenmount road, Terenure, Dublin, in his eightieth year. Funeral from Holy Trinity Church, Rathmines, at 10 o'clock to-morrow (Wednesday) morning to Mount Jerome. No flowers, by request.
"God's finger touched him and he slept."

CHESTNUT—January 11, 1941, at her residence, Cloonalour, Elizabeth Stewart, third daughter of the late Rev. W. W. Chestnut, of The Manse, Tralee.

COMERFORD—January 12, 1941, at St. Michael's Hospital, Dun Laoghaire, Patrick J. Comerford, 5 Mounttown road, Dun Laoghaire. Deeply regretted by his loving wife and family. Remains were removed to St. Patrick's Church, Monkstown, yesterday (Monday) evening. Funeral this (Tuesday) morning, after 10 o'clock Mass, to Dean's Grange Cemetery. R.I.P.

COMERFORD—January 12, 1941, Patrick Joseph Comerford, of 5 Mounttown road, Dun Laoghaire, for 35 years the valued and faithful friend of Baxendale and Co., Ltd., Capel street, Dublin.

COSTELLO—January 10, 1941, at Kilfenora, Silchester road, Dun Laoghaire (suddenly); Lucy Emma Costello, B.A., late Principal, Intermediate School, Tullamore. Service at St. Catherine's, Tullamore, to-day (Tuesday), 14th inst., at 12.30. Interment after Service at Durrow Church. "He giveth His beloved sleep."

DALY—January 11, 1941, at his residence, St. Anne's, Esker road, Lucan, James Vincent Daly, M.R.C.V.S. Funeral strictly private. R.I.P.

DEACON—January 12, 1941, at 7 Long Quay, Kinsale, Mary Elizabeth, daughter of the late Rev. George Deacon, formerly Rector of Dunmanway. Funeral from residence at 12 o'clock to-day (Tuesday) for Rincurran. No flowers, by request.

HAZLETON—January 3, 1941 (suddenly), at St. Margaret's Convent, Edinburgh, Mother Mary Aquin (Sarah E. Hazleton), eldest daughter of the late Thomas Hazleton, of Dublin, and Dunganoon, Co. Tyrone, and the late Mrs. B. R. Kent, Blackrock, Co. Dublin. R.I.P.

HENDERSON—January 12, 1941, Hazel, dearly-beloved daughter of Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Henderson, Northern Bank House, Lisburn. Funeral private.

MULRONEY—January 13, 1941, at his residence, 75 Moyne road, Rathmines, Henry Nelson Mulroney. Funeral (private) to Castlebridge, Wexford, after Service at Holy Trinity Church, Rathmines, 9.30 a.m., to-morrow (Wednesday), the 15th inst. No flowers. "Underneath are the Everlasting Arms."

O'CONNELL REDMOND—January 12, 1941, at Private Home, Our Lady's Hospice, Harold's Cross, Dublin, Helen, widow of Gabriel O'Connell Redmond, M.D., F.R.C.S.I., formerly of Cappoquin and the Honan Home, Cork, and eldest daughter of the late John Quinlan, Esq., J.P., Clonkerdin, Co. Waterford. R.I.P. Mass, 9.30, to-day (Tuesday). Funeral leaves Hospice for Dean's Grange, 1.30 p.m.

RIGLEY—January 13, 1941, William Rigley, Church road, Ballybrack, Sexton of Killiney for 27 years. Deeply regretted. Memorial Service in Killiney Parish Church, Ballybrack, to-morrow (Wednesday) at 3 o'clock (the hour of the interment at Clone, Enniscorthy).

ROBINSON—January 8, 1941, at his residence, Summer Grove, Mountmellick, William Anthony, dearly-loved and devoted husband of Kitty Robinson, aged 71 years. Laid to rest, Friends' Burial Ground, Rosenallis, 11th inst.

RUSSELL—January 12, 1941, at Kingstown, Major-General J. J. Russell, C.B., late A.M.S.

WALLACE—January 12, 1941, at Calgary, Canada, James Nevin Wallace, B.A.I., T.C.D., husband of Eva Wallace (*née* Murphy).

ANNOUNCEMENTS received late for this Column will be found on Page 4.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.

Mrs. Seward and daughter wish to return sincere thanks to all those who sympathised with them in their recent sad bereavement, and trust this will be accepted by all in grateful acknowledgment.

IN MEMORIAM.

CANTWELL—In ever-loving memory of dear Edie, who passed away on 14th January, 1935. Sadly missed.

CANTWELL—Cherished memories of my dearest cousin, Edie. "Resting where no shadows fall."—Nan.

CARVILL—In loving memory of Commander Francis I. Carvill, Royal Navy, who died, January 14th, 1927. R.I.P.

DRAPER—In loving memory of Susan Draper (late of Firmont, Clane, Co. Kildare), called Home, 14th January, 1936.

HANBIDGE—In loving remembrance of my beloved husband, Edward, called Home, 14th January, 1940. Sadly missed by his wife and brothers.
"Though in lonely grief I sigh,
For one beloved no longer nigh,
Submissive still would I reply,
'Thy will be done.'"

REDMOND—In ever-loving memory of John J. (Johnny), second son of the late Thomas and Margaret Redmond, who died on January 14th, 1924, at 97 Morehampton road, Donnybrook. May he rest in peace.

CONTINUED IN NEXT COLUMN.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE TO CREDITORS.
In the Goods of
THE MOST HONOURABLE ULICK de BURGH MARQUESS OF SLIGO, of Westport House, Westport, in the County of Mayo, Deceased.
All persons having claims against the Estate of the above Deceased are requested to send forthwith particulars of same in writing to the undersigned Solicitor for the Executors.
Dated this 11th day of January, 1941.
J. C. GARVEY, LL.B., Solicitor, Castlebar, and 12 Molesworth Street, Dublin.

A LADY REQUIRES POSITION AS LAUNDRY MANAGERESS OR SIMILAR POST. S 1008, this office.

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This is made possible as many months ago, before prices rose, we made substantial purchases for cash. Because of these we are now able to give the public an opportunity to buy at shillings in the pound below to-day's real values.

★ *For instance, in fine Scotch Underwear we have a large stock at prices that were current months ago. The same applies to shirtings and shirts.*

During January, to keep our workers employed, we offer extra special value in suits and overcoats to measure.

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Tailors & Outfitters since 1857

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IRISH TIMES, LTD., WESTMORELAND STREET, DUBLIN. 'PHONE—76555. BRANCH OFFICES: BELFAST—58 Donegall street. 'Phone—21787. CORK—15 Cook street. 'Phone—1506. LIMERICK—6 William street. 'Phone 472. LONDON—59 Fleet street, E.C.4. Central 4350. MANCHESTER—Winter's Buildings, 30 Ann street, Blackfriars 6343. (30/9/'40).

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DIRECTORSHIP offered to Lady capable of Managing Gown Shop; £250.—S 632, this office. 7 7

WANTED, Partner, active or sleeping, with capital, progressive Mantle Business, transferring larger premises.—S 1003, this office.

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GARDEN, FARM, BEES, ETC.

AS early sprouting of Seed Potatoes is strongly recommended, we have pleasure in announcing we can now supply most First Earlies; extra charge for sprouting if required.—Drummond's, 57/58 Dawson street, Dublin. 9 B

ALL Fruit Trees benefit by Winter Spraying. The result is healthier trees and increased cropping powers. Use Drummond's Tar Oil Winter Spray. Gallon 7/-, ½-gallon 4/-; also in smaller quantities.—Drummond's, Dawson street, Dublin, and Carlow. 9 B

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ABOUT Vegetable Gardens, consult E. G. White, F.R.H.S., Gold Medallist, and inspect Whitechurch Nurseries, Rathfarnham. 'Phone 95197. T

GLADIOLI Primulinus, apricot, orange picardy, salmon rose, 6/6 100, free.—Monks, Alcove, Rush.

NOTICE.
IN addressing envelopes covering replies to advertisers in this Paper, great care should be taken to include the catchwords, when same are given, after the Office Number, thus: "Z 20, Housemaid," should be carefully written upon the envelope.

LISSADELL Vegetable Plants—Cabbage Marbinger, 2/- 100; Onions, James' Keeping, 3/- 100; both autumn sown in frames; carriage paid, cash with order, subject crop and unsold.—Manager, Lissadell, Sligo. T

THORN Quicks, first class, transplanted, 20/-, 30/-, 40/- 1,000.—None-so-Hardy Nurseries, Shillelagh. 8 14

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PURE White Austrian Turkey Cockerels, 9/5 lb., carriage extra.—Patchett, Coachford, Cork. 11 B

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ABOUT Clothes—Mrs. Cusack, 65 Aungier street, Purchases Left-Off Clothing, Furniture, etc. Highest prices given. T

AT Elizabeths, 51 Grafton street (2nd Floor)—Ladies' own materials expertly "made up." Coats, Costumes, House Coats, Frocks; moderate. Telephone 22954. 13 E

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FUR Coats stylishly Remodelled, Cleaned and Relined, £2 10/-.—Fisher, 17 Duke street. 13 A

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SALE—Reconditioned Fur Coat Bargains, Squirrel, Natural Pony, Marmot, Musquash, Persian Lamb, etc.—Feldman, 29 Mary street. T

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WARM Winter Coat for Sale, full length swagger, unworn, misfit, bargain; £2.—S 1014, this office. 13 D

FURS.

FUR Coats, Capes and Ties in Silver and Blue Fox. Deferred payments. Write, particulars, Taylor Ward, Anne street, Dublin. T

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SALE, strong four-year old Mare, by Tredenord; broken to ride and working on land; make stylish van horse; quiet all traffic, sound; £35.—S 971, this office. 13 C

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TO Let, 7/9 Exchequer street, large Corner Shop (four windows) and Basement, at reasonable rent. Apply Manager, Central Hotel, Exchequer street, Dublin. 10 X

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ALBERT MacARTHUR, The Housefinder, MacArthur House, D'Olier street. Telephone 76754 (2 lines).

AUCTION 16th January—20 Nutley Park, Stillorgan road, semi-detached, modern House; clear possession.—Battersby and Co., Auctioneers, 39 Westmoreland street. 9 D

AT Sandymount—Non-basement Residence, on 2 acres, perfect order; £2,500 or offer. Dundrum—Modern; 2 reception, 5 bedrooms; central heating; £1,400 Donnybrook—All brick, non-basement; 4 bedrooms; £850.—Browne and Dowse, 2 Dawson street. 11 B

ADJOINING Kenilworth square—Superb order; non-basement; 4 bedrooms, garage; low outgoings; £1,250.—Arthur Jones, Auctioneers, 10 Stephen's Green. 12 B

A PROFIT Rent £46 5/ out of valuable Licensed Premises in Drumcondra; held for ever, subject to rent of £5 15/-; sublet at £52 per annum; long lease; 25 years' purchase or nearest.—S 1006, this office.

ALEXBURY Road—Six-bedroomed House, Selling at bargain price.—Garvey and Good, Lincoln place. 13 X

AUCTION sale" to-day, Tuesday, 14th, at MacArthur House, D'Olier street, one o'clock, will include:—Block of Property, 14, 14a, 15, 15a, 15b Berkeley street; 1, 2, 3 Bedford Cottages; 1, 5 Berkeley place, etc.; Freehold, vacant House, 4 St. Ann's road, Drumcondra; vacant Shop, with Dwellinghouse, 31 Lower Kevin street; Investment Lots, 45 Hardwicke street; 13, 14 Little Strand street; 29 Lower Kevin street. Auctioneer, Albert MacArthur, The Housefinder.

AUCTION Sale" to-morrow, Wednesday, 15th, at MacArthur House, D'Olier street, one o'clock, will include:—Vacant, detached Residence, "St. Findas," Sandford road; 244 South Circular road, Dolphin's Barn; Melrose and St. Anthony's, Sutton; 3 Adelaide terrace, Kilmainham; Grocery Concerns, 49 Lower Sherrid street; 5 Bushfield place, Donnybrook; Investment Lot, 3 Berkeley street. Auctioneer, Albert MacArthur, The Housefinder.

AT Ballabridge—Favourably situated, pre-war, non-basement House: 3 reception, 5 bedrooms; £1,300.—Browne and Dowse, 2 Dawson street. 13 C

"ARDVILLE," Kilcoole, Co. Wicklow—Cottage and 10 acres of prime land, Selling by public auction on Wednesday, 22nd January, 1941. Particulars, Messrs. H. J. McCarroll and Co., Solicitors, Wicklow; or Edward F. Harris, Auctioneer, etc., Delgany, Co. Wicklow. 'Phone, Greystones 43. 10 X

BOAG, Baggot street, over Monument Creamery—Large selection Houses, all sizes, prices. 11 C

BLACKROCK—Modern, brick House, 2 reception, 4 bedrooms, garage, garden front and rear; built to Pembroke Estate specifications; rates remission; £1,200.—S 979, this office.

BRAEMOR Park, Rathgar—One of these excellent Houses for Sale at reasonable price.—S 982, this office. 13 C

BALLSBRIDGE—Merlyn road; superior, semi-detached Houses, in course of construction; 3 reception, 4 and 5 bedrooms; pre-war prices, from £1,450—Lyne and Co., 3 Lower O'Connell street. 'Phone, 43714. 30 X

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HADDINGTON Road—Very attractive House, excellent condition, 8 rooms, kitchen, bath, w.c., electric heating and lighting all rooms; large garden, rear entrance; low ground rent.—Lloyd and Co., 117 Stephen's Green. 13 C

HALF-BUILT, seven-roomed Bungalow; large garden back and front; convenient to city; best offer secures.—S 984, this office. 13 D

KINCORA Park, Clontarf—Modern House for Sale; loan facilities available if required.—S 934, this office. 11 C

NORTHUMBERLAND road—Three reception rooms, four bedrooms, maid's room, etc.; £1,750.—Whyte, 3 Molesworth street. Telephone 74110.

RAHENY, near sea front, modern eight-roomed House, with garage; 35 per cent. purchase money may remain out.—Quey, Blackbanks, Raheny. 13 C

RATHFARNHAM Road—Modern, semi-detached, 4 bedrooms, 3 reception, garage; valuation £329; perfect condition; £1,000. Key, Abbey Estate Agency, 11 Lower Abbey street. 'Phone 75542.

STILLORGAN road, Donnybrook—Well built, modern Residence, lounge hall, 3 reception rooms and cloakroom on hall floor, 5 bedrooms, etc.; garage, garden; many special features; £2,100.—Whyte, 3 Molesworth street. Telephone 74110. 13 C

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Our large stocks of Furs, Fur Coats and Foxes of various kinds, also Fur-Trimmed Coats, Costumes, Evening and Afternoon Gowns, Two and Three Piece Suits, etc., have been

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Please Note, we employ no Travelling Agents.

HOUSES.

TO LET AND WANTED.

TO LET, BALLSBRIDGE
ALL-Brick Houses, 3 and 4 bedrooms, 2 reception, kitchen, bathroom and w.c., garage, coalhouse, etc.; gardens front and rear. Decorated to tenant's choice. Rent from £36-8 monthly.—Modern Homes, Ltd., Gilford road (off Sandymount avenue), Sandymount. 'Phone 63486.

A CHARMING, detached, modern House, Monkstown, to Let Furnished.—Boag, Blackrock, over Monument Creamery. 13 D

ABSOLUTE Bargain—Desirable House, Kenilworth square, £120 (inclusive); perfect order, delightful outlook.—McMahon, 136 Stephen's Green.

CLONTARF road, 277, newly decorated, 2 reception, 3 bedrooms, garden, garage; £84. Key No. 278. 9 B

CARRIG Brae Bray—Delightful Residence, on over 4 acres, perfect order; 4 reception, 6 family bedrooms; non-basement, compact; £200 p.a. and rates; P.L.V. £68 10/-.—Browne and Dowse, 2 Dawson street. 11 B

DUN LAOGHAIRE—House to Let, ten apartments, kitchen, bathroom; rent £110.—Talbot Coall, Auctioneer, Dun Laoghaire. 10 B

DUN LAOGHAIRE—House to Let (exclusive of basement), seven apartments, bathroom; rent £90.—Talbot Coall, Auctioneer, Dun Laoghaire. 10 B

FURNISHED House to Let, Glenageary; very moderate rent to good tenant.—S 964, this office. 13 D

GROUND Rent £160 (one collection), sub-leased at higher rent out of modern suburban Houses. Full particulars, Allen, Townsend, 11 Stephen's Green. 8 B

HOUSES for Letting, Furnished and Unfurnished. Apply Fitz, Bros., 21 Dame street. X

MODERN, newly decorated, 8 roomed House, 122 Leinster road, Rathmines. Key, No. 124. Apply 17 Fownes street. 11 B

TO Let, 94 Merlon Drive, Sandford, new House, just finished; 2 sittingrooms, breakfast room, 4 bedrooms, tiled bathroom, large kitchen, garage; £125; or Sell. 9 B

2-ROOMED Gate Lodge, Unfurnished, good range, for Letting; 17 miles from Dublin. Apply Laragh House Maynooth. 13 C

11 HERBERT Road, Sandymount—Dinisgroom, 4 bedrooms, drawingroom, breakfast room; garage, etc.; £100 a year and rates. Apply Morrison, 3 South Anne street. 13 E

24 VICTORIA road, Rathgar—Non-basement, 8 rooms, kitchen, etc.; rent £80 and rates.—Mr. Fox, 17 William street. 13 X

HOUSES AND LANDS WANTED TO RENT OR PURCHASE.

A TWO-ROOMED Gate Lodge or Cottage and grass or cow quiet place not objected to if rent is reasonable.—S 1007, this office.

GOVERNMENT official wishes Rent; suburbs; up to £120; might Purchase.—S 931, this office. 11 B

IONA, Lindsay Road; cash purchaser.—Abbey Estate Agency, 11 Lower Abbey street. 'Phone 75542.

WANTED, immediately, to Rent for 6 months, small, Furnished House near Enniskerry, Old Connaught or The Scalp Address "Z 4615, House" this office. 11 B

WANTED, Sandymount area, 7 roomed House, garage space; £1,000.—S 929, this office. 11 B

WANTED, Northern suburbs possession March; about £1,000.—S 930, this office 11 B

WANTED, Unfurnished Cottage or self-contained Flat for lady, Ballsbridge, Blackrock.—S 968, this office.

WANTED, good Farm, 200 acres, upwards, Counties Dublin, Meath, Kildare; substantial sum available for suitable holding.—S 1010, this office. 13 X

WANTED to Purchase, Counties Dublin, Meath, Wicklow, well built Cottage, Gate Lodge or small House, four rooms, e.l., water, with large garden or land attached, freehold.—S 970, this office.

£2,500 AVAILABLE for good class Investment Property.—S 1011, this office. 13 X

NURSING HOMES AND INSTITUTIONS.

SANDYMOUNT—Good Home open, old people; moderate.—S 699 this office. 7 B

BROADCASTING—PAGE 4

BIGGER BARGAINS THAN EVER

Embroidered Supper Set
"Cross stitch Embdy." Cloth, 54" x 54", and 6 napkins to match. Were 12/11. Sale 8/11

Linen Napkins
With neat coloured borders. Pink, green, gold, blue. Size about 12 x 12". Half-dozen 1/9
14 x 14" Half-doz. 3/6

Striped Linen Table Cloths.
Heavy quality. Fadeless colours of blue, green or gold grounds. Broad contrasting stripes. Size 64" x 84". To seat 8 persons. Were 18/9. Sale 12/11

Cushions, Half Price and Less
Left over from the Xmas Trade. About 100 beautiful Silk Cushions. Were 7/6 to 10/6. All one price to clear 4/1

Oval-shaped Table Centre.
Pink ground, elaborately embroidered in rich silks to tone. 16 x 36". Fancy scalloped edge. Were 6/11 each. Sale 3/11½

Baby Pillow Cases
Daintily embroidered in white or colours on fine lawn. Mull, or zandie or silk. 3/11½, 2/11½, 2/04, 1/11½ and 1/6½

Traced Linens
Cream Embroidery Linen traced in lovely patterns. For hand embroidery. Tea cloth, 2/11½
Sale, each
Tray Cloths—
14" x 20" Only 1/0½
16" x 24" Only 1/3½
Cosy Slip. Only 1/3½

Traced Settee Sets, Soiled
Coloured Linen crash. Blue, gold, pink, green. Settee cover and 2 Chair Backs. 8/11. Sale 5/11

Chrysanthemum Table Covers
White Linen printed in above pattern. Lovely combination colours of blue, green, gold, rose 52" x 52". Were 12/11 each. Sale 7/11

Supper Cloths
Rayon and linen, reversible, heavy quality. Rich shades of pink or lemon; old lace effect. 45 x 45". Were 15/6 each. Sale ... 8/11

Embd. Linen Napkins
Fine white linen. Hemstitched and embroidered Shamrocks in one corner. 21" x 21", ½ dozen 11/9

Soiled Linen Bags
Large size. Embroidered in colours on heavy Irish Linen. Colours of mauve, brown, rose. Usually 5/6 each. Sale 2/6½

Tossed Tea Cloths
50 Afternoon Tea Cloths coloured and cream grounds elaborately embroidered. 36 x 36ins. Qualities up to 10/11. All to be Cleared at 4/-

H.S. Linen Cloths
For Hand Embroidery. Finest white linen hand-drawn thread stitch, 24" square, hems all round. Neat bias corners.
42" x 42" Each 8/11
54" x 54" Each 13/9
66" x 84" Each 25/6
84" x 104" Each 35/6

Hand-Embd. Tray Cloths
Beige or Cream Linen dainty coloured embroidery or Applique work. 12 x 18". Were 2/6½. Sale, each ... 1/6½

Damask Cloths
Floral design, coloured all over in blue, gold, rose or green. 52" x 52". Were 5/11 each. Sale 4/11½

Hand-Made Lace Cloths
Unrepeatable offer of good quality Hand-made lace cloths at half usual prices. 36 x 36". Natural shade only. 50 to clear. Were 7/11. Sale 3/6

Linen Table Cloths Half Price
Cream only. Woven fancy lace pattern. 52 x

Motor Vehicles and Cycles

MOTOR CARS.

AUSTIN 3-Ton Lorries, long wheelbase; prompt delivery.—Lincoln and Nolan, Ltd., 57-58 Lower Baggot street, Dublin. 'Phone 61943-5-6. T

1939 AUSTIN Ten, mileage under 8,000; as new. £250. Address "Z 4607, Austin," this office. 10 B

GARAGE ACCOMMODATION AND REPAIRS.

GARAGE, Store or Workshop to Let; vacant—1A Blessington Court 11 B

BICYCLES.

ALL-STEEL Raleigh. Cash and Easy Payment Orders sent carriage paid. Models from £5 19/6. All models 10/- deposit.—Stevens, "The Cycle King," 8 Aston's quay, 244 Rathmines road, 171 North Strand. T

B.S.A.—The World's Best Value. A quality Cycle at a reasonable price. Give us a call before deciding on your new model.—Kelly's, Bachelor's Walk. T

RALEIGH—Call and inspect our range of Models. Catalogues and full particulars.—Kelly's, Bachelor's Walk. T

Employment

SITUATIONS VACANT.

APPRENTICE for high class GENERAL DRAPERY REQUIRED, immediately by city firm; intelligent well educated YOUTH, 16½ to 18½ years of age; fee £50; salary from commencement. Apply, in own handwriting, 8 958, this office.

A NEW Job in the New Year—Why not learn Dress Designing? Day courses, Evening Classes or Correspondence Lessons. Write, 'phone or call to the Grafton Academy of Dressmaking, 6 St. Stephen's Green, Dublin. Telephone, 21854.

CITY Cafe REQUIRES COOK; restaurant experience essential; state age, send copy reference. 8 1012, this office.

OFFICE Boy—WANTED a smart BOY, leaving school, for office work.—8 1015, this office.

PENSIONER WANTED by large city firm for occasional day or night duty as WATCHMAN and GATE KEEPER.—8 965, this office.

STEWARD and Wife, with knowledge of catering, or STEWARDESS, WANTED for Golf Club near Dublin; free apartments (unfurnished), light and coal; state wages expected. Replies to Griffin, Lynch and Co., marked "Steward," 27 Westmoreland street, Dublin. 10 B

WANTED, North side, experienced GIRL for Cash Register and Bookkeeping; quick, accurate figures; state salary.—8 865, this office. 10 B

WANTED, thoroughly competent GARAGE MECHANIC for country, to take charge of Maintenance of Diesel and Petrol Engines, understands wiring, batteries, etc.; permanent employment; state experience and wages expected. Address "Z 4592, Mechanic," this office. 10 B

WANTED for large Meath farm, WORKING STEWARD; must understand cattle, sheep and tillage, with latest machinery. Address, giving all particulars, "Z 4598, Steward," this office. 10 C

WANTED, LADY COMPANION HELP (C.I.); must be young and energetic; good maid kept; very comfortable home, state age and salary; country place; 3 in family. Addre "Z 4619, Lady," this office. 11 C

WANTED immediately capable, energetic, cheery MOTHER'S HELP genuine child lover, nurse desirable; children 4 5 and 11 years, very quiet infant, 4 months; maid kept; salary £24, starting; good home. Address Z 4617, Help," this office. 11 C

WANTED immediately competent LADY HAIR DRESSER for high class Ladies' Saloon; state experience, salary (indoo and send copy reference. Address "Z 4621, Hairdresser" this office. 11 B

WANTED Protestant MOTHER'S HELP, all duties, country place, small family; Aga cooker; enclose copies, state salary. Address "Z 4624, Help," this office. 11 B

WANTED, February, for gate lodge, Married FARM HAND, small family; copies references.—8 916, this office. 11 B

WANTED, TURNERS or FITTER with knowledge of machine work, willing to work in Belfast. Call or write, R. D. Cox, 7 and 9 Bracken's lane, Moss street. 13 D

DOMESTICS.

A—GENERALS, H. P'maids, city, suburbs; good wages.—Miss Clarke's Reg., 30 Dawson street.

WANTED for Belfast, a very superior PERSON to undertake good plain cooking and help in light housework; two children and three adults; mother's help kept; must be thoughtful and obliging; good home. Apply, stating wages, expected and references, to Mrs. Armstrong, 49 Earlswood road, Belfast. 13 C

YOUNG MORNING GIRL WANTED at once; references.—5 Temple Villas, Palmerston road.

"IRISH TIMES"

EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.

NO FEES CHARGED.

HOURS ..... 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturdays ..... 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

The Matron has several vacancies on her books for recommended unemployed, experienced and untrained. Placed immediately.

31 Westmoreland Street, Dublin.
'Phone: 76555.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS.

CAN lady recommend young experienced, R.C. COOK GENERAL; country, Co. Meath; must be good cook, dairy and fowl; house parlourmaid kept; state age, wages and send copies of papers. Address "Z 4587, Cook General," this office. 13 C

WANTED, COOK GENERAL; housemaid kept. Apply, with copies references, to Powell, 3 Richmond Hill, Monkstown. 13 D

WANTED, 22nd January, £42, insurance paid, good plain COOK, R.C., under 40; interview necessary; send copy last reference.—Mrs. Byrne, Beaupare, Monkstown road. 13 C

GENERAL SERVANTS.

A YOUNG GENERAL REQUIRED; plain cooking; second maid kept.—20 Waterloo road. 13 C

A YOUNG GENERAL for Killiney; £30. Apply, with references, Useful People, 38 Dame street.

A SUPERIOR, experienced GENERAL, Rathgar, family four; £36-£40; enclose copies references.—R O 426, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

WANTED, GENERAL; good references; two in family.—5 Lower Kilmacud road, Harold's Cross. Apply Monday 2-6 Tuesday, 10-2. 11 B

WANTED for lady's country house near Dublin, superior GIRL, GENERAL housework; Esse cooker; four adults; nice appearance and highest reference essential. Address "Z 4637, Girl," this office.

YOUNG country Girl to train as GENERAL; good home; Donnybrook district.—8 973, this office. 13 C

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS.

A PROTESTANT Housemaid required for Dublin, with good references; wages £40; age not under 30 years.—Miss Woods, 37 Dawson street, Dublin. 10 B

A WELL-TRAINED H. P'maid for country, Co. Meath.—Miss Clarke's Registry, 30 Dawson st.

EXPERIENCED HOUSE PARLOURMAID, capable of taking charge, two in family; cook general kept; 'bus route, 10 miles city.—8 974, this office. 13 D

PARLOURMAID, experienced, young; must be well recommended; suburbs.—158, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot Street Bridge. 12 B

WANTED, about 27th January, experienced HOUSE PARLOURMAID; two maids kept; three in family; good references essential. Apply, by letter, Mrs. Jones, Rahen House, Raheny. 11 B

WANTED well trained young H. P'maid, also H'maid.—Blackwood's, 42 Lower Mount street.

NURSES.

EXPERIENCED NANNY, good needlewoman, knitter; send copies references; state salary required.—8 909, this office. 1 B

WANTED, cheerful young Protestant, take charge of baby 12 months old, four afternoons weekly; 2 to 6.30. Fitzwilliam square.—8 953, this office.

EDUCATION, TUITIONS, ETC.

LESSONS on Piano Wanted, North side. Male teacher only.—8 898, this office. 10 B

NURSERY GOVERNESS, or experienced MOTHER'S HELP, good needlewoman and knitter; send copies references, state salary.—8 908, this office. 10 B

WANTED, experienced GOVERNESS for two girls, ages 13, R.C.; music and usual subjects. When writing please send references to Mrs. Frank Boylan, Millicent, Sallins, County Kildare. 11 C

MEDICAL, NURSING, ETC.

A—NEW Portable Radios for Hire; ideal for invalids; reasonable charges.—Buckley's, 24 Mary street. T

CHEMIST ASSISTANT REQUIRED; state age, salary, indoor and outdoor. Address "Z 4626, Chemist," this office. 11 B

WANTED for private hospital, Dublin, SISTER, Irish trained, with thorough knowledge of operating theatre, to act also as Assistant Matron; C.M.B. an advantage. Address "Z 4570, Sister," this office. 10 B

WHOLESALE and Manufacturing Chemists REQUIRE the services of a qualified CHEMIST as FACTORY MANAGER, capable of taking complete charge. Address, testing, experience, qualifications, age and salary expected "Z 4622, Chemist," this office. 11 B

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A YOUNG Man, R.C., eight years' college education, seeks any position of trust; best references and security if necessary. Address "Z 4640, Man," this office. 13 C

BOOKKEEPER, Receptionist; thoroughly experienced; highest references.—8 998, this office.

CHAMBERMAID or Stillroommaid, young, experienced; excellent references; city, suburbs.—8 957, this office.

COOK (Male), hotel, restaurant or private, long experience, disengaged.—8 947, this office. 12 D

CONTRACTOR will give advice and estimate free for all Building, Reconstruction or Alterations. Workmanship guaranteed.—8 1009, this office. 13 C

CHEF, thoroughly experienced in all branches of profession, seeks situation in restaurant or hotel; English and Continental experience.—8 870, this office. 10 X

ENERGETIC Man, 40, seeks employment, 20 years' Fitting Shop experience, can drive car, would go as Handyman or Collector, etc.; references and security.—8 942, this office. 11 B

EXPERIENCED, sensible Mother's Help or Nurse (Mullingar) disengaged; state wages. Address "Z 4633, Help," this office. 11 B

EXPERIENCED Houseman, excellent references, disengaged.—Blackwood's Reg., 42 Lr. Mount st.

GARDENER, market or private, life experience, inside and out; married. Address "Z 4580, Gardener," this office. 10 B

GENTLEMAN, expert Estate Manager, disengaged; will advise or undertake management farms or estates. Address Z 4618, Manager," this office. 11 C

GARDENER, grow indoor, outdoor vegetables, milk, look after car, generally useful; wages moderate. Address "Z 4635, Gardener," this office.

HOUSEKEEPER or General, experienced; small adult family; good references.—8 961, this office.

HEAD Working Gardener or Steward Gardener disengage married; C.I. Address "Z 4611, Gardener," this office. 11 B

HIGHLY recommended Person, long nursing experience, seeks post Nurse, Housekeeper or Companion Help to delicate lady; home modern; Address "Z 4629, Nurse Housekeeper," this office. 12 B

HOUSEKEEPER, or care old lady; domesticated.—8 965, this office.

HOUSEKEEPER or Settled General; very long references.—8 996, this office.

HOUSE steward seeks situation, private house or hotel; five years' experience; can be well recommended. Address "Z 4645, Housebuy," this office. 13 C

LADY wishes recommend capable Protestant Gardener, leaving for financial reasons after seven years; used to acting as verger and churchwarden. Address "Z 4642, Gardener," this office.

MRS. Henry Guinness wishes to recommend highly her Head Gar..., experience in Alpines, glass, fruit and general work; married one child. Inquiries, c/o Drummond Dawson street, Dublin. 11 C

REFINED young Lady seeks post as Housekeeper or Companion Help; city.—8 980, this office.

SUPERIOR young Girl, Mother's Help; good references.—8 950, this office.

USEFUL or Mother's Help disengaged; excellent references.—Blackwood's, 42 Lr. Mount street.

YOUNG Girl (Protestant) seeks post as Bookkeeper-Typist; some experience; certificate; good references; small wages (indoor). Address "Z 4609, Bookkeeper," this office. 10 B

YOUNG Protestant Couple seek post as House Parlourman and Cook General; both aged 24 years; excellent reference; Dublin or suburbs.—8 976, this office. 13 D

EDUCATION, TUITIONS (CONTINUED).

GERMAN—Beginners' course, conversation classes by expert native teacher.—8 966, this office. 13 D

LICENTIATE, Trinity College, Music, London, gives Piano Lessons, advanced or elementary; Blackrock district.—8 841, this office. 10 B

MOUNT ST. BENEDICT—All Agricultural Students who should return not later than 14th inst. For particulars of above courses apply Very Rev. J. F. Sweetman, O.S.B., Mount St. Benedict, Gorey. 9 B

M.A. (First Honours, Classics)—Grinds in Latin, Greek for Secondary and University Examinations. Address "Z 4602, Grinds," this office. 10 B

YOUNG Lady gives Tuitions; Music, French, Irish; evenings; recommended.—8 922, this office.

DOMESTICS.

A LADY highly recommends young Woman for one or two days' work weekly; good laundress, all duties.—159, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot Street Bridge.

GOOD Daily Worker, cleaning; good laundress; well recommended.—8 962, this office.

"IRISH TIMES"

EMPLOYMENT REGISTRY.

NO FEES CHARGED.

HOURS ..... 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
Saturdays ..... 10 a.m. to 1 p.m.

Matron can supply well recommended Domestics, experienced and untrained, in all capacities.

31 Westmoreland Street, Dublin.
'Phone: 76555.

HOUSE AND PARLOURMAIDS.

FIRST class P'maid disengaged; highest references.—Blackwood's Registry, 42 Lr. Mount street.

HOUSE Parlourmaid and Parlourmaid disengaged, or go under good cook or general; good references. Address "Z 4631, Maid," this office.

HOUSE Parlourmaid, highly recommended, disengaged 24th January.—R O 427, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines.

LADY recommends Girl, 23, Housemaid or House Parlourmaid.—Casserley, Canal Bank, Hide Park, Killiney, Westmeath. 12 B

NURSES.

EXPERIENCED Children's Nurse, excellent references, long experience, desires post in February.—160, Irish Times Branch Office, Baggot Street Bridge.

FARMER'S Daughter seeks post, Children's Nurse; three years' experience; needlewoman.—8 1013, this office.

COOKS AND DAIRYMAIDS.

A COOK (R.C.) wishes situation where kitchenmaid or betweenmaid is kept; Dublin or suburbs preferred. Address "Z 4634, Cook," this office.

A YOUNG Cook General; good references.—8 952, this office.

AN excellent Cook, also Cook General, disengaged.—Blackwood's, 42 Lower Mount street.

COOK General or Working Housekeeper; good papers.—8 999, this office.

COOK General or General; city, suburbs; good papers.—8 997, this office.

EXPERIENCED Cook General; suburbs preferred; very good references.—8 955, this office.

GOOD Cook disengaged, Protestant; do dairy; go country; well recommended.—8 969, this office. 13 D

LADY recommends good, trustworthy Cook; country preferred; Catholic; excellent references. Address "Z 4636, Cook," this office.

MRS. Edgar Anderson, The Orchard, Bray, recommends superior young Cook General; small family, near Dublin. 13 C

STEADY Girl, Cook or Cook General, small family; £40; well recommended.—8, Slater, Mountmellick, Rathvilly, Co. Carlow. 10 C

GENERAL SERVANTS.

A YOUNG General; good long references.—8 954, this office.

DAILY General; good cook; Sutton, Howth district; well recommended.—8 959, this office.

EXPERIENCED General (small adult family, modern house.—8 1004, this office. 13 C

EXPERIENCED General disengaged; excellent references.—Blackwood's Reg., 42 Lower Mount street.

GENERAL, experienced; city or suburbs; good references.—8 956, this office.

GENERAL, good plain cook; excellent long references.—8 963, this office.

GOOD Daily General seeks work; good long references.—8 951, this office. 13 C

SETTLED Person go as General, small adult family; well recommended.—774, Irish Times Branch Office, Dun Laoghaire. 10 C

YOUNG Daily General, city or near; experienced; good references.—8 960 this office.

KITCHEN, LAUNDRY, ETC.

LAUNDRESS desires position; five years' experience.—8 944, this office. 11 C

MUNSTER & LEINSTER BANK LIMITED

(Incorporated in Eire)

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	375,000 Shares of £5 each	£1,875,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP	375,000 Shares of £2 each	750,000
RESERVE FUND		800,000
SPECIAL RESERVE FUND		200,000

DIRECTORS.

THOMAS DENNEHY HALLINAN, Esq. | CHARLES EUSTACE MURPHY, Esq.
Rt. Hon. Sir STANLEY HARRINGTON. | WILLIAM REID OGILVIE, Esq.
JOHN MAHONY MAXWELL, Esq. | JOHN FRANCIS PUNCH, Esq.
CORNELIUS WILLIAM WALSH, Esq.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

TO BE PRESENTED AT THE

ONE HUNDRED AND TENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS,

TO BE HELD AT

THE HEAD OFFICE, SOUTH MALL CORK,

ON

FRIDAY, THE TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF JANUARY, 1941.

THE Directors herewith submit to the Shareholders a Statement of the Bank's affairs for the Half-year ended 31st December, 1940, with a copy of the Auditors' Report on the Accounts and Balance Sheet.

The Profits, after deducting Expenses, providing for Interest on Deposits, Rebate on Bills, and for all Bad and Doubtful Debts, amount to	£58,561	9 2
To which has to be added the balance from the last Account	41,508	16 6
Making a total of	£100,070	5 8
The Directors recommend the payment of a Dividend for the Half-year at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, free of Income Tax	£37,500	0 0
And after transferring to Contingencies Account	12,500	0 0
And applying in reduction of Premises Account	5,000	0 0
And placing to Staff Pensions Fund	5,000	0 0
There will remain to be carried to next Account	40,070	5 8
	£100,070	5 8

In compliance with the Articles of Association Mr. Thomas D. Hallinan and Mr. Cornelius W. Walsh, Directors, retire from the Board, and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

It will be necessary to elect Auditors for the coming year; the present Auditors, Messrs. Purtill & Company, offer themselves for re-election.

By Order of the Board.

13th January, 1941. C. W. WALSH, General Manager.

BALANCE SHEET, 31st DECEMBER, 1940

LIABILITIES.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	ASSETS.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Capital: 375,000 Shares of £5 each, £2 paid		750,000 0 0	Cash on hands and with other Bankers ...	£2,964,489 8 4	
Reserve Fund ...	£800,000 0 0		Money at Call	1,000,000 0 0	
Special Reserve Fund	200,000 0 0				3,964,489 8 4
		1,000,000 0 0	Investments:—		
Notes in Circulation:—			British and Irish Government Stocks (including Security Securities lodged with the Currency Commission as security for Consolidated Bank Notes outstanding per contra) ...	£11,635,224 8 2	
Consolidated Bank Notes outstanding	£900,000 0 0				
Less held by Bank	70,517 0 0				
		829,483 0 0			
Deposit, Current and other Accounts		25,762,857 13 2			
Profit and Loss:—					
Balance from 30th June, 1940	£41,508 16 6				
Net Profit for half-year ended 31st Dec., 1940 ...	58,561 9 2				
	£100,070 5 8				
Less Amount transferred to Contingencies Account, Premises Account and Staff Pensions Fund ...	22,500 0 0				
		77,570 5 8			
			Corporation Stocks, Railway Debenture and Preference Stocks, and Debenture Bonds	333,023 0 1	
					11,968,247 8 3
					£15,932,736 16 7
			Overdrafts against Securities, etc.	£11,325,402 12 4	
			Bills Discounted	779,371 12 3	
					12,104,774 4 7
			Bank Premises, Head Office and Branches		382,399 17 8
		£28,419,910 18 10			£28,419,910 18 10

THOMAS D. HALLINAN, STANLEY HARRINGTON, JOHN F. PUNCH } Directors.
C. W. WALSH, General Manager.

A. E. HOSFORD, Secretary.

AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE AND REPORT.

We have audited the above Balance Sheet, examined the books of the Company and obtained all the information and explanations we have required. We have verified the Cash Balances with London and other Bankers, the Investments of the Bank, and the Securities held against Money at Call. We have to report that in our opinion such Balance Sheet is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs, according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us, and as shown by the books of the Company.

9th January, 1941. PURTILL & COMPANY, Auditors.

Bills, Annuities, Coupons, and Dividends are collected in all parts of Ireland, the United Kingdom and abroad; and every kind of banking business is transacted on the usual terms at the Head Office and Branches.

The Purchase and Sale of Stocks and Shares are effected.

Strong Rooms are provided for the custody of deeds and other property deposited by Customers of the Bank.

THRIFT DEPOSITS.

Sums of 1/- and upwards received on Thrift Deposit Accounts and Interest allowed at current deposit rates. Home Safes are issued at all Branches.

INCOME TAX.

There are Special Departments at Cork and Dublin for dealing with Claims for the Recovery of Income Tax on behalf of Customers of the Bank.

EXECUTORSHIPS AND TRUSTEESHIPS.

The Bank, having the necessary powers, is prepared to undertake the offices of Executor and Trustee. Particulars of terms may be obtained from the Head Office and Branches.

Specific Articles

FOR SALE.

ALL Waterproof Covers for carts, vans, threshers, lorries; Rick Covers, Sacks, Bags; best terms.—Coleman, 21-25 Chancery street, Dublin. T

ANALYSIS Books—Largest range in Ireland; all rulings, 132 columns; 1-4 quires thick.—Hely's, Dame street, Dublin. 10 C

COVERS for ricks, carts, threshers, lorries; Tarpaulins, Sacks.—Petrie Brothers, 36 Usher's quay, Dublin. T

CHROMIUM Plating, Hall Door and Bathroom Fittings, Name Plates, Rails. We stock Chromium-plated Tubing, Stainless Steel Angle, Strip and Step Plates.—James Fox and Co., Ltd., Manufacturers, Chromium and Electro Platers, Wellington quay, Dublin. T

CHROMIUM Plating by Irish Nickel and Chromium Plating Co., Limited, 35 Westland Row, Dublin, is the most dependable. All kinds of existing and manufactured metals treated. Moderate prices. 1 X

FOR Sale, large quantities of Firewood Blocks, in half-tons or ton lots; 35/-, delivered.—John Kenny and Sons, Ltd., Harcourt road. T

FOR Sale, large quantity 3/16" and ¼" Patent Rolled Plate Glass and ¼" Wired Cast Glass, various sizes. Apply Hammond Lane Metal Co., Ltd., 45 City quay, Dublin. 10 B

MILK Filter Pads, all sizes; Separators, Churns, Can and Butter Workers; everything for your dairy obtainable from The Dairy Engineering Co., Ltd., 21 Bachelor's Walk, Dublin (near O'Connell Bridge). 7 B

TYPEWRITERS, all makes, from £4; fully guaranteed—Norman Engineering Works, Trinity street. Established 1897. 32 B

VERY Special Value—120 Sheets "Summit" Notepaper, printed your address, and 100 envelopes, 4/9, post free.—Hely's, Dame street, Dublin. 10 C

SHOOTING, SPORTING, GAMES.

GARNETT'S for Guns, Cartridge and Shooting Sundries; Long Nets for Hares and Rabbits, Purse Nets; Guns Repaired; Secondhand Guns Purchased.—Parliament street, Dublin. T

APARTMENTS AND FLATS TO LET.

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

PEMBROKE—Furnished Flat, sittingroom, 2 bedrooms, kitchenette, diningroom; linen, attendance arranged. 'Phone 63438. 10 B

PALMERSTON Park (beside), gentlemen can have select Apartments.—R O 428, Irish Times Branch Office, Rathmines. 13 C

RETURN Flat to Let, self-contained.—7 Fitzwilliam square.

SUPERIOR, self-contained Drawingroom Flat, at 43 Leinster road, Rathmines; three apartments, kitchenette, bathroom and w.c., electric light and heat; moderate. Particulars, Ryder, Upper Baggot street. 10 C

SPLENDID Self-contained Flat to Let, 66 Rathmor road. Can be seen Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, between 4 and 5.30 o'clock. 10 B

SELF-CONTAINED Flats and Maisonettes, Furnished and Unfurnished, for Letting, all districts, city and suburbs. Apply Prim Bros., 21 Dawson street. T

SELF-CONTAINED Furnished Flat, nicely situated overlooking Park, Dun Laoghaire. Address "Z 4625, Flat," this office. 11 C

SELF-CONTAINED Garden Flat to Let, Rathmines district.—8 985, this office.

TO Let, in country house, eight miles Dublin, Furnished Bedroom and Sittingroom, Kitchenette and use of kitchen.—8 1002, this office.

UNFURNISHED Flat, bath, etc.—2 Mellifont avenue, Dun Laoghaire. Seen any time. 13 D

4 LARGE Rooms, 2 small, Furnished/Unfurnished, 17 miles from Dublin; in large farm house. Address "Z 4643, Rooms," this office. 13 C

30 HATCH street—Comfortable Bedrooms, good catering, cosy; suit visitors or permanent. 10 B

46 UPPER Mount street—Hall Flat, self-contained, Furnished, Unfurnished. Seen 3-5.

APARTMENTS AND FLATS WANTED.

COMFORTABLE, Furnished Flat required 1st February by young married couple; give full particulars and state lowest terms.—8 975, this office. 13 D

ELDERLY Lady requires Front Bed Sittingroom, use Dinnerroom, Full Board, near Catholic church; North side preferred; moderate terms; particulars.—8 1005, this office.

RETIRED officer requires Bed-Sittingroom, with Board, Dun Laoghaire, Sandycove, Dalkey or Glenageary (not on sea front). Address "Z 4286, Bed-Sittingroom," this office. 13 C

UNFURNISHED Flat, two rooms, bathroom, kitchenette, Pembroke, Bagpot, Waterloo roads; rent moderate.—8 975, this office.

WANTED comfortable, furnished, self-contained Flat, Kingstown, Sandycove; adults.—8 945, this office. 12 B

WANTED, central or South suburbs, Furnished, Self-contained Flat, containing two bedrooms, sittingroom, etc.; rent about £12 monthly.—"Rent Agency," 6 Nassau street; 'phone, 62250.

SHOOTING, SPORTING, GAMES, CONTINUED.

GUNS, Secondhand, Wanted to Buy; hammerless and hammer.—Keegan, Inns quay, Dublin. 11 F

SALMON Fishing to Let, Co. Dublin, 5/- per rod per day, or consider letting full rights for February, March, April. Address "Z 4639, Fishing," this office. 13 C

WANTED.

OLD GOLD WANTED.

Also Electro-Plate, Sheffield Plate and Silver, Highest Prices Paid.

ORGEL, 35 NASSAU ST.

B.S.A. Air Ride, powerful, wanted immediately; full details.—8 981, this office.

DRY Filling Wanted. Apply on site.—Pearon, Cabra Housing Scheme. 13 D

WANTED, quantity Contractor's Picks and Shovels, also Steel Barrows, capacity three to four cubic feet, rubber wheels preferred; state quantities available and price.—8 972, this office.

WANTED, 300 lbs. of Tea, cash and carry. Address "Z 4630, Tea," this office.

PRAMS.

ALL Cash and Easy Payment Orders for Prams and Folders sent carriage paid; Cots, Mattresses, Moses' Baskets, Pillows, Rugs, High Chairs, Play Pens, etc., always in stock.—Stevens (established 1896), 8 Aston's quay, 244 Rathmines road, 171 North Strand.

A GOOD Pram is essential to your baby. Write for our Illustrated Catalogue T., including Moses' Baskets, Cots, Bedding, High Chairs, Play Pens, etc.; keep cash prices or easy payments. Repairs a speciality.—The Baby Carriage Co., 129 Stephen's Green, Dublin. T

BARON'S Prams are cheaper for cash or terms. Write for catalogue.—1 North Earl street, Dublin. T

MISCELLANEOUS.

AT Reasonable Prices—Pictures Artistically Framed; Pictures and Mirrors.—Waddington Galleries, 28 South Anne street and 19 Nassau street. T

ABDOMINAL Belts Artificial Limbs, Elastic Stockings, Kneecaps, Anklets, Jock Straps, Suspensory Bandages, Trusses, Ladies' Sprays, Enemas, Douches, Syringes, Braces for Correcting Stoop and Round Shoulders. All Surgical Requisites. Cheapest house in town. Catalogues.—Dublin Medical Stores, Fownes street (off Dame street). T

ANTISEPTIC Electrolysis Removes Hair permanently without mark. Consultations free.—Miss Read, Certified Specialist, Second Floor, 4 Dawson street. Hours: 10-5. Telephone, 43833. X

BARNARDO'S—Famous for Furs. Boleros and Capes in grey-caie squirrel, shaded coney; suitable day or evening wear, 55/-. See windows.—Grafton street, Dublin. T

MALCOLM wishes You and Yours a Happy and Prosperous New Year. 10 C

MALCOLM will meet you at any time to give Advice on Painting Matters. 10 C

MALCOLM and Co., Contractors, 24 Eden quay, Dublin. 'Phone 44501. Free Estimates. 10 C

MANUFACTURERS of Stirrup Pumps. Inquiries invited.—A.R.P. Supplies, 4 Lower Kevin street. 'Phone, 62672. 7S 23

THE Dublin Ladies' Symphony Orchestra is active preparation. Those desirous of membership should apply, Secretary, 30 Westland Row. 11 C

THE Lord Jesus Christ: There is none other name under heaven given amor men, whereby we must be saved.—Acts 4:12

THE only risk with Millonia Mattresses is making a career of sleep.

WALPOLES offer very dainty, new design Art Silk Tablecloths, 1¼ yards square, blue, green or gold; price 8/11 each. 10/- orders post free.—Walpoles, Dundrum street, Dublin. T

FOR FURTHER SMALL ADVTS.

SEE PAGE 1.

OTHER STOCK EXCHANGES

BELFAST.—3½ p.c. War Loan, 103; 3½% 103½; 4% Ulster 4½ p.c., 103½; Northern Bank 4-4, 68½; Great Northern Railway Guar., 33; do. Pref., 7½; Imperial Chemicals, 30/1½; M. Cuthbert Ord., 40/3; White Tomkins and Courage Ord., 34/- bid.

CORK.—Second National Loan, 111½; Third Loan, 110; Exchequer Bonds 106; 4½ p.c. Land Bonds, 111½; Conversion Loan, 104½; War Loan, 103; Bank Stock, 283; Great Southern Pref., 10½; do. Guar., 27½; Grosham Hotel, sellers 33/-; Guinness Ord., 70/3; John Power Deb., 19/1½; Sunbeam Wolsey Pref., buyers 27/3, sellers 27/6.

DUBLIN BANKS' CLEARING

Week ended Jan.	£	Last year.	Decrease.
11, 1941	6,199,000	6,564,800	£365,800
Two weeks to same date	14,963,100	18,209,300	3,257,200

DUBLIN

FUNDS AND RAILS CHEERFUL

SELECTIVE BUYING IN PROGRESS

Markets made a bright start on the Dublin Stock Exchange yesterday, but support was mostly of a selective nature with the result that certain groups claimed most attention. Home Funds were in demand, while Home Rails and Tramway issues took a fresh upward turn.

The Second National Loan gained 10s. and Financial Agreement Loan hardened to 104, while Exchequer Bonds made headway to 106. 4½ per cent. Land Bonds added a fraction, and the 4 per cent. Bonds were raised 10s. to 105½. The Third Loan fell away to 110, and 4 per cent. Conversion Loan eased to 104⅜. 3½ per cent. War Loan held steady, but Banking issues were almost neglected.

There was good buying of Guinness units and they closed 1s. higher at 70s. 3d. Home Rails presented an active and strong appearance. Great Southern Pref. improved to 10½ and the Guaranteed spurted 2½ points to 27½. Great Northern Guaranteed advanced appreciably to 35, and the Deb. jumped a point to 55¼. Dublin Tram Ord. came into demand and gained pence at 12s. 6d. Alliance Gas Ord. recovered a shade to 21s. 7½d., but Kapp and Peterson Pref. fell 1s. 6d. to 5s. 6d., Sunbeam Wolsey Pref. eased to 27s. A number of Irish Industrials changed hands at steady levels.

Changes in British Industrials were small and irregular. Coats Ord. moved up to 30s., but Imperial Tobacco Ord. slipped back to 99s. 6d. Imperial Chemical Ord. held 29s. 9d., Vickers Ord. were dealt in at 15s. 4½d.

OFFICIAL QUOTATIONS

*Odd .ot. a asked. b bid. c cash.
(Previous prices in parentheses.)

GOVERNMENT FUNDS.

5 p.c. Second National Loan .....(110¾) *111¼
4½ p.c. Third Loan .....(110½) 110
Do. Deed .....(110) *109¾
4 p.c. Conversion Loan .....(105) 104⅝
Do. Deed .....(104¾) *104⅝
3¾ p.c. Financial Agreement .....(103⅞) 104
4 p.c. Exchequer Bonds .....(105½) *106
4½ p.c. Land Bonds .....(111) 111¼
Do. (under £200) .....(110¾) 111
4 p.c. Land Bonds .....(103) 103⅛ 3½
Do. (under £200) .....(102) 103¼
2½ p.c. Consols .....(77⅛) 77⅛
3½ p.c. War Loan .....(103) 103

CORPORATION STOCKS.

Dublin Port and Docks 4 p.c. .....(98½) 98½

BANKS.

Bank of Ireland .....(282) 282
Munster and Leinster .....(95/-) 94/- x.d. a
Provincial Ord. .....(33/-) 31/6 x.d. b

BREWERIES AND DISTILLERIES.

Guinness Ord. .....(69/3) 70/3
Power Deb. .....(19/11½) 19/11½

SHIPPING.

Coast Lines 6 p.c. Pref. .....(12/-) 10/3
Grand Canal Pref. .....(85/-) 85/-

TELEGRAPHS.

Cable and Wireless Ord. .....(57) *57⅜
Do. Pref. .....(92½) *95½

RAILS, TRAMS, AND GAS.

Great Northern Pref. .....(8) *8
Do. Gtd. .....(53⅝) *35
Do. Deb. .....(54½) 55½
Great Southern Pref. .....(10) 10½
Do. Gtd. .....(25) *27½ 7½
L.M.S. Ord. .....(15⅝) 15⅝
Do. 4 p.c. Gtd. .....(8) 7¾
Arg. Great Western 5 p.c. Deb. 20¾
Dublin Tram Ord. .....(12/-) 12/6
Alliance Gas Ord. .....(21/6) 21/7½

IRISH INDUSTRIALS.

Clondalkin Paper Ord. .....(5/9) 5/9
Dublin Artisans Dwellings .....(11) 11
General Textiles Ord. .....(10/-) 10/-
Hely's Ord. .....(43/-) *43/-
Irish Tanners Ord. .....(7/9) 7/9
Irish Wire Products Ord. .....(16/6) 16/-b
Do. Pref. .....(19/6) 19/6b 20/-a
Kapp and Peterson Ord. .....(2/6) 2/6
Do. Pref. .....(7/-) 5/6
Sunbeam Wolsey Pref. .....(27/3 *27/-

BRITISH INDUSTRIALS.

Ang. Iranian 9 p.c. Pref. 26/-
Bankers Investment Trust Def. 7¾
British Plaster Board Ord. *13/4½
Brown (John) Ord. 25/7½
Coats (J. and P.) Ord. .....(29/6) 30/-
H. and C. Stores 15 p.c. Pref. 38/-
Imperial Chemical Ord. .....(29/9) 29/9
Imperial Tobacco Ord. .....(100/-) *99/6
South African Breweries Ord. 106/-
Vickers Ord. .....(15/-) 15/4½

IRISH BANKS' RATE

Irish Banks' rate (changed Oct. 26, 1939)... 3 %
Loans on Government Stocks transferred..... 3½%
Deposits under £2,000 ..... 1 %
Deposits of £2,000 and over 1½%
The foregoing rates are subject to variation.

FOOD AND PRODUCE MARKETS

CATTLE.

MERKLANDS.—1,649 Irish cattle and 2,072 sheep were landed during the week. The cattle were made up of 719 from Belfast, 196 from Derry, 607 from Dublin and 127 from Cork. Of the total, 311 were classified fat stock and slaughtered by the Food Ministry. The remainder were stores. 873 sheep arrived from Belfast and 1,199 from Derry.

GRAIN.

THE BALTIC.—WHEAT—Demand slow to develop and Canadian grades easier. The following are f.o.b. quotations:—No. 1 Northern Manitoba (St. John-Halifax) second half March 33/6, first half April 33/7½, second half April 33/8; do. Vancouver first half Jan. 27/-; No. 3 do. 26/3. No. 1 Canadian Western, Garnet, first half Jan. 24/6; No. 2 do. 24/1½; No. 1 Northern Manitoba (Baltimore) first half Feb. 32/9, second half Feb. 32/10½, first half Feb. 32/11½; No. 2 do. first half Feb. 32/-, second half Feb. 32/1½, first half March 32/4½; Australian (bulk) Jan.-Feb. 26/-, new crop do. 27/-; Rosafe 63½lb. new crop Jan.-Feb. 20/3 per 480lb. BARLEY dull. Plate 64-65 kilos Jan.-Feb. 8/8 per 400lb. MAIZE dull. Plate Jan. 12/-; No. 2 white flat African (bulk) Jan.-Feb. 17/-; No. 3 also No. 5 do. 16/9; No. 6

THE HIBERNIAN BANK LIMITED.

INCORPORATED IN IRELAND.
ESTABLISHED 1825.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, 500,000 SHARES OF £4 EACH, £2,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL ..... £500,000 RESERVE FUND £740,000

DIRECTORS:
MARTIN FRANCIS MAHONY, Chairman.
JAMES FREDERICK BOYDELL. | CHARLES MARTIN O'KELLY.
HENRY JOSEPH CAMPBELL. | STAMFORD HEARN ROCHE.
THOMAS VINCENT MURPHY. | GEORGE ROCHE, General Manager.

AUDITORS:
KEAN & CO., Chartered Accountants, 30 Westmoreland Street.

HEAD OFFICE—37 COLLEGE GREEN, DUBLIN.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS OF THE HIBERNIAN BANK LIMITED, to be submitted to the Shareholders at their Ordinary General Meeting to be held on MONDAY, the 27th day of JANUARY, 1941, at One o'clock in the afternoon.

The Directors submit to the Shareholders the annexed Balance Sheet as at 31st December, 1940, with relative Profit and Loss Account for the half-year to that date, and a copy of the Auditors' Report thereon.

	£	s.	d.
After providing for rebate on bills, interest on deposits, bad and doubtful debts and contingencies, the net profits for the half-year amount to	£52,034	19	10
To which has to be added:— Balance of undivided profits from last Account	28,072	15	1
	£80,107	14	11
The Directors recommend that the balance available be applied as follows, viz.:— In payment of a dividend for the half-year at the rate of ELEVEN per cent. per annum, subject to deduction of Income Tax	£27,500	0	0
In reduction of Bank Premises Account	5,000	0	0
To next Account	27,607	14	11
	£80,107	14	11

The Reserve Fund remains at £740,000.

The Directors retiring by rotation are MR. HENRY JOSEPH CAMPBELL and MR. THOMAS VINCENT MURPHY. They are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies (Consolidation) Act 1908, it will be necessary for the Shareholders to elect Auditors for the ensuing year. MESSRS. KEAN & COMPANY, the present Auditors, offer themselves for re-election.

By Order of the Board,
GEORGE ROCHE,
General Manager.

Dublin, 9th January, 1941.

N.B.—The Dividend will be payable on and after MONDAY, the 3rd proximo. Shareholders are requested to notify the Secretary of any change of address.

Dr. BALANCE SHEET, 31st DECEMBER, 1940. Cr.

LIABILITIES.	£	s.	d.	ASSETS.	£	s.	d.
To Capital, viz., 500,000 Shares of £4 each—£2,000,000; amount paid up, £1 per Share	500,000	0	0	By Cash in hand and with Bankers	1,791,084	11	1
„ Reserve Fund	740,000	0	0	„ Investments—viz., War Loan, National Loans, and other Government Stocks (including Stock lodged with the Currency Commission by way of Security for Consolidated Bank Notes outstanding, as per Contra)	4,539,217	19	3
„ Consolidated Bank Notes outstanding £250,000 0 0				Corporation Stocks, Railway Debenture Stocks and other Securities ...	163,205	11	8
Less: Held by the Bank 46,451 0 0	203,549	0	0		£6,493,508	2	0
„ Deposit, Current, and other Accounts, including Interest due on Deposits	10,776,790	18	10	„ Bills Discounted, Advances on Current Accounts, Loans, etc., after deducting provision for Bad and Doubtful Accounts	5,932,560	16	5
„ Sundry Agents	39,997	1	10	„ Sundry Agents	22,161	11	7
„ Rebate on Bills Discounted not at maturity	3,645	15	5	„ Bank Premises and Furniture (Head Offices and 56 Branches), at cost, less amounts written off	155,860	1	0
„ Profit and Loss Account ...	80,107	14	11				
	£12,624,090	11	0		£12,624,090	11	0

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT
For Half-year ended 31st December, 1940.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
To Expenses of Management, including Directors' Fees (£2,000), Salaries, Pensions and Allowances, Bonuses and Grants to Staff, Rents, Rates, Repairs, Revenue Taxes and all other outlay	126,323	14	3	By Balance from last Account...	28,072	15	1
„ Dividend to be paid in February, 1941, subject to deduction of Income Tax £27,500 0 0				„ Gross Profit for Half-year, after providing for Rebate on Bills, Interest on Deposits, Bad and Doubtful Debts and Contingencies...	158,358	14	1
„ Bank Premises Account 5,000 0 0							
„ Balance to next Account 27,607 14 11							
	60,107	14	11				
	£186,431	9	2		£186,431	9	2

AUDITORS' REPORT.

We have obtained all the information and explanations we have required in the course of our examination in detail of the foregoing Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet.

We have verified the Investments. Their market value as on 31st December, 1940, is in excess of the amount at which they stand in the Balance Sheet. We have also verified the Cash and Bills in hand at the Head Office.

The Balance Sheet is, in our opinion, properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us, and as shown by the Books of the Company and the Certified Returns from the several Branches.

KEAN & COMPANY, Chartered Accountants, Auditors.

Dublin, 9th January, 1941.

MARTIN F. MAHONY,
JAMES F. BOYDELL,
HENRY J. CAMPBELL, } Directors.

GEORGE ROCHE, General Manager.

FEAR OF HEAVIER BRITISH SELLING

WALL STREET MARKET DISTURBED

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

NEW YORK, Monday.

The Stock Market shuffled hesitantly and irregularly to-day. The trend was undecisive, and many operators were on the side lines with the stimulus of business news failing and the growth of caution pending the Congressional battle over the bill for aiding Britain. The further requisition of British-owned securities in London was somewhat disturbing in view of the possibility of stronger selling pressure from that source.

The turnover of 470,000 shares comprised 775 issues, of which 245 advanced and 326 declined. The market opened quiet but firm, with the under tone buoyed by the excellence of business prospects and indications of Balkan resistance. Trading, however, turned lethargic during the morning. Rails, Steels and Utilities occasionally moved fractionally higher in the afternoon. Motors made no response to last week's record production of cars and heavy sales. The magazine *Steel* says that first quarter production is sold up, and that the bulk of current sales is for the second quarter, with the price at the time of shipment.

Many issues were inclined to sag in the final hour, and the close was barely steady.

	Mon.	Sat.
Call Money	1%	1%
London Cables	4.03⅛	4.03⅛
Montreal Cables	4.69⅛	4.69⅛

Parity.	STOCKS.	Closing Bid Mon.	Sat.
415/16	Baltimore and Ohio	4	4⅛
415/16	Canadian Pacific	3⅞	3⅞
82/3	Louisville and Nashville	66½	65¾
16 13/16	N.Y. Central	14⅝	14¾
262 11/16	Norfolk and W. Common	212	213
26¼	Pennsylvania	24	24
17 15/16	Reading	14½	14
11⅛	Southern Pacific	9	9⅛
16 5/16	Southern Railway	13⅛	13⅝
103 7/16	Union Pacific	83½	85
	INDUSTRIALS.		
201 15/16	Allied Chemical	163	163¾
—	American Locomotive	—	—
—	American Metal	—	—
114 15/16	American Can	92¾	93½
65¼	American Smelting	44⅛	44½
207⅜	American Tel. and Tel.	167⅛	167¼
39 1/16	Anaconda Copper	26½	26⅝
108 1/16	Bethlehem Steel	87½	87⅞
—	Case (J. I.)	—	—
79 5/16	Chrysler Corp.	69¾	70
179 5/16	Eastman Kodak	139½	140
43 1/16	General Electric	34⅜	34¾
59 3/16	General Motors	47⅜	47⅝
31⅛	International Nickel	25¾	26⅛
3 1/16	Do. Tel. and Tel.	2¾	2¾
44¾	Kennecott Copper	36½	35¾
5 7/16	Radio Corporation	4¾	4¾
14⅞	Shell Union	11⅛	11⅜
29⅛	U.S. Rubber	23½	23⅝
85¼	U.S. Steel Common	68½	68⅝
160 5/16	Do. Preferred	129¾	129½
42¼	Woolworth	34⅜	34⅛
—	Silver Com. Bars	34¾	—
6 3/16	Brazilian Traction	5	5
10 15/16	B.A. Tobacco Coupon	9¼	9
	BONDS.		
—	U.S. Treasury 3½% '46-56	—	—
14¼	7% German External Loan	11½	—

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE

Exc. Equiv.		Closing Bid Mon.	Sat.
178¾	Bell Tel. (Canada)	158	158
9 1/16	Brazilian T.L. and P.	7¼	7¼
—	B.C. Power "A"	—	25½
1⅛	Do. "B"	1.25	1.25
10⅜	Canadian Car and F.	9½	10⅜
25⅞	Do. Preferred	25½	27¼
22⅜	Canadian Celanese Com.	22	22
21 5/8	Do. Pref.	192¼	122¼
136¾	Canadian Cement	6	6½
6¾	Canadian Pacific	5⅞	5⅞
6¾	Cockshutt Plow	5	5
6¾	Con. M. and Smelt.	39¼	39
42¾	Distillers' Seagrams	26½	26⅝
29¾	Dom. Textiles	—	79
—	Imperial Oil	10½	10
11⅝	Imperial Tobacco (Canada)	13⅛	—
14 3/16	International Nickel of Canada	26¼	25⅞
40⅛	International Petroleum	15⅛	15½
17⅝	Massey Harris	3½	3⅝
2¾	Montreal Light and Heat	22⅝	22⅝
99	National Brewers	26½	26½
99⅞	National Steel Car	27½	27½
41 5/16	Power Corp. (Canada)	5⅛	5¾
6⅜	Quebec Power	13½	—
15¾	Shawinigan Water	16¼	16
10¼	Southern Canadian Power	10	10
11⅝	Steel Co. of Canada	69	67
77 1/16	Hollinger Mines	127⅝	127⅝
14 1/16	Noranda Mines	58	57½
69⅜	Bank of Montreal	191	190
91 13/16	Canadian Bank of Commerce	160	—
179	Royal Bank of Canada	195	195
184⅝	CURB PRICES.		
—	Hiram Walker	44½	44¾
21¼	Lake Shore Mines	19	19
55⅝	McIntyre Porcupine	49¾	48¾

† Ex dividend.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKETS

Wheat steady, 1½c. down to 1c. up. No. 1 Northern Manitoba, spot, c.i.f. New York, 87⅛; No. 2 Manitoba, spot, c.i.f. New York, 86½; No. 2 hard winter, spot, c.i.f. New York, 109; No. 2 red winter, spot, 108¾. **Maize** steady and unchanged. Western No. 2 mixed, spot, 79½. **Oats** steady, 1¼c. down. No. 2 white, per 36lb., c.i.f. New York, 51⅝. **Rye** steady and unchanged. **Barley** steady, 9c. lower. No. 2 New York, all growths Federal Inspected, 67⅝. **Flour** steady and generally unchanged. **Lard** firm, 22½ to 15 points up. Prime Western steam loose, spot (cents per lb.), 6.37½; Middle West, ditto, 6.15-6.25. **Petroleum** steady. Mid - Continent crude, 36 degs. Baume at well, per barrel, 102 cents; Pennsylvania crude (barrel at well), lower price 112 cents, representing corning crude; higher price 215 cents, representing Bradford and Allegheny. **Burlaps** steady. Hessian cloth, light weight, 6.15; heavy weight, 8.15. **Tallow** steady. Spot extra loose, 5; spot special extra, 4⅞; spot in tierces, 5¼. **Cottonseed Oil** firm. **Shellac**—T.N. 16. **Turpentine** (bulk basis)—Spot 47 (barrel). **Tin** quiet and unchanged. **American Standard Copper** steady, 5 points up. Closing options—March 11.15-11.20; May, July, September, October 11.15-11.20. **Coffee** on spot closed steady, with both Rio and Santos unchanged. **Cocoa**—Futures closed barely steady, but 4 to 2 points up. January 4.99, March 5.06, May 5.13, July 5.19. **Sugar** on spot closed steady and unchanged at 2.95. In futures the new contract closed very steady at 2½ points to half a point higher. The old contract closed steady, with prices generally unchanged. **Cotton** on spot closed 6 points down at 10.53 (nominal). Futures opened barely steady at 3 to 6 points lower. The market closed barely steady at 9 to 4 points down. At New Orleans spot closed 5 points lower at 10.22 (nominal). Futures opened 5 points to 1 point down, and finished 8 to 3 points lower. **Rubber Futures** (No. 1 contract) — January and March 20.00, May 19.90, July 19.77, September 19.62, October 19.57, December 19.47. Outside prices—First latex thin crepe, spot, 20 buyers; smoked ribbed sheets, spot, 20 buyers, 20¼ sellers; February-March 20 buyers; April-June 19½ buyers, 20 sellers.

WINNIPEG GRAINS

Wheat closed steady, but at generally 1c. lower. May 77⅝, July 79¼. **Oats** steady, 1¼c. up to 1c. down. May 34⅞, July 33¼, October 31⅝. **Rye** steady, 1c. to 2c. down. May 50⅛, July 50⅝. **Barley** steady and unchanged to 1c. down. May 45¼, July 43⅝. **Linseed** barely steady, 1½c. to 2¼c. down. May 150⅝, July 150¼, October 150⅛.

CHICAGO MARKETS

Wheat closed steady at 1c. to 1¼c. higher, No. 2 hard winter spot, 91. Closing options—May, 87⅞; July, 82¼; September, 82⅝. **Maize** closed barely steady and unchanged to 1c. lower. **Oats** closed barely steady. May, 36⅝; July, 32⅞; September, 31¼. **Rye** closed barely steady. May, 47⅝; July, 48⅝; September, 49⅞. **Lard** closed firm. Prime Western steam loose spot, 5.77½. January, 5.27½; March, 6.65; May, 6.85; July, 7.00. **Bacon**—Vat backs, 8.25. Dry-salted bellies—Spot, 11.50; January, 11.25. **Hogs** firm. Lightweight, 7.80 to 8.00.

FUNERALS

SIR JOHN LAVERY

The remains of Sir John Lavery were interred yesterday in Mount Jerome Cemetery, Dublin. They had been removed from Rossenarra House, Kilkenny, and brought by train to Kingsbridge, whence the funeral took place to the cemetery.

When the coffin had been placed in the vault the final prayers were said by the Most Rev. Dr. Fogarty, Bishop of Killaloe.

The chief mourners were:—Mrs. J. McEnery (step-daughter), Mr. J. McEnery (son-in-law); Mrs. K. Clenaghan (Belfast), Miss Patricia Clenaghan, Messrs. Edward and Seamus Clenaghan (relatives), and Miss Fitzgerald (secretary to the late Sir John).

In deference to the wishes of the family, the funeral was private, but among the sympathisers and friends present were:—The Rev. J. Leonard, C.M., All Hallows; Captain Sean Brennan, representing An Taoiseach; Mr. W. T. Cosgrave, T.D.; Mr. Justice O'Byrne, Mr. Dermod O'Brien, President of the Royal Hibernian Academy; Mr. Leo Whelan, R.H.A., Mr. James Sleator, R.H.A.; the Rev. Fr. Senan, O.F.M.Cap.; the Rev. Fr. Frederick, C.P.; the Rev. Fr. Coleman, C.P.; the Rev. Fr. Edmund, C.P., Mount Argus; the Rev. P. Cahill, C.C., Ennis; Senator D. Fitzgerald, Alderman A. Byrne, T.D.; Alderman P. S. Doyle, T.D.; Mr. A. Byrne, jun., T.D.; Mr. Joseph Brennan, Chairman, Currency Commission; Mr. Ernest C. Hayes, Mr. Donal O'Cahill, Colonel C. F. Russell, Mr. F. F. Bacon, Mr. J. P. O'Reilly, Dr. J. Boyd Barrett, Captain H. St. George Harpur, P. Reeves Smyth, and John F. Kelly, Curator, Municipal Gallery of Art.

MR. G. FREDERICK LONG

The funeral of Mr. G. Frederick Long, "Osborne," Mulgrave terrace, Dun Laoghaire, took place yesterday to Mount Jerome Cemetery. The Service at the funeral, which was strictly private, was conducted by Rev. Canon Chamberlain, B.D., assisted by the Rev. F. Mitchell, B.A.

Mr. Long died at a private nursing home in Dun Laoghaire after a very brief illness. He was widely known in Dublin business circles as a land agent, and was owner of the old-established agency of J. Vaughan and Sons, of Dublin and Athlone. He was for many years a member of the Select Vestry of the Mariners' Church, and took a very deep interest in the welfare of the parish.

The following relatives were present at the graveside:—Messrs. R. C. Marks (son-in-law), E. A. Wilkinson (brother-in-law), J. Frederick Hall, M.A., and E. A. H. Wilkinson (nephews).

Among those also present were:—Messrs. R. L. Marks, Ernest Marks and J. Malcolmson.

A Demonstration of Producer Gas at Messrs. Autocars, Ltd., Fenian street, yesterday.

IRISH BANK REPORTS

MUNSTER AND LEINSTER

The report and balance sheet of the Munster and Leinster Bank for the half-year ended 31st December, 1940, appear in our columns to-day.

The net profits for the past six months amount to £58,561, a figure which compares with £66,434 for the half-year ended December, 1939, and with £59,614 for the six months ended last June. With the balance carried forward from the last account the amount available for distribution is £100,070, and the directors recommend a dividend for the half-year at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, free of income tax, the transfer of £12,500 to contingencies account, and the reduction of bank premises by £5,000, and the placing of £5,000 to the staff pension fund, leaving £40,070 to be carried forward to the next account.

Deposits and credit balances stand at £25,762,857, as compared with £24,589,234 a year ago, and £24,430,613 at the end of June, 1940. Advances to customers at £12,104,774 compare with a total of £11,778,258 in December, 1939.

Cash on hands at the end of December amounted to £2,964,489, and this sum, added to cell money of £1,000,000, brought the bank's cash holding to £3,964,489, as against £3,101,444 a year ago. Investments in Government stocks and other gilt-edged securities are given at £11,968,247, and the bank's liquid assets accordingly amount to £15,932,736, a figure which represents 59.9 per cent. of the bank's entire liability to the public.

The half-yearly meeting of the shareholders will be held at the Bank's Head Office, South Mall, Cork, on Friday, the 24th inst., at 1 p.m.

The principal items in the last three balance sheets are appended:—

	December, 1939.	June, 1940.	December, 1940.
	£	£	£
Net Profit	66,434	59,614	58,561
Dividend	*5½ p.c.	*5 p.c.	*5 p.c.
To contingencies	15,000	12,500	12,500
To Premises	5,000	5,000	5,000
To Staff Pensions	5,000	5,000	5,000
Brought in ...	41,709	41,894	41,508
Forward	41,894	41,508	40,070
Capital	750,000	750,000	750,000
Note circulation	832,393	855,884	829,483
Reserve	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000
Deposits	24,589,234	24,430,613	25,762,857
Cash and Call	3,101,444	3,159,768	3,964,489
Investments ...	11,994,906	14,566,697	11,968,247
Bills Discounted	828,828	843,677	779,372
Advances	10,949,429	11,324,886	11,325,402
Premises	380,163	380,244	382,400
Total Assets..	27,254,772	27,115,506	28,419,910
Proportion of Liquid Assets to Bank's liabilities to the public...	55.5%	53.1%	57.6%

*Tax free (actual).

HIBERNIAN BANK

Net profits of the Hibernian Bank, Ltd., for the half-year to December 31, 1940, were £32,034, which compares most favourably with £33,341 for the previous six months, and with £33,602 for the corresponding period of 1939. These and other figures are disclosed in the report and balance sheet published in this issue.

The half-yearly dividend has been maintained at the rate of 11 per cent. per annum, less tax; £5,000 written off premises, and £27,607 carried forward. More notes are in circulation than at this time last year, the figure being £503,549, against £498,937. Investments are lower than a year ago, and so are bills discounted and advances.

On the other hand, deposits have risen from £10,658,164 in December, 1939, to £10,776,790 at the end of last month. The proportion of liquid assets to the bank's liabilities to the public is 57.6 per cent., against 53.1 per cent. in June last, and 55.5 per cent. in December, 1939. Cash, at £1,791,084, is over £570,000 greater than six months ago, and compares with £1,166,060 at this time a year ago.

The meeting is being held at the Head Office, College Green, Dublin, on January 27, 1941, at 1 p.m.

The figures compare as follows with those for the two previous half-years:—

	Dec., 1939.	June, 1940.	Dec., 1940.
	£	£	£
Net Profits ...	33,602	33,341	32,034
Dividend per annum	11 per cent. less tax.	11 per cent. less tax.	11 per cent. less tax.
To Reserve ...	—	—	—
„ Premises ..	7,500	5,000	5,000
Brought in ...	28,629	27,231	28,072
Forward	27,231	28,072	27,607
Paid-up Capital	500,000	500,000	500,000
Reserve Fund..	740,000	740,000	740,000
Notes in Circulation	498,937	523,221	503,549
Deposits, &c..	10,658,164	10,516,156	10,776,790
Cash	1,166,060	1,220,321	1,791,084
Investments ...	5,031,488	4,551,522	4,702,425
Bills Discounted, Advances	6,111,541	6,258,320	5,952,560
Premises	160,842	158,060	155,860
Total Assets...	12,495,863	12,187,921	12,624,090
Proportion of Liquid Assets to Bank's liabilities to the public...	53.5%	53.1%	57.6%

NORTHERN BANK PROFITS

The Northern Bank, Ltd., has declared a dividend for the past half-year at the rate of 9½ per cent. per annum on the "A" shares and at the rate of 4¾ per cent. on the "B" shares, both less income tax.

This makes a total distribution for 1940 on the "A" of 9½ per cent. actual (against 10 per cent. for 1939) and on the "B" 4¾ per cent. actual (against 5 per cent. actual).

The net profit for the year was £65,819, compared with £70,721 for the previous year.

GROWS 300 ACRES OF WHEAT

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

DUNDALK, Monday.

"I am growing three hundred acres of wheat this year, and I would like to grow another 300 acres if the land was available." This statement was made by Mr. J. P. Kearney, of Cooley, County Louth, at a meeting of the County Louth Agricultural Committee in Dundalk to-day, when reasons for growing more crops—especially wheat, oats and potatoes—were given.

Senator James T. McGee (Chairman), one of the largest tillage farmers in the county, said that Louth farmers were going to do even more than they had done, though, in proportion to its size, Louth grew more wheat than any other county in Ireland. Great help to the farmers in the growing of more wheat could be given if the Government could devise a plan whereby credit facilities would be available to wheat-growing farmers at so much per acre of wheat grown, and by making available to men who had been growing an increasing amount of wheat in the last six or seven years all the artificial manures possible.

Mr. Kearney said that his experience was that wheat was easier to save than oats, and the fear of not being able to save it should not frighten any Irish farmer.

The Chairman said that if the Government could not institute a credit scheme for wheat growing, it should be possible for the agents for the purchase of the wheat to arrange the credit as against the growing crops.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

WASTE PAPER COLLECTION

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—Will you permit me, through the courtesy of your columns, to point out, on behalf of the waste paper collection for the St. John Ambulance Brigade, that, owing to petrol restriction, it will be impossible for us to send out empty sacks in cars to supporters, as we have been doing for the past six months.

Messrs. Duan and Co., Mr. C. Wall and Messrs. Findlater and Co., Ltd., will, however, continue to leave and collect sacks, as will various groups of Boy Scouts who have kindly offered their services in various districts.

In addition to this, a store of empty sacks will be kept at the addresses given below, where friends who wish to help us may call and register their names for collection.

Messrs. Findlater and Co., Ltd. (all branches);
Messrs. Flood, Terenure;
Messrs. Martin Murphy, 4 Terenure road, East;
Messrs. Walkers, Rathfarnham;
Mrs. Randel, Fairways, 9 Landscape road, Rathfarnham;
Miss Levingston, 44 Rathdown Park, Terenure;
Mrs. H. Leask, 418 Harold's Cross road, Terenure;
Miss Moore, 65 Orwell road, Rathgar;
Mrs. T. G. Moorhead, 23 Upper Fitzwilliam street;
Mrs. A. Johnson, 12 Leeson Park;
Mrs. P. L. Dempsey, 45 Ailesbury road;
Miss Maeve Marnan, 9 Clyde road;
Mrs. McClelland, 18 Palmerston Park, Rathmines;
Mrs. R. E. Y. Hale, Riverside, Frankfort Park, Dundrum;
Mrs. G. Robinson, 15 Belgrave square, Monkstown;
Mrs. B. Lambkin, Fern Hill, Dalkey;
and at the Brigade Hall, 66 Great Strand street.

Further offers of such centres would be greatly appreciated.

The amount collected to date is £252 1s. 4d.

—Yours, etc.,
HILDA J. NOLAN, Hon. Organiser.

The St. John Ambulance Brigade in Ireland, 66 Great Strand street, Dublin, January 13th, 1941.

IRELAND'S SUPPLIES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I wish through the columns of your paper to explain that as An Dáil is meeting on Thursday next—the day of the meeting of farmers—it is impossible for me to even acknowledge the numerous letters I have received on this matter. After consultation with all available members of the Executive I wish to say that the conference will take place as advertised, and it is hoped that all who can possibly attend will attend.

In the circumstances I have addressed the following letter to An Taoiseach:—

"DEAR TAOISEACH,—

"*RE* FOOD SUPPLY.

"In my letter of the 8th inst. I respectfully requested that you summon the Dáil to consider this urgent matter.

"I wish to thank you for your prompt acknowledgment of the 9th inst., in which you stated 'that a further communication regarding the matters referred to therein will be addressed to you at an early date.' It would appear from this acknowledgment that you had then contemplated the summoning of An Dáil, and on the 10th inst. I received the summons to the Dáil, as well as a further letter from you, in which you stated that it was being summoned to consider a motion by Deputy Cosgrave, 'That the Dáil is of opinion that the Government should define the probable future situation in regard to essential supplies and indicate what steps are contemplated for their equitable distribution in the event of acute shortage developing.' While this is a very useful motion to survey the present position, it does not propose doing anything about the all-important matter of increasing food production. This was the matter I raised in my letter to you on the 8th inst., and it is in connection with this matter that the farmers have taken action throughout the country.

"The farmers are alarmed that the date fixed for the meeting of An Dail is the date and hour at which they had convened the National Conference to consider the food situation.

"I have consulted with all available members of the Farmers' Executive, and I am desired on their behalf to inform you that the farmers, as already publicly stated, are prepared to produce the necessary food for man and beast conditional on their being guaranteed adequate remuneration and adequate credits, and to further extend the area under wheat conditional on a minimum price of 50s. per barrel.

"Motions covering those matters have been handed in by me to the Ceann Comhairle for consideration by Dail Eireann.

"I am desired on behalf of the farmers to request that, in appointing business to be considered on Thursday next, the three motions handed in by me should be included in such business."—Yours, etc.,

P. BELTON.

Belfield Park, Drumcondra, Dublin, January 13th, 1941.

THE BOOK OF KELLS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—The statement that Victoria wrote her name in the Book of Kells is made in my play by Ryan, the reporter, who merely gives expression to a current belief. If Ryan had been a scholar he would probably have known that Victoria "wrote her name on a new piece of parchment which was afterwards inserted into the binding of the Book." But Ryan's error (which is in character) seems to me to be a trifling one in comparison with the real and appalling error of taste and of scholarship committed by whomever allowed Victoria's name to appear in the Book of Kells at all.—Yours, etc.,

ROGER MCHUGH.

Dublin, January 13th, 1941.

A CORRECTION

TO THE EDITOR OF THE IRISH TIMES.

SIR,—I wish to point out that the Final Freshman Examination and the Junior Sophister Term Examination will occur on the 14th January and the 17th January respectively, and not, as stated by me in your issue of Saturday last, 11th January, on the 13th and 16th January.—Yours, etc.,

YOUR TRINITY COLLEGE CORRESPONDENT.

Trinity College, Dublin, January 12th, 1941.

OPPORTUNITY FOR YOUNG GIRL VOCALISTS

A new contest to encourage talented young girl vocalists is announced by the Carlton Cinema, Dublin. In conjunction with the showing of "A Little Bit of Heaven," on January 31st, featuring Gloria Jean, the thirteen-year-old star with the wonder voice, the Carlton management are sponsoring a Gloria Jean contest, open to girl vocalists ranging in age from twelve to twenty years. Handsome prizes will be awarded, and a chance for winning fame on the stage and on the air. Entries close on Saturday, January 18th.

OBITUARY

MAJOR JAMES D. BARRY

We regret to announce that Major James D. Barry, one of the most noted all-round sportsmen in Ireland, died on Sunday last at his residence, Ongar, Clonsilla, County Dublin, aged eighty-five.

Eldest son of the Right Hon. C. R. Barry, a former Lord Justice in Ireland, and Kate, youngest sister of Lord Fitzgerald of Kilmarnock, he went to Woolwich, and subsequently entered the British Army. He served with the Royal Horse Artillery from 1876 until 1880, when he was appointed A.D.C. to the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. After spending four years with Lord Spencer (who was Lord Lieutenant at the time), Major Barry re-joined the Army, to take part in the South African campaign, where he was mentioned in despatches and was awarded a medal with three clasps. As a result of his service in South Africa he was promoted major. When the last Great War broke out Major Barry was one of the first men to land in France, having embarked with the 1st Expeditionary Force in August, 1914, as

major in the 5th Royal Lancers. He served with distinction with his regiment at the front, and was appointed to the Headquarters Staff of the 55th Division in France in 1916.

Major Barry travelled in many parts of the world, but wherever he went his chief preoccupation was sport. He was always fond of horses, and there is hardly a county in England in which he did not ride to hounds. In this country he hunted with the Meaths, with the Ward Union, and at times with the Kildare Foxhounds. In his younger days he rode many winners, and was considered one of the best riders of his day, both on the flat and over fences. He was also a keen polo player, and while in the Army was often seen at the Phœnix Park. He often told how he was playing polo in the Park on the day of the Phœnix Park murders. As a cricketer, too, he excelled in his early days, and always was accounted a good shot.

It is possible, however, that his predilection was for yachting. He was said to be one of the greatest yachting experts in the British Isles. Certainly, he spent a lot of his time at the sport, having sailed many well-known yachts, including the White Heather. He sailed also on one of the famous Shamrocks. His interest in yachting was expressed in his association with the Royal St. George Yacht Club, Dun Laoghaire, of which he was one of the oldest members. He was a member of the Royal Cork Yacht Club and a member of the Kildare Street Club for upwards of sixty years, and of St. James's Club in London.

In the last five or six years he went in for the breeding of horses at his stud at Clonsilla, from which came several good winners. Up to the last he maintained his interest in horses and only a short time ago could have been seen at the hunt.

Major Barry married, in 1895, the Hon. Florence Madeleine, daughter of the 4th Baron Clanmorris and widow of the late John Pollock, Ballinasloe. He was the stepfather of Mr. A. P. Pollock and of Lady Gowrie, wife of the Governor-General of Australia.

THE REV. A. W. JOHNSTON, LL.D.

The death of the Rev. Alfred Wade Johnston, M.A., LL.D., formerly rector of Richhill and Canon of Armagh, occurred suddenly on Sunday evening at his residence, 40 Osborne Drive, Belfast. He was aged seventy-four. Dr. Johnston retired two years ago, and had been in failing health for some time. He was the son of Mr. William Johnston, of Strokestown. He graduated B.A. in Dublin University in 1888 and took his M.A. four years later. He later took the degrees of LL.B. and LL.D. He was ordained in 1889. He was curate at Carlingford in 1889, and, having been appointed to Annaghmore (1891) and Creggan (1894), he took up the charge of Richhill in 1903. He was treasurer of Armagh and had been a member of the General Synod of the Church of Ireland since 1907. He is survived by his wife and by his brother, the Archdeacon of Glendalough.

MR. FREDERICK C. WRIGHT

Mr. Frederick C. Wright, manager of the Royal Avenue (Belfast) Branch of the Northern Bank, died suddenly yesterday at his residence, 25 Harberton Drive, Belfast. Mr. Wright had a serious illness last year, but made a good recovery, and had returned to his duties. He was aged fifty-eight. A native of Coleraine, he was educated at the Bangor Grammar School. He entered the service of the bank in 1901, and had served in various branches before being appointed to the Royal Avenue Branch nine year ago. In his youth he was an able gymnast, and had played Rugby for the Collegians. He was a member of the Portrush and Malone golf clubs. He was also an enthusiast in sailing, and at one time owned a yacht of the Jewel class. Mr. Wright is survived by his wife, and a son and a daughter.

MR. H. N. MULRONEY

We regret to announce the death, which occurred yesterday morning, of Mr. Henry Nelson Mulroney. Mr. Mulroney, who was born in Wexford, was for many years Secretary of Mineral Waters Distributors, Ltd., and during a long business career in Dublin his ability and outstanding probity earned for him the deep respect of all who came into contact with him. His passing will be mourned not only by his widow and children, but also by his many friends and acquaintances.

MAJOR-GENERAL J. J. RUSSELL

The death occurred at Dun Laoghaire, County Dublin, on Sunday last, of Major-General John Joshua Russell, C.B., late of the British Army Medical Service. Major-General Russell, who was born in 1862, qualified at Dublin University in 1885 with the degrees of M.B., B.Ch., and joined the Royal Army Medical Corps with the rank of captain in the following year. He was promoted major in 1898, and served in South Africa in 1900 and 1901, being awarded the Queen's Medal and two clasps. He became a Lieutenant-Colonel in 1906 and Colonel in the Army Medical Service in 1915. During the last war he served as Assistant-Director of Medical Services, and later as Deputy-Director; he was mentioned twice in despatches and was awarded the C.B. in 1916. Major-General Russell retired from the Army Medical Service in 1922.

Swiss imports and exports both showed an increase in December as compared with the preceding month, but imports were in excess by nearly a million sterling.—(Reuter.)

"I'm knitting my way to a Prize in the Wolsey Knitting Competition"

PUBLIC AMUSEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
8 — ONCE NIGHTLY — 8
MATINEES:
Wednesdays and Saturdays, 2.30.
JIMMY O'DEA in
"BABES IN THE WOOD,"
By HARRY O'DONOVAN.
REDUCED PRICES FOR CHILDREN AT MATINEES.
Two Booking Offices Now Open—
Daily, 10 a.m. to 9 p.m.

OLYMPIA.
6.40 ..... TWICE NIGHTLY 9.0
"40 THIEVES,"
With FRANK O'DONOVAN,
DICK FORBES JIMMY HARVEY.
MATINEE SATURDAY, AT 2.30.

ABBEY THEATRE AT 8.15.
Second Week of
"TRIAL AT GREEN STREET COURTHOUSE."
By ROGER McHUGH.
Box Office, 10.30 to 6 p.m. ..... 'Phone 44805.

GATE EDWARDS—MacLIAMMOIR.
NIGHTLY, at 8.
LAST WEEK OF SEASON!
"SNAPDRAGON."
Box Office—10.30—7. 'Phone—44045.

THE DUBLIN REPERTORY COMPANY.
PEACOCK THEATRE.
"CANDIDA,"
By BERNARD SHAW.
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. Prices, 1/6 and 2/-.

METROPOLE TO-DAY, AT 2.30, 4.40, 7.0, 9.20.
ROSALIND RUSSELL,
BRIAN AHERNE,
VIRGINIA BRUCE, in
"HIRED WIFE."

GRAFTON Continuous from 2 to 11.
To-day at 2, 4.30, 7.5, 9.35.
GORDON HARKER—ELIZABETH ALLAN, in
"SALOON BAR."
Also GEORGE FORMBY in "KEEP FIT."

CORINTHIAN.
JANE WITHERS and GENE AUTRY, in
"SHOOTING HIGH." At 2.35, 5.2, 7.29, 9.56
Also BILL BOYD, in "THE SHOWDOWN."
At 3.49, 6.16, 8.43.

THEATRE DE LUXE
Dublin's Super Cinema...3.30-11.0...Camden Street.
Walter Brennan, Fay Bainter, Brenda Joyce, John Payne, "Maryland," in Glorious Technicolour.
AT 4.29, 6.59, 9.29.

QUEEN'S. PANTO. at 3 o'clock, 5.45, 8.45.
"RED RIDING HOOD."
1/6, 1/4, 1/-, 8d. Box Seats 3/-. Children's Mat. Daily, 9d., 6d., 4d. Also NOVEL FILM at 2.30, 5.15, 8.15.

ASTORIA
DUN LAOGHAIRE ..... 3—10.30.
"SAPS AT SEA,"
With LAUREL AND HARDY. Also
"LITTLE TOUGH GUYS IN SOCIETY,"
With DEAD END KIDS.
COMING MONDAY NEXT:
"REBECCA."

MISS ISOLDE WHITEHEAD
(A.I.S.T.D.),
WILL RESUME BALLROOM CLASSES
TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY); 15th JANUARY,
At the STUDIO, 11 SOUTH LEINSTER STREET,
And on THURSDAY, 16th JANUARY, at
BEWLEY'S CAFE, GRAFTON STREET.
Particulars from DUGORT, TERENURE ROAD, E.
'Phone—95553.

SCHOOL OF DANCING.
MISS MARJORIE LYNDON
(A.I.S.T.D.),
18 LINCOLN CHAMBERS, LINCOLN PLACE,
HAS RESUMED ALL CLASSES FOR SPRING TERM.
Particulars on application.
BALLROOM DANCING CLASSES EACH MONDAY AND WEDNESDAY EVENING, AT 8 o'clock.
Telephone—62673. (Private—92349.)

GOVERNMENT NOTICES

COIMISIUN NA STAT-SHEIRBHISE.
POSITION VACANT—
TEMPORARY LAW CLERK.

Application Forms for, and full particulars of, a vacancy in the Land Commission for a Temporary Law Clerk may be obtained free from the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, 45 Upper O'Connell street, Dublin.

MAXIMUM AGE LIMIT: 50 years.
SALARY: MAN: £4-£5 a week, inclusive.
WOMAN: £3 10/0-£4 10/- a week, inclusive.

Candidates must have had at least 6 years' experience in the general practice of a Solicitor's office.

LATEST DATE for receiving completed application forms—21st January, 1941.

15/B. 1457. W.H.C.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE GOODS OF
GASPAR NICOLLS,
Deceased.

Pursuant to the 22nd and 23rd Vict., Cap. 35, entitled "An Act further to amend the Law of Property and to Relieve Trustees" Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming to be Creditors, or to have any claims or demands upon or affecting the Estate of the said Gaspar Nicolls, late of Casilla No. 370, Oruro, Bolivia, Contractor, who died on the 16th day of June, 1940, are hereby required to furnish the particulars (in writing) of such claims or demands on or before the 25th day of January, 1941, to the undersigned Solicitor for the Administrator, to whom Letters of Administration, with Will annexed, were on the 10th day of January, 1941, granted forth of the Principal Probate Registry of the High Court of Justice, Eire. And Notice is hereby further given that after the said 25th day of January, 1941, the said Administrator will distribute the Assets of the said Deceased according to the rights of the parties interested having regard only to the claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice.

Dated 13th day of January, 1941.

R. W. MAXWELL, Solicitor for said Administrator, 15 Eden quay, Dublin.

CONTRACTS.

CORPORATION OF DROGHEDA.

LORRIES WANTED

The Corporation of Drogheda invite Tenders for the Purchase of 2 Second-hand 30-Cwt. Petrol-driven Lorries in good condition; sound tyres and mechanical order; constructed not earlier than 1938. Full particulars of Lorries and where they can be inspected, with minimum sale price, to be addressed to the Presiding Chairman, and endorsed "Tenders for Lorries," to reach the undersigned not later than 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 20th instant.

By Order,
J. CARR, Town Clerk.
Town Clerk's Office, Courthouse, Drogheda,
14th January, 1941.

DUN LAOGHAIRE BOROUGH CORPORATION

PROPOSED NEW PUBLIC LIBRARY AND DOMESTIC SCIENCE SCHOOL AT DALKEY.

TENDERS INVITED

Tenders are hereby invited from experienced Contractors for the Construction of a Building for the joint purposes of a Public Library and Domestic Science School at Carysfort road, Dalkey, in accordance with Plans and Specification prepared by Mr. Manning Robertson, M.R.I.A.I., F.R.I.B.A., and which can be obtained on application at the office of the Borough Surveyor, Town Hall, Dun Laoghaire, or from the Architect at 10 Raglan road, Dublin.

Applications should be accompanied by a deposit of £2 2/-, which deposit will be returnable on receipt of a bona fide Tender not subsequently withdrawn.

The Corporation shall not be bound to accept the lowest or any Tender, and the provisional acceptance of a Tender shall be subject to the approval of the Ministers for Local Government and Public Health and for Education. The accepted Contractor with his Sureties will be required to enter into a Contract under seal and to furnish a Bond to be approved by the Corporation's Solicitor, guaranteeing the due performance of the contract. The Bond shall be that of a recognised Insurance Company, Guarantee Society or Bank.

Completed Tenders (which must be on the official Form which will be supplied with the documents above-mentioned) should be enclosed in sealed envelopes endorsed "Tender for Public Library and Domestic Science School" and addressed to the undersigned. They will be received up to, and not later than, 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 27th January, 1941.

(Signed) T. C. O'MAHONY,
Borough Manager and Town Clerk.
Town Hall, Dun Laoghaire,
14th January, 1941.

FOR SENDING ABROAD TO FRIENDS the Best Irish Paper is the "WEEKLY IRISH TIMES." Price Twopence.

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Introducing MENELINO'S LIONS, BERTRAM MILLS' PONIES.
Sea Lions, Crazy-Comical Clowns, World's Smallest Midget, Hawaiian Acrobats, Wild West Cowboys, Gymnasts, Equilibrists, Tumblers, The Sensational Gangland Exposé!
ROGER PRYOR, LUCILLE FAIRBANKS.
"FUGITIVE FROM JUSTICE."

REGAL ROOMS CINEMA. At 2.45, 4.59, 7.15, 9.30.
RETAINED SECOND WEEK.
DEANNA DURBIN
IN
"SPRING PARADE."

SAVOY AT 2 o'c., 4.36, 6.52, 9.18.
A SURGING DRAMA OF COURAGEOUS LOVE!
Robert TAYLOR, Vivien LEIGH,
in "WATERLOO BRIDGE,"
With VIRGINIA FIELD, C. AUBREY SMITH.
ALBAN CHAMBERS AT THE ORGAN.

CAPITOL TO-DAY, at 2.20, 4.39, 6.58, 9.17.
RETAINED
RONALD COLMAN; GINGER ROGERS, in
"LUCKY PARTNERS."
FRIDAY NEXT:
JOAN CRAWFORD and FREDERIC MARCH, in the Screen's Most Brilliant Emotional Drama,
"THE GAY MRS. TREXEL."

ASTOR TO-DAY, at 2 o'c. 11 o'c. CONTINUOUS.
JOHN BOLES and ANN HARDING in
"THE LIFE OF VERGIE WINTERS."
Matinee Prices: 1/4 and 2/-.

CARLTON SHOWING AT 2.40, 4.55, 7.10, 9.25.
"THE WAY OF ALL FLESH."
With AKIM TAMIROFF.
—"No flaw in it."—"Irish Press."
ENTER THE GLORIA JEAN CONTEST FOR GIRL VOCALISTS—AGES 12-20.

THE GREEN TO-DAY, 2.30, 4.50, 7.10, 9.25.
PAUL MUNI.
"THE LIFE OF LOUIS PASTEUR."
RESTAURANT OPEN 11 A.M. TO MIDNIGHT.

REGENT CINEMA, BLACKROCK.
EDDIE CANTOR in
"FORTY LITTLE MOTHERS"

ADELPHI SHOWING AT 2.10, 4.26, 6.42, 8.58.
"VIRGINIA CITY,"
With
ERROL FLYNN,
MIRIAM HOPKINS,
HUMPHREY BOGART, RANDOLPH SCOTT.
The Mightiest Drama in the History of a Nation Lives Again!

PUBLIC NOTICES.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, DUBLIN,
SESSION 1940-'41.
LECTURES IN CATHOLIC THEOLOGY.
The Lectures will be continued during Hilary Term, commencing 16th January, 1941, At 8 p.m., in the
PHYSICS THEATRE, EARLSPORT TERRACE,
By Rev. Dr. KISSANE,
Who will deliver a Course of Lectures.
Subject:
"THE ACTS OF THE APOSTLES."
The Lectures will be continued each Thursday during the Term, at 8 p.m.
The Lectures are Open to the Public.

INTERCESSION FOR PEACE.
A MEETING, OPEN TO THE PUBLIC, FOR PRAYERS FOR PEACE IS INTENDED TO BE HELD IN THE
FRIENDS' MEETING HOUSE,
6 EUSTACE STREET, DUBLIN,
TO-DAY (TUESDAY) FROM 1 TILL 1.30 O'CLOCK.

"I always send my best things to
IMCO"
—FILTRATION CLEANING
—of course.
Imco, Cleaners and Dyers, Dublin.
New 'Phone No. 63112.

The Irish Times

TUESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1941.

James Joyce

For twenty years the fiercest literary controversy of modern times has been raging round the figure of James Joyce; and now he has died, an exile in Zürich. Opinions always will differ regarding the quality of his work; but, whatever may be said of him, it must be admitted that Joyce probably was the most important English prose-writer of the present century. His place in the history of English prose will be greater than that of Yeats in the history of English poetry; for Joyce had an influence on world literature that Yeats never had, and his influence was the result of a single book. James Joyce was an Irishman of the Irish. He also might be described as the complete Dubliner. Although he had not set foot on Irish soil for more than twenty years, he hardly ever wrote a line that was not steeped in the atmosphere of his native city; and even in that queer, incoherent, unintelligible rigmarole of formless fantasy, "Finnegans Wake," one almost can smell the tang of the Liffey on every page. If Joyce never had written "Ulysses," he must have ranked among the Irish masters of English prose. Even at a time when the Irish literary movement was at the height of its flowering—when Yeats and Synge, O'Sullivan and Colum, Stephens, Moore and the rest were producing much of their most notable work, "Dubliners" and "The Portrait of an Artist" attracted immediate and respectful attention. Here, indeed, was an artist in words—a writer who, with the delicate touch of a musician, could create an atmosphere, or evoke a mood in a few sentences, even in a few words. "Chamber Music" revealed Joyce as a poet as well as a writer of beautiful prose, and in years to come these early works will bear witness to the genius of their author. Inevitably, and very properly, Joyce's contribution to the world's literature will be judged by "Ulysses," one of the most remarkable books ever written. It has been hailed as a work of consummate genius, fit to be included in the first rank of the masterpieces of human thought. It has been condemned as a crude essay in pornography, unworthy of an Irish writer, the product of a diseased mind, and fit to be read—if, indeed, it could be read at all—only by persons as depraved as the author himself. The fact is that "Ulysses" has had a bigger influence on contemporary literature than any other single work of modern times. It has been translated into most of the cultivated languages—including Czech. Virtually every prose-writer of the last twenty years, certainly every novelist, has been influenced to a greater or less extent by this astonishing book, which, whatever may be its faults or its crudities, is a magnificent monument to the Dublin of thirty-five years ago—a monument, *aere perennius*, which will survive while the English language is spoken. It is easy to exaggerate the position of Joyce in world literature; to place him, as so many of his less intelligent admirers seek to place him, on the pinnacle that is occupied by the immortal few. It is far easier to howl with the wolves, as the Germans say; to spurn Joyce as a decadent, as a pervert, even as a kind of literary anti-Christ. Ireland in modern times has produced some outstanding men of letters. Yeats, Shaw and Moore, to mention only three, have towered above their contemporaries; but we venture to predict that, when the cold, searching light of literary history is brought to bear upon them, none of them will survive the ultimate test more brilliantly than James Joyce. We print to-day tributes to Joyce's memory by Irishmen who knew him well even in his later days. They all agree that he had a passionate love for this country, and, above all, for his own city of Dublin. Like so many other Irishmen—like Yeats—this wayward, yet gentle, genius has died in a foreign land at a moment when the very foundations of culture seem to be rocking. His death will be mourned by men of letters throughout the civilised world; of Ireland's attitude towards one of its most highly-gifted sons it may be said, as it has been said so often in the past, "a prophet is not without honour save in his own country, and in his own house."

A Million Acres More

The Minister of Agriculture cannot complain of too much leisure in these days. He is saddled with a formidable task—to place an additional million acres of Irish land under tillage—but we have little doubt that he will succeed. The Irish farmer is nobody's fool. He is perfectly well aware that the country's supplies of imported food have been curtailed severely by the war, and that the burden of its provisioning has devolved upon his shoulders. He will recognise that, while the task is arduous, it can be performed, and will be well rewarded. Undeniably, there are obstacles. The majority of "large" farmers have come to depend upon artificial manures, imported from far-off countries, to maintain the fertility of their soil; and, to judge by the tone of Dr. Ryan's successive speeches, it seems to be certain that these fertilisers, scarce already, will be unobtainable henceforward. The farmers, in the circumstances, must learn to do without them—as their ancestors did without them. Let us repeat that an appeal is being made not only to their self-interest, but to their patriotism. Unless they are prepared to place that additional million acres of land under cultivation, the country almost inevitably will find itself face to face with starvation. The first necessity is wheat; for, of all the foods that are essential to European humanity, wheat is the chief. It is not by any means the easiest to grow: not so long ago, in fact, there were people who refused to believe that it could be grown at all, but experience has proved them wrong, and there is little reason why the extra acreage should not be provided in time. After wheat in importance come oats, barley and potatoes—of which the Minister calls for a further half-million acres—for the maintenance of live-stock. If these commodities once are provided, the nation, at least, can dismiss any fear of immediate hunger, and will be in a sound position to confront any dangers that may assail it. For many years Mr. de Valera and his Ministers called for the breaking-up of the land of Ireland; their cry was tillage, tillage, tillage, and their hope was thereby to render the country independent of many imports from abroad and to reduce its adverse balance of trade. What they regarded as a *doctrinaire* necessity has become a matter of life and death. In those days of peace there was, at any rate, no danger of hunger; however meagre might be the farmers' response to an appeal for wheat, it always was possible to import wheat by the shipload. The ships no longer are available; neutral vessels cannot enter these waters except at their deadly risk; British vessels cannot be spared, because the few of them that are not ear-marked for the transport of war material to Great Britain must carry food for her own forty millions, whose shortage is even more acute than ours. For the first time, perhaps, in hundreds of years, this country is thrown back upon its own resources. We believe that it can meet the challenge; but success—indeed, even survival—will call for co-operation, loyalty and hard work on the part of every farmer. Does anybody doubt that he will prove himself equal to the demand?

Silk from Kelp

Nearly every man of science has his pet ideal, and this country's *savants* are no exception to the general rule. Professor Dillon, of University College, Galway, for instance, has been talking with enthusiasm for quite a number of years now about the possibility to manufacture "silk" stockings, underwear, and a huge variety of other articles out of the very ordinary sea-weed which grows in such profusion all round our shores. Nobody, we regret to say, has paid him more attention than would arise out of common curiosity, although on several occasions he has demonstrated at public lectures the silk fibres which he had manufactured in Galway. On Saturday last he spoke again on the subject—on this occasion to a society in Cork, and there is a double possibility now that something may be done. In the first place, there is a demand for artificial silk at the present time such as never has existed before; and, in the second place, Corkmen are the least likely people in the world to let such an opportunity slip by unexploited. We regret that we ourselves cannot speak with any authority on Professor Dillon's product, but we feel that a man of his standing hardly could have maintained his enthusiasm for it and have continued to preach its virtues for so long unless it does possess very definite virtues. If, indeed, artificial silk stockings can be produced satisfactorily out of sea-weed, then there is no shortage of raw material in Ireland, and a potentially wealthy industry has been neglected. As every woman knows, a ban has been placed on the manufacture of silk stockings in Great Britain as part of the country's war economy, and there has been a considerable flutter of feminine alarm that the unglamorous woollen stocking might be forced back into general use. There has been a greater *furore*, indeed, about the passing of the silk stocking than about the shortage of butter, bacon, beef, tea, or any other at least equally essential article. It is difficult to realise that silk stockings were unheard of by the average woman until about twenty years ago; and there has been considerable speculation from time to time about how women managed to exist at all in any degree of comfort before the silk stocking was invented or became generally available. However, silk stockings have "arrived," and, despite the over-worked silk-worm, they certainly are going to stay if human ingenuity can provide any reasonable substitute. The question is: what substitute is most readily available in the restricted circumstances of war-time? Perhaps, Professor Dillon has the answer. As we say, there is no shortage of sea-weed, and if Ireland could blossom out at this moment as a producer of good artificial silk, the industry not only would be assured of an unfaltering demand for its products, but it would be doing an immense service to many thousands of silk-hungry women.

A Parisian Problem

There is a way out of every difficulty, and the people of Paris seem to have found one way out of the difficulty of food shortage. Naturally, they would not wish to confine their diet to a small list of unpalatable foods, easily obtainable and necessary to life; to do so would be to endanger the reputation for well-prepared and tasty dishes, which they have held for so long. Rather than resign themselves to a monotonous *menu* of necessities, these ingenious people have decided to take matters into their own hands and themselves satisfy their demands. When they felt that the shortage of poultry was becoming acute, a large number of chicken-coops began to appear, unobtrusively at first, all over the town. When rabbits first began to disappear from the *menus*, rabbit hutches were seen on the roofs of houses, and caused much consternation until people discovered what they were. This is an excellent idea, and unless the cocks take to crowing in the early hours of the morning there could be no possible objection to it. Unfortunately, however, the Parisiennes are not content to confine this system to rabbits and hens, and its scope recently has been extended to include pigs. For some time past there has not been sufficient pork in the country for the needs of the population, and the people decided to remedy this little deficiency in the same way in which they had settled the others; but there is a great deal of difference between keeping a rabbit on one's roof and keeping a pig in one's back garden. Beef is scarce in the country, too, and many of the more pessimistic Parisiennes are afraid that their rural-minded neighbours will apply their admirable system to the want of beef also, and that soon they will be faced with the constant dread possibility that there may be a bull on the other side of the garden wall. Accordingly it has been necessary to frame a law which states that it is forbidden to raise a pig in Paris, even in one's own garden. In other Seine departments, however, it is possible to raise one pig if its squeals do not annoy the neighbours, and in all other departments of occupied France permission to raise two pigs will be given. It seems likely that occupied France soon will resemble the average Englishman's idea of Ireland, but there may be some subtle differences. If all that one hears is true, the average Frenchman is inordinately fond of frogs, and one would not find a bowl of tadpoles in an Irish house. At least, if such a bowl existed there it would be intended for the delight of one of the younger members of the family rather than as food in cold storage. However, frogs—or, indeed, slugs—are by no means so nourishing as pigs, and the law in regard to pigs leaves a great deal to be desired in one respect. Surely it is more important to a hungry nation that the pig should grow into a healthy piece of pork than that the neighbours should be able to listen to their radios uninterrupted by squeals from next-door.

ON THE WIRELESS

IRISH PROGRAMME

6.30—Light Music. 6.40—Stock Exchange, Sports Results, Official Announcements. 6.45—News. 7.0—Light Music and Vocalists. 7.40—Irish Radio Orchestra (Conductor, Lieutenant Michael Bowles) and Sam Mooney (Baritone): Waltz Memories and Ballads. 8.40—Danta Mora Gaedhilge. 8.50—Ireland is Singing. 9.0—Barrack Variety relayed from Portobello Barracks, Dublin. 10.0—News. 10.30—"Sweet and Low."

B.B.C. PROGRAMME

7.0—Time, News, Records. 7.30—Exercises. 7.50—Records. 7.55—"Lift Up Your Hearts." 8.0—Time, News. 8.15—Talk on Food. 8.20—Quintet. 8.50—Records. 9.20—Orchestra. 10.5—Schools. 10.15—Time, Service. 10.30—King-Dins of Comedy (20). 10.45—Talk on Food. 11.0—Schools. 12.0—Orchestra. 12.30—Family Album. 12.40—Kitty Masters. 1.0—Time, News. 1.15—American Commentary. 1.30—Duets. 1.50—Schools. 3.0—Dance Music. 3.30—J. M. Barrie Play. 4.0—Songs featuring "her" name. 4.30—Mozart Programme. 5.0—News and Children's Hour (in Welsh). 6.30—Children's Hour. 8.0—Time, News. 8.30—News (Norwegian). 8.40—"Sign Post." 8.50—Light Music. 7.30—Scottish Programme. 8.0—Piano Recital. 8.30—"Helter-Shelter." 9.0—Time, News. 9.20—To-night's Talk. 9.35—"Think on These Things." 9.40—"Chatham." 10.20—Dance Cabaret. 10.45—Short Story. 11.0—Dance Music. 12.0—Time, News.

FORCES PROGRAMME

6.30—Records. 7.15—Time, News, Records. 10.15—Welsh Songs. 10.30—Octet. 11.0—Time, Anniversaries. 11.15—Dance Music. 12.0—Theatre Organ. 12.15—News (French). 12.30—Records. 1.0—News (Dutch). 1.15—Comedy Show. 2.0—Records. 2.30—Theatre Organ. 3.0—B.B.C. 3.30—Light Music. 4.0—B.B.C. 4.30—Theatre Organ. 4.45—Records. 5.15—News (German). 5.30—"Making The Best Of It." 5.45—John Hilton. 6.0—News (Dutch, French). 6.30—"Air Log." 6.40—Pantomime. 7.5—News (Australia). 7.15—Dance Music. 8.0—Band. 8.30—B.B.C. 9.0—News (German). 9.20—Adelphi Theatre Memories. 10.0—Time, Theatre Organ. 10.30—B.B.C. 10.45—Records. 11.0—Close down.

COURT AND PERSONAL

FROM THE *COURT CIRCULAR*.

BUCKINGHAM PALACE, Monday.

The Viscount Halifax (His Majesty's Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary designate at Washington) had an audience of the King this morning.

The Viscount and Viscountess Halifax subsequently had the honour of being invited to luncheon with Their Majesties.

The King received Mr. Harry Hopkins this afternoon.

The Right Hon. Winston Spencer Churchill, M.P. (Prime Minister and First Lord of the Treasury and Minister of Defence), had an audience of His Majesty.

Mr. Charles Peake had the honour of being received by the King, when His Majesty invested him with the insignia of a Companion of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George.

The Duke of Kent has arranged to visit Manchester and district in the near future.

The Marquess of Crewe celebrated his eighty-third birthday on Sunday last.

The Marquess of Dufferin and Ava has returned to Clandeboye, Co. Down, from England.

Lord Gorell, who is suffering from influenza, is making satisfactory progress.

Lady Newall, wife of the Governor-General designate to New Zealand, was the guest of honour at the luncheon given in London last week by the New Zealand Women's Society.

Mrs. Frank Aiken, wife of the Minister for Co-ordination of Defensive Measures, is chairman of the committee in charge of the arrangements for the Red Cross Ball, which will take place to-night in the Gresham Hotel, Dublin.

The funeral of Sir Percy Cunynghame took place privately last week at Buckminster, near Grantham. The Rev. H. Ward officiated.

Comte de Fleury is at present in New York.

Miss Joy O'Rorke is at present in British East Africa.

Mr. Jim Wallace won a race at Durban on Saturday with Lugnamedon, an Irish horse, formerly the property of Sir Harold Gray.

Miss Vivien Dillon, the well-known actress with Longford Productions, has left Dublin for England, where she will pay a short visit to her brother.

The marriage arranged between George N. Eames, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Eames, 22 Sycamore road, Mount Merrion, and Irene Joan Delany, daughter of the late M. G. Delany and Mrs. Delany, 29 Victoria road, Rathgar, will take place this week.

The engagement is announced between Frederick J. Lloyd, of Auburn avenue, Donnybrook, youngest son of the late Owen Pennefather Lloyd and Mrs. Lloyd, and Freda, daughter of Owen O'Neill and the late Mrs. O'Neill, Greenrath House, Tipperary.

In Switzers Model Gown Dept., all Day and Evening Gowns, Two and Three-piece Ensembles, and smart Tailormade Costumes are now offered at substantially reduced Sale Prices.

Enquire from Mitchell's, of Grafton street, they offer reduced terms for Bridge Parties, Exhibitions, etc., etc., during January and February. 'Phone 44795, 6, 7, 8.

Your opportunity—Arnott's Sale.

Leaders of Fashion in all Spectacle Wear.—Dixon and Hempenstall, Grafton street.

Slim-fitting Tailored Tweed Coat in greenish shade for 3½ gns., at Slyne's Sale, 71 Grafton street.

Last few days of Sale—Stephens & Bourke, Ltd., 26 Stephen's Green and branches.

Miss Dodd, of Bray, at her wedding, wore an attractive Two-piece in Moonbeam Blue. The Frock had a softly shirred Bodice, and was topped by a short Boxy Coat. By Marjorie Boland, 86 Grafton Street, Dublin.

Marjorie Boland, 86 Grafton Street, Dublin, is showing Outstanding Bargains in Winter Coats, Suits, and Wool Frocks. Attractive New Afternoon Frocks from 1½ guineas.

Model Fur Co.'s Winter Sale of Coats, Capes, and Foxes. Remodelling, etc., a speciality.—51 Grafton Street.

Ladies' Costumes or Coats Tailored to your order.—Bryson, 3 Church Lane (off College Green). 'Phone 22935.

Sharpley's. Specialist. Baby Linen. Nursery, Accouchement Sets. Price List—2 Nassau St., Dublin

FROM "THE TIMES"

(BY SPECIAL ARRANGEMENT.)

RUSSIA AND GERMANY

In a leading article to-day, *The Times* deals with the fresh agreement between Soviet Russia and Germany. It says:—Soviet policy has been dominated since the signing of the German-Soviet Pact by two main considerations—power to profit by the war and fear of being involved in it—and at the present moment the second motive is probably preferred over the first. It is clear, however, that the Soviet Government has no ambition to see Hitler triumphant in Europe and the Near East, but such a prospect has, during the past few months, definitely receded from the horizon. The Soviet Press has more than once expressed its admiration of British resistance to the German war in the air, and its belief in the efficacy of the Royal Air Force both for defence and for offence. The victories in the Mediterranean have had their effect; and the strongest impression of all has been made by the growing resolution of the United States to show the great, and potentially almost limitless, resources of that powerful country behind the British effort. The diminishing chances of an ultimate Nazi victory did little, however, to save the Soviet Government from the embarrassment of the present. German pressure is direct, constant, and near; and prudence dictates a certain rather ostentatious inclination towards Berlin.

But while Soviet protestations of friendship for Hitler ring hollow, and are designed mainly to extract some fleeting advantage from an awkward situation, there is no justification for the tendency, still visible in some circles in this country, to attribute to the lords of the Kremlin a desire to draw nearer to Great Britain. It may, indeed, be true that Stalin, once confident that an out-and-out victory for one side or the other had become inevitable, would, on the whole, regard a victory for Britain as a lesser evil than a victory for Hitler. But there are no signs that he has yet brought himself seriously to contemplate such a contingency. The interests of Soviet Russia, as seen by this aspect of her policy, would best be served, either by a stalemate or by a war so prolonged as to leave both combatants in a state of utter exhaustion at the finish. So long as hope remains that one of these dreams may come true the policy of the balance, with subtle gradations to meet the exigencies of the present moment, will continue to provide the keynote of Soviet diplomatic activities.

25 YEARS AGO

From the *Irish Times*, January 14, 1916.

The Western Field of War.

Sir Douglas Haig reports that four of our aeroplanes sent out on Wednesday did not return. The German despatch records the shooting down of the machines, and adds that six of the English air officers are dead and two wounded.

The French report the repulse of German attacks in Champagne, in which clouds of gas sent out by the Germans were blown back into their own trenches.

A New Sort of Peace Talk.

The German Press, says *The Times*, seems to be gradually drifting into a new kind of peace talk. For some time past certain journals—the tendency is the most marked in the Austrian Press—have been arguing not so much that the enemies of Germany are too stupid to see that they have been beaten, but that they are making the continuation of the war inevitable by persisting in their impossible aims. Now even the *Cologne Gazette* publishes a two-column leading article called "War as a permanent state of things," and indicating that the German public has reluctantly reconciled itself to this idea. The *Cologne Gazette* reiterates the German official assurances that Germany is always ready to "enter into seriously meant peace negotiations"—seriousness being taken to mean that the negotiations "proceed from the facts of the military situation, which speaks in Germany's favour."

LONDON LETTER

EFFECT OF NIGHT AIR RAIDS

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.
59 FLEET STREET, LONDON,
MONDAY NIGHT.

LONDON has had two nights' fire attack in succession, but the amount of damage done has been reduced to quite minor proportions owing to the steps taken to deal with incendiary bombs. A certain amount of destruction, however, has been caused by high-explosive bombs dropped with the incendiaries. The effect of blast from high-explosive bombs cannot be foreseen, but it has been found in former raids that heavy concrete roofs afforded good protection. This time the heavy top of a concrete shelter was blown into the air and fell back upon the people trapped below, and a subway was hit and received damage, with fatal results. The last of the night raids came to a sudden end, and there is no doubt that new methods of defence, which are likely to be developed, had something to do with it.

Fire-watchers

The situation with regard to fire-watchers, though greatly improved, remains rather nebulous, and, in the absence of any definite and compulsory orders, people seem to be just waiting to be told what they are to do. Some companies in the City of London, which own warehouses or blocks of offices, are inviting their tenants to share part of the cost of providing fire-watchers. Rents cannot be raised without the consent of the tenant in most cases, because the places are held on lease. Where there is no lease there is an agreement of some kind forbidding an increase, but there are thousands of tenements which can be called upon to share in the expense of maintaining a fire-watcher.

City Church Problem

The fact that so many churches have suffered during the air raids calls attention to the action of the British Government before the war, when an Order-in-Council was made enabling the Archbishop to make room for the effective cure of souls. Provision, therefore, has been made for the closing of churches, limitation of Services, the use of churches for non ecclesiastical purposes, and the release of incumbents from possible penalties. Full use has been made of these rules in securing the stipends and other privileges attaching to churches. One day there will have to be a great rebuilding of churches in the metropolis, and it is certain that many of the ancient churches will not be rebuilt, but that their parishes will be removed to districts that are needing places of worship.

War Damage Bill

Many householders are speculating as to the methods whereby the voluntary insurance of personal goods and chattels will be administered under the War Damage Bill when it comes into operation. It is probable, however, that the insurance companies will act for the Government in the collection of premiums and the notification of the insured when premiums become due. Claims, however, will be the responsibility of the Board of Trade. Small claims will be dealt with immediately, while heavier ones will be attended to by assessors, who will be appointed directly by the Board. The rule necessitates a great extension of the assessors' department, and, as there is a shortage of experienced men, it is probable that the great insurance companies will come to the assistance of the Government.

Absorbing Young Evacuees

Many of the London boys and girls who have been evacuated to country districts are gradually being absorbed into local life and industries, as there is a growing demand for their services in the factories, shops and offices, while good wages are offered. It has been found by local employers that London's young people are very alert, and that they quickly take to anything they are called upon to do, assuming responsibility at an early age. Factories, in particular, are always ready to engage these young people as soon as they can leave school to take up jobs. This state of things makes matters easier for families who have lost their homes or who have been driven into the country by bombing. It is thought that in time quite a number of these young people will decide to remain in the country, instead of returning to their former homes when peace has been restored.

IRISHMAN'S DIARY

Where is Mostrim?

The numerous changes which have been made in the names of Irish towns and villages within the past twenty years frequently cause complications, but I was under the impression that the post-office was virtually infallible in these matters.

Now, however, I hear that a parcel sent from Dublin to Mostrim was wandering in the wilderness for two or three weeks before it was discovered that Mostrim was Edgeworthstown, County Longford.

Further and better inquiries—as they say in official circles—revealed the information that Mostrim was the original name of the town, and Longford County Council secured the reversion to that name some time ago.

This change, of course, had to be sanctioned by the Department of Local Government and Public Health. Apparently, however, the information did not trickle through to the Department of Posts and Telegraphs—much to the annoyance, one gathers, of the gentleman to whom the wandering parcel was addressed.

Sharing Letters

The intensive bombing of Britain and the mail delays—coupled with a firm belief that "news" not in the newspapers might be contained in letters—has led to a number of people sharing letters sent from across the Channel.

I have come of several instances of this letter-sharing recently. There is rarely anything of a personal nature in these letters—even when sent from one member of a family to another residing here—but they do contain little pen-pictures of minor incidents of the "Blitz" which give them an interest outside the family circle.

One I was shown recently was from a friend's young relative. This relative, a girl of about eighteen, was referring to her "boy friend" joining one of the Services. The letter did not express any feeling of sacrifice or martyrdom, but there was an undercurrent of emotion in it that was worthy of some of the better novelists.

I have heard, too, of people in England addressing the same letter (usually carbon copies) to several different people. The reason, they say, is that the news would be the same for each, so that it saves time—which they devote to war work—to write an "omnibus letter" to a group.

To-day these "omnibus letters" are accepted without comment. Think how annoyed we would be to receive such a "circular" in normal times.

Petrol Rationing

The other evening I was discussing the petrol rationing "tragedy" in the house of some friends. Over in the corner was "Grandpa," who was saying nothing, but taking in all that was being said.

Suddenly the oracle spoke and soundly berated us for our lamentations, referring to his young days when "two flat feet" were the recognised mode of transport. Later, however, he appeared to forgive us and began to recall some of the early advertisements for motor cars and petrol.

One of the best "selling points," according to the advertisements which he recalled—he spent many years in Canada and the United States—was the comparative costs of hay and straw for horses and the fuel for a motor car. By the time he had finished I was wondering whether or not we should be seeing advertisements for hay and straw again—and, perhaps, a car hitched on behind a farmhorse passing on its way to Government Buildings bearing a Minister of State.

I notice that our Ministers use their cars pretty freely even in these "dry" days.

Delusion

A correspondent, whose initials are familiar to virtually everybody in Dublin, tells me the following trivial, but pathetic, tale:—

"Some time back the little bakelite cap of the domestic tooth

EIRE'S BIG FOOD PRODUCTION DRIVE

1,000,000 More Acres of Tillage Necessary

MINISTER SAYS IT CAN BE DONE

A LONG and comprehensive statement was made yesterday by Dr. J. Ryan, Minister for Agriculture, when he met the members of the County Dublin Board of Agriculture in 5 Parnell square, Dublin.

A million acres of extra tillage, Dr. Ryan said, would be required to make the country capable of carrying on in the face of a stoppage of imports of feeding-stuffs. They were not too sure that they would be able to continue importing feeding-stuffs, so it was up to them to grow them themselves. There was no doubt that they could do it—they had the land, the man power, the implements and the seeds.

The important thing was production of food for human consumption. It was such an important question that the Government had to give it very serious consideration. It was the duty of the Government to see that the food was there in so far as they could. To have that food it was necessary to get the farmers to grow it.

The country had undoubtedly a duty to farmers if they wanted farmers to change their system to meet the emergency, say from cattle production or milk production to wheat or grain production.

The Government, speaking for the country, had fixed the prices and guaranteed the market for certain of their crops. They had fixed the price for wheat, and guaranteed that it would all be taken, whether the war was on or not.

The price of 40s. a barrel now fixed for the 1941 crop would be paid. and it would all be taken at that price. Growers would agree, Dr. Ryan added, that it was a profitable crop at the price.

"SITUATION IS SERIOUS"

If the people had done their duty in asking the farmers to change their system, surely, said Dr. Ryan, it was the duty of the farmers to respond, and grow the necessary grain for human consumption. He had belief in the sense of duty of the farmers of the country to meet a situation of that kind, and he believed the farmers would respond. He still thought it no harm to try to impress those not familiar with it that the situation was serious. Men who had grown wheat could grow a little more, and on those who had not grown wheat it was well to impress the importance of doing so immediately on as large a scale as possible. Two-thirds of the farmers of the country had farms under thirty acres, and it would be hard to get any more tillage from these men, as they followed a system of putting as much as possible under tillage. Therefore, it was from the big farmers they had to look for this increase. There were many who disliked tillage for some reason or another, and thought the land was more suitable for cattle and production of milk, and they might find it difficult to turn to the other system, because they might not have a knowledge of tillage like the others.

They were also troubled about getting implements, as well as with the question as to whether the land would be as good afterwards or not. They should have no fears about these things, said Dr. Ryan. The experts had said that the grass-lands of Meath, and even of the County Dublin, would be better as regards pasture after the tillage than before, if properly laid down to grass.

IMPLEMENTS AND MANURES

There was a fair supply of implements in the country, and there would be quite sufficient to meet a bigger demand. He had met individuals who thought that it would be a colossal task to go up in their present acreage by 100 per cent., or, say, by 400,000 acres. It did appear very optimistic to do it, but he did not think it was absurd. For instance, one hundred years ago the nation had all the wheat it required for a much bigger population, and the implements used were the spade, shovel, reaping hook, and flail. Some, of course, had horses and ploughs, but there was then no sign of the modern plough, tractor, cultivator, harrow, etc., and they could do as much now in a day as they did in a week.

As regards artificial manures, he was afraid that they would not have enough to meet demands, so they would have to try to ration them. For many years they had been importing a fair share of artificial manures, and he was sorry to say that they had not imported enough. But they should remember that a hundred years ago they did not import grain and feeding-stuffs or artificial manures, and they got a lot of grain. For some years past these had been imported, and the fertility of the land, because of that, must be much higher than it was a hundred years ago. The yield at that time was not very much lower than it had been for the past ten years. He wanted to dispel the fear that without artificial manures production would go down. He did not think it would go down very much. Even in recent times sixty or seventy per cent. of the farmers grew potatoes and oats without artificial manures; even a lot of wheat was grown without them. In fact, only a small percentage of the land was manured at all, and a large percentage of farmers got fair crops. He came to the conclusion that this thing could be done without great effort; the only effort necessary was to create a good strong public opinion. For that reason he appealed to the County Committees to give all the help they could as groups and individuals.

THE PROPER OUTLOOK

To maintain the present live stock population in the country they would need about half a million acres under oats, barley and potatoes. Every farmer when planning out his year now should plan to grow all the wheat he could, because the people were the more important; after that he should plan to grow all the feeding-stuffs that he could. That was the proper outlook. Even offals from wheat would be getting scarcer. The Minister for Supplies would find it necessary to take more and more flour from the wheat. At present 80 per cent. was extracted from wheat by the millers, and it might even go up to 90 per cent., so they could not depend on buying offals during the coming year. If they fell down on the production of animal feeding stuffs, the number of animals in the country would be reduced. There would be less pigs, poultry and finished cattle, and the aggregate value of the farms in the country would be much lower.

Dr. Ryan urged the growing of potatoes as feeding-stuff, because they would be available at the beginning of July, whereas grain crops would not be available until the next harvest. That would obviate the danger of an acute shortage during July and August. The yield of potatoes was seven or eight tons per statute acre which was equivalent to almost two tons of barley or oats.

THE PLOTHOLDERS

In a reference to sugar beet the Minister said it could not be grown to an unlimited extent like wheat. As far as he knew, the Sugar Company was open for contracts, and if farmers wanted to grow beet the company would fix contracts.

In regard to the production of vegetables in plots, Dr. Ryan said that his Department and the Department of Local Government would give every help possible to private allotment holders and unemployed to produce what they wanted for themselves. People with low wages would probably have a hard time and they might find it difficult to make ends meet. It would be a great advantage, therefore, to them to produce their own vegetables.

COUNTY DUBLIN FARMERS

NO SLACKING, MR. BELTON SAYS

Mr. P. Belton, T.D., said that he was authorised to speak on behalf of County Dublin farmers, who had decided to produce the food for man and beast, and there would be no slacking. He was glad that the Minister had admitted that the Government had a duty, through him, to the farmers. He thought that 40s. per barrel for wheat was not enough. Last year they were paid 35s., which, he would say, would be a much fairer price than 40s. this year. Last year they could get artificial manures in the open market, to-day they could not buy an ounce of potash. With the 35s. guaranteed price last year they got 300,000 acres, now they were being offered a less inducement and being asked to produce 700,000 acres. They could not do that without robbing the soil of its fertility. 40s. was a fair price if the farmers had fertilisers and were allowed to follow their rotation. They now had the same labour, the same expense, double the amount to produce, but were sure not to get as good a return. He was going to propose in the Dail on Thursday that the price be 50s. a barrel. If next autumn they wanted to buy wheat, and could get a supply of it imported, they wouldn't get it for 50s. a barrel. He now asked the Minister to guarantee a 50s. price to the farmers, and that that guaranteed price would hold whether the war was on or off.

He also asked for a guaranteed price for five years, because for a farmer to sow wheat for one year meant to him a five years' rotation. He also asked that should there be imports of wheat within the next few years, the Irish farmer should get protection as regards price. Credits, too, were also essential. They did not want farms with dead weight debt idle because of arrears of annuities or rates which had accrued due to no fault of the farmer. He asked that these debts should be sealed down during the emergency. The Minister had, in effect, applied conscription to the farmers; he should also apply conscription to those who handed out credit in this country. He further asked that the reclamation grants be given to all farmers irrespective of valuation so as to create more employment. Farmers should also be granted more facilities as regards the petrol rationing.

SUGGESTED USE OF LABOUR CORPS

Mr. J. Kennedy said that protection after the war should be guaranteed now. There should be a guaranteed price for five years, or at least three.

Mr. P. Mackey said that he did not think the farmers' lorries could operate on the present petrol ration. There were millions of tons of seaweed all around their coasts, and, as far as he knew, it was not used. The Minister ought to look into the possibility of its use to bridge them over the emergency.

Mr. R. Holland asked what the Government—as the biggest landowner in the country—was doing about tillage on its lands. He gave examples of large areas under Government control which were at present being used for grazing. He suggested that the Labour Corps should be used for cultivating some of these lands.

CREDITS FOR FARMERS

GOVERNMENT STATEMENT SHORTLY

Dr. Ryan, in reply, said that the seed supply situation was better, but he could not tell about the price yet. They had got some in from America, and he anticipated that the price would be, naturally, high. The Government would try to fix prices of seed wheat, but it was too dangerous to fix the price now. Home-grown spring seed wheat was in the hands of millers and merchants, and it would be released if necessary and would serve to keep the price down. The fertility of their own seed should be good. Regarding seaweed, experts had told him that it was a very valuable source of potash and had good manurial value. It would pay farmers to draw seaweed a considerable distance inland. On the point of Government land, the Minister said that the Departments in question had assured him that they were doing their duty. Their percentage of tillage might be based on all the lands together rather than on certain ground, as the percentages for the different departments would vary. He (Dr. Ryan) could not tell the Minister for Defence to till certain lands, as the Minister for Defence was in a different position to other Ministers, and could alone decde what lands were necessary for training purposes.

With regard to petrol, he (Dr. Ryan) was in constant touch with the Department of Supplies, and would do everything to see that the farmers were supplied. Even if it were necessary to take private cars off the road the farmers would have to go on producing.

There was machinery existing for the forwarding of credits to farmers, and the Government would make a new announcement to acquaint farmers with the details of this. It

(Continued in Next Column.)

WAR-DRUMS BEAT IN ABYSSINIA

Emperor Tells of His Plans

LION OF JUDAH TO RETURN

FORTY-FOUR Royal war-drums, hollowed from tree-trunks, nightly rumble from Abyssinian hilltops, rallying the fierce tribesmen to revolt against the Italians, and assuring the natives that their Emperor is near.

Emperor Haille Selassie, seated on a purple silk-covered wooden throne, told the Press Association Special Correspondent at Khartoum that he plans to ride into Addis Ababa victorious on a white horse, and will tear down the Italians' symbolical figure of a wolf and replace it with the white marble statue of the Lion of Judah.

The Emperor said that he was well pleased with the progress being made with the training of his army, adding that the revolt among the Abyssinians was making great headway, thanks to whole-hearted support from the British Government.

"I look forward to the liberation of Abyssinia and the establishment of a just and constitutional Government," he said.

DRUMS AT NIGHT

The Emperor described the royal war drums that were nightly being beaten from the hilltops of Gojjam and along the frontier. "There are forty-four," he said, "some big, others small, hollowed out from tree trunks and covered with cowhide. My chieftains are allowed a maximum of twelve drums each, but mine sound a particular signal, and when they are beaten my people know that I am nearby. Hundreds of my former soldiers, at present forced to fight with the Italians, understanding the message of my drums, are deserting and rallying to the standard raised at Gojjam by my faithful commander, Ras Mongasha."

The Emperor said that he had visited the Abyssinian frontier a short time ago to meet a number of chiefs from the interior, who, at the risk of their lives, had come to ascertain whether their Emperor were really there and to offer allegiance.

The Emperor said that just as Marshal Badoglio had done, he personally would lead his victorious troops into Addis Ababa mounted on a white horse.

"I will tear down the figure of a wolf, erected by the Italians in the square there, and in its place reinstate the white marble statue of the Lion of Judah," he continued

TAKEN TO ROME

The original of this statue was taken to Rome. Asked if it was true that the Royal Crown of the House of Judah was now in Rome, he said that the crown that Badoglio took to Rome was taken by the Italians from the Abyssinian Church, and was not the Emperor's.

The last time I saw Emperor Haile Selassie, says the Correspondent, was five years ago, when he was disembarking at the Palestine port of Haifa from a British destroyer, after his flight from Abyssinia. Then he was careworn and dejected — now he is alert and bright-eyed.

"I hope you will accompany me when I return to my country," the Emperor said, as I left him.

LICENCES FOR PETROL

ESSENTIAL SERVICES

The Department of Supplies stated last night:—

"A considerable number of applications for additional supplementary licences for petrol have been received in the Department of Supplies. Most of these are in respect of services which cannot be regarded as essential, and for which petrol is not available for the time being.

"Following an examination of the applications, it has been decided to issue supplementary licences to the following classes of motor users:—Clergymen, doctors, veterinary surgeons, newspaper offices, owners of agricultural tractors and of vehicles essential for the transport of food and agricultural produce, owners of industrial plant, and persons and firms engaged in public transport service (including licensed hauliers). Supplementary licences are also being granted for taxis and hackney cars, and to local authorities and public utility undertakings to carry on their essential services.

"The allowances have, however, been generally reduced below those hitherto granted, but they are the maximum which can be given for the present month. It will not be possible to consider requests for increases in these allowances at present.

"Apart from the classes specified above, applications for supplementary licences during the present month cannot be entertained."

ENOUGH PETROL FOR FARMERS

That full supplies of petrol for agricultural production were available was stated by Mr. Sean Lemass, Minister for Supplies, in a letter read yesterday by Mr. P. J. Fogarty, T.D., at a special meeting of the Dublin County Council.

The letter, which was dated January 9th last, said: "Petrol supplies are at present scarce, but there is some prospect that this situation will improve. While this prospect exists it is not considered desirable to alter the present rationing scheme, which provides for full supplies of petrol to users requiring it in connection with agricultural production. If, however, the scarcity of supplies should continue, the rationing scheme will be altered for the express purpose of confining supplies to those engaged in essential occupations, such as agriculture."

The special purpose of the meeting was to consider the estimate of Mr. J. A. Ryan, County Surveyor, for the road works scheme of 1941-42. The estimate was £79,480, as against £74,585 for the previous year, an increase of £4,895.

After some discussion it was decided to refer back the estimate for further examination with a view to reduction.

(Continued from Previous Column.)

was a big problem to try and seal debts, and it could only be dealt with piecemeal, in individual items. He could not undertake to say that the Government would agree to seal up annuity arrears. His personal inclination would be to protect tillage farmers after the war as far as possible, but he was not authorised to give any guarantees. With regard to the extraction from wheat, he agreed that 70 per cent. was the best to aim at, but there was the question of bread prices. It was very hard on the poor to have to pay big prices for bread.

DAIL DEBATE ON FOOD

The following further notice of motion has been placed on the Order Paper of the Dáil in the names of Deputies P. Belton and Patrick Cogan:—

'That, in view of the alarming situation with regard to food, Dáil Eireann is of opinion that all difficulties and obstacles in the way of maximum food production in the present year should be at once removed, and that adequate credit facilities should be made available to farmers to insure full production; and, where farmers are incumbered with old bank debts and arrears of rates and land annuities, that these should be sealed during the emergency to enable such farms to be put into full production, and that the Tillage Order, 1941, should be amended accordingly. Further, that steps should be taken to prevent any increase in rates on agricultural land during the emergency."

EIRE DENIES NEWSPAPER STATEMENT

"GERMANY OFFERED AID"

THE "News Chronicle" of yesterday's date states that Mr. de Valera within the last month was offered "every possible assistance to prevent Britain from regaining control of the naval bases she formerly leased."

The High Commissioner for Ireland is authorised by his Government to say that there is no truth whatever in the statement.

WHAT NEWSPAPER SAID

The following is a portion of an article which appeared in yesterday's *News Chronicle*:—

"Within the last month Mr. de Valera was made aware through diplomatic channels of the Nazi Government's willingness to provide every possible assistance to Eire to prevent Britain from gaining control of the naval bases. The offer was followed up by a Rome broadcast on December 27, which stated:—

"'Should the Irish people be forced to defend themselves against British aggression they can be assured of the full and whole-hearted help of the Axis Powers. Besides this military help the whole Catholic world would be on their side.'

"The fact that Mr. de Valera firmly turned down the offers of the Axis help, even when the offers were made in the first place, has never been made known to the people. The usual Nazi tactics of emphasising their point followed quickly. Neutral Eire was bombed on two successive nights. . . . Although badly shocked by the unwarranted attack, the people did not realise the significance of the bombings. . . . They argued with obvious sincerity that British bombers might have dropped German bombs. They seriously put forward the theory that two magnetic sea mines dropped inland in Enniskerry could have been salvaged from the shores of Britain and dropped in Eire by the British. The wildest rumours were given credence due to the suppression of news and comment. There was even a story that a Spitfire had been shot down over Dublin and that two members of the crew had been seen to bale out. . . . The people had not been taken into the confidence of the Government on the seriousness of the emergency. Only now are Mr. de Valera and his Ministers beginning to reveal the real state of emergency that undoubtedly exists. The people have been warned to face up to the probability of a serious food shortage as a result of blockade. They had to be confided in because the farmers were the only people who could stave off a wheat famine by increasing tillage without delay. . . . The sudden turn of events in the absence of any warning of growing tension has shocked the people of Eire out of their dangerous complacency."

POWERS TO AID BRITAIN

MR. ROOSEVELT WINS FIRST ROUND

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

WASHINGTON, Monday.

A VOTE in the House of Representatives to-day cleared the way for the President's bill to come before the Foreign Affairs Committee of the House to-morrow, the first step in rushing it through Congress. An effort by the Military Affairs Committee to bring the measure under its control was defeated.

The vote was taken without debate, as the rules of the House allow no discussion on such an issue.

The Speaker, Mr. Sam Rayburn, simply moved that the bill should go before the Foreign Affairs Committee, of which Mr. Sol Bloom is Chairman.

Mr. Cordell Hull, Secretary of State, will be the first witness at to-morrow's hearing.

FIRST VICTORY

To-day's vote is regarded as a victory for the Administration in the first brush with Congress over the bill, and a new co-operative spirit was displayed to expedite its passage.

Mr. Wendell Willkie and others have suggested a time limitation on the powers that it is proposed to give to the President—an action which might under certain circumstances seriously cripple the President's Powers to rush all possible help to Britain.

PRESIDENT'S POWERS

Mr. Sam Rayburn, Speaker of the House, said that he would certainly not oppose any attempt to place a time limit on the Powers given to the President by the Aid-for-Britain Bill, provided the limit ran concurrently with the emergency.

He considered the reaction of Mr. Wendell Willkie, the Republican leader, to the bill was very favourable.

Mr. Cordell Hull, the U.S. Secretary of State, said that he saw no objection to Mr. Willkie's proposed visit to England. Mr. Willkie was an outstanding figure and leader of public thought in the United States, and as such he was entitled to visit the British Isles in his capacity of a private citizen.

REPUBLICAN SPLIT

Meanwhile, Mr. Wendell Willkie's support of the bill, which has been heartily welcomed by the Administration and most Democrats, may determine his future position and influence in the Republican Party. Certainly his statement has caused a split in his party, and it remains to be seen whether he can carry the majority of Republicans with him or whether they will go over to the Landon-Hoover group.

Mr. Willkie gets considerable support in the Press. The staunchly Republican *Baltimore Sun* comments that he has risen above partisanship in advocating the general principle of the bill and in asking for safeguards to ensure the reversion to the people of the powers the bill delegates to the President.

NEW BILL INTRODUCED

WASHINGTON, Monday.

Mr. Simpson, Republican representative for New York, introduced a new lease-and-lend bill in the House of Representatives to-night after a telephone conversation with Mr. Wendell Willkie, who last night announced his support of President Roosevelt's bill "with modifications." The measure is described as like the President's in everything, except that it would not permit the extension of aid to any nation other than Britain, unless Congress specifically authorised it, and the powers it would confer on the President would expire in two years. The bill would authorise help only to Britain, Ireland and members of the British Commonwealth of Nations. If the President desired to assist any other nation he would have specifically to ask the permission of Congress.

BRITAIN BUYS U.S. SHIPS

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

NEW YORK, Monday.

British shipping interests have apparently made successful bids for at least nineteen of the over-age cargo ships offered for sale by the U.S. Maritime Commission, according to the Dow Jones Agency to-day. They are also understood to have offered to buy these and one other for a lump sum. Brokers for eight British shipping companies made bids ranging from 136,500 dollars to 388,000 dollars for the ships. The amount offered for the twenty ships was 4,611,650 dollars, and it is possible that the Commission will accept this figure.

R.A.F. DAMAGE IN ITALY

Oil Refineries Blown Up

TROOPS UNDER FIRE ON BELGIAN BEACH

THE Royal Air Force's new offensive against Germany included widespread day and night raids on Sunday. During daylight British fighters flew low over the French and Belgian coasts, and machine-gunned German troops in trenches near the beach. Two E-boats and a drifter, a large two-masted schooner, and other shipping were attacked.

HAVOC NEAR VENICE

At Porto Marghera, near Venice, low-level attacks were made on oil refineries after the A.A. defences were silenced by machine-gun fire from a few hundred feet. Two large refinery buildings were blown up, oil storage tanks set on fire, and sheds and workshops machine-gunned from almost ground level.

The British Air Ministry news, telling of the operations over the Belgian and French coasts, says that Hurricanes attacked two E-boats, a drifter, a large two-masted schooner, two small ships, as well as a number of smaller vessels. Two British pilots are missing. One pilot thought he had been hit, for on looking into his mirror he saw what seemed to be damage to his elevator tip. When he landed he found a bird entangled in his aerial.

Aircraft of the Coastal Command which attacked the U-boat base at L'Orient on Sunday night bombed the dry and wet docks with heavy bombs. Store-houses and other buildings near the Port Militaire and the power station were left burning fiercely. The docks and shipping at Brest were also attacked and a heavy bomb was seen to burst near the power station. Big fires were seen in the docks.

OFFICIAL REPORT

REFINERIES THE MAIN TARGET

An Air Ministry communiqué, describing attacks, stated that the raiders' Bomber Command aircraft had orders to make oil targets their main objective. A small force was despatched to Regensburg, in Germany, and another to Porto Marghera, near Venice, in both of which are important oil refineries.

The communiqué added:

"At Regensburg several fires were caused, and at Ostend a large explosion, followed by fire, was observed.

"At Porto Marghera the target was set on fire by incendiaries dropped by the first of the attacking aircraft; an hour later, when the last arrived, the whole target was well alight. The anti-aircraft defences were first silenced by machine-gun fire from a few hundred feet; then a heavy bomb was released from a very low level and blew up one of the large refinery buildings. More bombs set oil storage tanks on fire. A second large building nearby was hit by two bombs and seen to collapse and fall in pieces. Finally sheds and workshops were machine-gunned from almost ground level. The target was left blazing.

"From these operations one of our aircraft is missing."

RAID ON ENGLISH COAST TOWN

German 'planes were reported last night from a coastal town in South-West England. It was apparently attacked in force, the Germans using their old tactics of dropping incendiaries followed by high explosives.

The fire bombs were described as having been showered on the town, and "loads" of high explosives were dropped. Volunteers tackled the incendiaries immediately.

The raid was described as heavy. It began in the early evening, and there were so many 'planes in the first raid that the noise was deafening.

Incendiaries fell in showers—thousands of them—and onlookers described the spectacle as "very quickly like a grotesque fairyland." Next came waves of heavy bombers.

The female ward of a hospital received a direct hit, and another hospital was damaged. There were direct hits on two surface shelters. It is thought that the casualty list may be heavy.

Raiders were also reported from Liverpool, a West of England town and a town in South Wales.

U.S. BOMBERS FLYING ATLANTIC

Four different kinds of United States bombers for the Royal air Force are being flown across the Atlantic to England.

A large number have arrived of certain of the types, and a continuous stream will in future be maintained. This news, which was released last night, is the more topical in view of the recent extension of the R.A.F. offensive to regular daylight as well as night bombardment.

The four types are:—

Lockheed Hudson, long range reconnaissance bomber, for the Coastal Command.

Boeing B-17, four-engine bomber, popularly called the flying fortress.

Consolidated two-engine flying boat.

Lockheed Vega Ventura bomber, a larger and faster version of the Lockheed Hudson.

There are, therefore, including these four, over thirty types of United States aircraft supplementing the output of factories in Great Britain, Canada and Australia.

BANKS AND THEIR OFFICIALS

STATEMENT BY ORGANISING SECRETARY

Mr. J. T. Donovan, Organising Secretary of the Irish Bank Officials' Association, states, in reply to the statement of the Governor of the Bank of Ireland which appeared on Saturday on the dispute between the banks and their officials, the Association announced three days earlier that the question would be taken to the appropriate Courts and, as it may be considered *sub judice*, it will suffice to say:

1. That the Association has a complete answer to the contentions of the banks.

2. That the deductions drawn from the few figures presented are not acceptable in the absence of much more detail.

3. That the ballot of October did not refuse to allow the Executive Committee to negotiate further.

4. That in fact negotiations took place up to the 12th December at the request of the banks.

5. That the terms offered to officials individually as an alternative to dismissal with or without pension were not offered in the negotiations even as late as the 12th December, 1940.

6. That the new contracts represent a great decrease in the scales of salaries and pensions and bonuses.

7. That the new contracts place in serious jeopardy the pension rights of all officials, no matter how long their service.

8. That the banks have jointly refused to recognise the Association as it has been recognised since 1919.

9. That the banks, in their last letter, dated 24th December, 1940, have refused to take the question at issue to arbitration, pursuant to the agreement on which the recognition of the Association is based, which provides for arbitration.

10. That 4,454 officials out of a possible 4,500 have already referred the dismissal notices to the Association.

ITALIAN FORCES CUT OFF

Besieged in Oasis Below Tobruk

BRITISH TAKE POST ON SUDAN BORDER

THE Italian forces holding Giarabub oasis, some 150 miles south of Tobruk, are now cut off and besieged, says a Cairo message to the Press Association.

Marshal Graziani had concentrated them there presumably for a drive into Egypt by way of the Siwa oasis, which commands a difficult road through the heart of the Western desert to the Nile Valley. The retreat of the Italians from Bardia placed them in jeopardy. The strength of the besieged forces is not known.

British artillery continue to pound the perimeter defences of Tobruk, preparatory to the final onslaught on the town. There is still no indication of the full strength of the garrison, but it is believed to be considerably smaller than that at Bardia. The Italians' position is also more difficult than at Bardia, as their outer perimeter defences straddle a broader area.

MORE BASES BOMBED

The Cairo communiqué last night said:—

Libya—No change in situation. Sudan—In the Kassala and Gallabat sectors active patrolling continues, and we have inflicted casualties on the enemy. Other fronts—Nothing to report.

An Italian force is understood to be cut off and besieged in Giarabub oasis, some 150 miles south of Tobruk, says the Press Association.

The force was one which, it is believed, Marshal Graziani had intended to use for attack on Siwa oasis, on the Egyptian side of the frontier.

AROUND TOBRUK

As in the case of Bardia, the way for the capture of Tobruk is being paved systematically by artillery preparation, combined with intensive air and ground reconnaissance, says a *Times* Cairo message, quoted by the P.A., while troops are being moved up over the 75 miles of desert, which lies between Bardia and Tobruk, and supplies are being accumulated for a new attack.

The British military is fortunate in being posted on high ground overlooking the coast, whence good observation is obtainable of the Tobruk defence area. This area is at least three times as large as that of Bardia, and calls for larger forces to deal with it, but it is doubtful whether the fortifications are as complete and as elaborate as at Bardia, while the number of defenders is certainly less.

The Italian forces in Libya, both on the ground and in the air, seem completely paralysed by the two defeats, says the message. British reconnaissance aircraft have not noted any signs of movement or manœuvre on the roads and tracks westward from Tobruk. Nor is it likely that there are any considerable reinforcements reaching Libyan ports from Italy in view of the close watch maintained both by the Navy and the R.A.F. What remains of the Libyan army seems passively awaiting its fate.

The R.A.F., advancing into Libya with the desert armies, now completely dominates the eastern half of Italy's North African colony as far as Benghazi, 280 miles from the Egyptian border, says an Associated Press message from Cairo. This is shown by evidence despatched from the front and now accumulating at General Sir Archibald Wavell's headquarters in Cairo. The Italians have been forced to abandon a string of aerodromes and landing grounds in the vicinity of Tobruk. They retreated so hurriedly that they didn't even take time to destroy them. The British are already using the fields captured from the Italians and those around Tobruk will soon be in their hands.

BUNA RECAPTURED

The re-capture of Buna in East Africa by British forces was, it was suggested in London yesterday, due to Italy's loss of El Wak, and to conditions in Abyssinia, which may be such as to make it advisable for the Italians to shorten their communication lines, says the Press Association. The British withdrew from Buna on August 20 last. Ten days later it was occupied by the Italians. At the same time the Italians occupied El Wak—100 miles to the east of the Italian border. On December 17 South African and Gold Coast troops captured El Wak, taking many prisoners and a number of guns. The Italians have made no attempt to recapture the post. They re-evacuated Buna last Friday, and no effort was apparently made to re-occupy it. Following these moves no startling developments should be anticipated. There are 100 miles of desert for communications to cross before considerable operations could develop.

ABYSSINIAN BORDER FIGHT

A British patrol has routed an Italian force in the Metemma area of Abyssinia, east of Gallabat, according to reports received in Cairo from the Sudan front yesterday, says the Press Association. The Italians withdrew after a slight resistance, leaving behind forty dead and many wounded. The British casualties were very small. This action, it is said, indicates the increasing vigour of British patrols on the Sudan frontier.

ANTONESCU GOING TO BERLIN

"URGENT" CALL FROM HITLER

FROM REUTER'S CORRESPONDENT.

BELGRADE, Monday.

General Antonescu, the Rumanian Premier, has received an urgent summons to Berlin, states a Bucharest despatch received here to-night.

It is reported that he is leaving by train to-morrow.

ASSOCIATED PRESS.

SOFIA, Monday.

Baron von Richtofen, German Minister to Bulgaria, conferred to-day with both Bogdan Philoff, the Bulgarian Premier, and Popoff, the Foreign Minister.

The action was considered important, in view of the denial by Tass, the official Soviet News Agency, that the Soviet Union had agreed to the entry of German troops into Bulgaria. Von Richtofen recently accompanied Philoff to Vienna for the Bulgarian Premier to undergo a "medical consultation," and afterwards he was believed to have gone to Berlin before returning to Sofia on Saturday.

Informants close to German circles in Bulgaria hinted that Philoff and Richtofen might go shortly to Berlin.

ANGLO-TURKISH TALKS

PRESS ASSOCIATION.

ANKARA, Monday.

Lieutenant-General Marshall-Cornwall and Air Vice-Marshal Elmhurst, representing the British Middle East Command, arrived in Ankara to-day for conversations with the Turkish General Staff. They were met at the station by General Huznu Kilkic, Commandant of the Ankara garrison; Mr. James Morgan, the British Minister; Admiral Sir Howard Kelly, personal representative of the Commander-in-Chief, Mediterranean Fleet, and the British Military, Naval and Assistant Air *Attachés*.

The talks are one of the periodical exchanges of views which have taken place since the signature of the Anglo-Turkish alliance, the only special significance lying in the fact that they are the first to be held since France dropped out of the war.

GREEKS RENEW OFFENSIVE, TAKE NEW POSITIONS

Italian Commander-in-Chief Resigns

A VIOLENT surprise attack by Greek troops dislodged Italians from strongly-fortified positions in the central sector of the front, said the Athens radio last night.

Fierce hand-to-hand engagements are reported from the northern sector, where the Greeks had the advantage in bayonet fighting.

Desperate efforts by the Italians to reinforce their positions in the coastal sector north of Chimara are being brought to nought by the spirited Greek offensive, said the Athens announcer.

"FOR HEALTH REASONS"

General Soddu, who has been Commander-in-Chief of the Italian Forces in Albania, has resigned "for reasons of health," said the Rome Wireless yesterday. He held the post since November 11. He is 57, and was Under-Secretary for War in 1939, when he was promoted to Corps-General.

In authoritative London circles yesterday the Greek advance to the north and north-west of Klissura was described as slight, but important. This places the Greeks behind Klissura well over the road to Berat. The Greeks have advanced four or five kilometres along the heights to Tepelini. The town is placed in a difficult position, though part of a new Italian division has recently arrived as reinforcements. But it is too early to say that it is lost to the Italians.

NO RESPITE

The Italians are not being granted a single day's respite after the fall of Klissura, says a *Times* telegram quoted by the Press Association. The Greeks are exploiting their victory to the uttermost. Italian forces are retreating towards Berat, but it is not simply a matter of pursuing the Italians, who are, indeed, contesting with vigour each successive height. For that reason progress of the Greeks may appear slow; actually, it is merely methodical. Moreover, if the Klissura-Tepelini region is regarded as a unit, and as forming a single geographical military obstacle, of which only half has yet fallen, it seems natural that the conquest of the whole should be as important as the exploitation of the fallen part by means of a pursuit merely along the single route that has thereby been opened. If the Klissura-Tepelini line guards Berat in the first place, Tepelini also guards Valona. At present, however, official reserve must be expected to hold the observers in suspense for some days—perhaps for many days to come.

FATAL MOMENT, SAYS LORD DUNSANY

"History will regard the Greek challenge to the Italians as a fatal moment for the Axis in the present war," said Lord Dunsany at a Press reception held in Athens yesterday under the auspices of the British Council, says the Press Association.

Lord Dunsany, who left England before the outbreak of hostilities, arrived in Athens recently as Byron Professor of English Literature at Athens University, succeeding Mr. Laurence Binyon.

The faith which he had previously held in a British victory over Germany was clinched as a certainty by President Roosevelt's speech, he went on. "The whole world stood in admiration of Greece as the first to score a victory against a member of the Axis."

On Sunday night Lord Dunsany heard his first air raid warning since leaving England when Athens had a three-quarters of an hour "alert" owing to the passage of unidentified aircraft towards the south of Greece.

The siren notes brought him nostalgia from his Kentish home, he said.

Lord Dunsany's inaugural lecture on Wednesday will be on the subject of English poetry.

Desmond Counihan (15), of Newlawn, Ballyboghill, Dublin, had one of his legs badly injured when he was knocked down by a tram at O'Connell street, Dublin, yesterday. He was taken to Jervis Street Hospital, where his condition was stated to be serious.

THE MOST REV. DR. McQUAID

TWO ADDRESSES PRESENTED

THE CLERGY AND THE DUBLIN CORPORATION

THE new Archbishop of Dublin yesterday received addresses on behalf of the archdiocese and from the Lord Mayor and Corporation of Dublin.

The address from the clergy was brought in the forenoon by a deputation which included:—The Most Rev. Dr. Wall, Bishop of Thasos, Vicar Capitular and Dean of the Metropolitan Chapter; the Right Rev. Mgr. Walsh, M.A., D.Litt., P.P., V.G.; the Right Rev. Mgr. Cronin, M.A., D.D., P.P., V.G.; the Right Rev. Mgr. Boylan, M.A., D.Litt., D.D., P.P., V.G.; the Ven. Archdeacon Kelly, P.P., V.F.; the Right Rev. Mgr. D'Alton, M.A., D.Litt., D.D.; the Rev. P. Browne, M.A., D.Sc.; the Rev D. O'Flynn, M.A.; the Very Rev. Father Augustine, O.F.M., and the Very Rev. H. O'Connor, C.M. The Secretaries of the Archbishop, the Rev. P. Dunne, D.Ph., the Rev. T. O'Donnell, B.D., and the Rev. R. Glennon, S.T.L., were also present.

Drawn up in Latin, Irish and English, the address was signed on behalf of the Secular Clergy by the Bishop of Thasos and the Ven. Archdeacon Kelly; the Very Rev. Father Augustine, O.F.M., and the Very Rev. H. O'Connor, C.M., were the signatories on behalf of the Regular Clergy. The address was read in Latin by the Right Rev. Mgr. Walsh. His Grace replied in Latin, and also handed an Irish and an English version of his reply to the Dean.

CORPORATION ADDRESS

In the afternoon the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of the Corporation came in State to Archbishop's House, and were received by His Grace in the library. The address, which was handsomely framed, was inscribed in Latin, Irish and English. It was read in Irish by Alderman Cormac Breathnach, LL.D., T.D., and in Latin by the City Manager and Town Clerk, Mr. P. J. Hernon.

His Grace replied in Irish and Latin, and then gave his English version.

Subsequently the Lord Mayor and Corporation were entertained to tea by His Grace.

The address spoke of the Archbishop's intimate and distinguished association with educational work, which marked him as particularly well-fitted to play a leading part in the guidance of youth—one of the major problems of to-day.

"In this and the many other difficult questions confronting your advent to high office," stated the address, "we desire to assure you of the most effective co-operation of all the citizens."

ARCHBISHOP'S REPLY

The Archbishop, in his reply, said that great cordiality had long marked the relations that existed between the Corporation and the Archbishop of Dublin, and he emphasised the willingness, which the Lord Mayor and Corporation expressed, to co-operate with him in promoting the true spiritual and temporal good of the faithful people of the city. He congratulated them on the wisdom which had begotten and fostered this Christian spirit and on the zeal that had marked their policy of civic rule. Especially he commended their earnestness in providing houses for the poor, despite the claims of many other schemes of necessity and public utility. Such an achievement deserved special praise, because it tended to promote the good of that natural and essential unity of society: the Christian family. He prayed that they might be enabled to judge with prudence and executive with firmness all that the common good of civic life may yet demand.

Members of the Corporation present were: The Right Honourable Mrs. Clarke, Lord Mayor; Alderman Alfred Byrne, T.D., G.C.S.S.; Alderman Cormac Breathnach, LL.D., T.D.; Alderman Peadar S. Doyle, T.D., P.C.; Alderman Ernest E. Benson, B.A., T.D.; Councillors — Michael Byrne, Ralph Lynch, P.C.; Patrick Belton, T.D.; John J. Byrne, B.A., B.L.; James Larkin, Senator Mathew Stafford, Mrs. O'Shea-Leamy, P.C.; Eamonn Cooney, T.D.; Martin O'Sullivan, P.C.; John Cahill, P.C.; Mrs. Kathleen Nix, P.C.; William J. O'Hara, Michael Staines, John Coghlan, Senator Denis D. Healy, P.C.; Tobias F. Breslin, P.C.; Mrs. Mary Cosgrave, William J. Colman, Bernard Butler, B.A., H.Dip.; Fintan G. Burke.

The address, beautifully illuminated in the form of a triptych, contains the text engrossed in Irish, Latin, and English. The artist, Miss Alice Maud O'Rourke, of Brighton square, and Durrow, Leix, was present, and His Grace congratulated her on her work.

New York, Monday.—Mr. Verne Marshall, chairman of the "No Foreign War Committee," announced to-day that he had been "served with a subpœna to appear before the Grand Jury of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia." He added that he did not know the reason.—(Reuter.)

Winter at the Spa Hotel

SPA OPEN ALL THE WINTER FOR THE TREATMENT OF RHEUMATIC AND KINDRED AILMENTS

●

HIGHLY QUALIFIED MASSAGE STAFF

●

ELECTRICAL AND BATH TREATMENT AS GIVEN IN CROSS-CHANNEL SPAS

●

SPECIAL HOTEL WINTER RATES TO RESIDENTS. GOOD FOOD AND COOKING. CENTRAL HEATING. COSY FIRES IN LOUNGES.

●

FREE GOLF. FREE GARAGE. FREE HOTEL LIBRARY FOR VISITORS. 'BUS LINES 66 & 67 FROM ASTON'S QUAY PASS HOTEL FREQUENTLY. ALSO G.S.R. LINES TO SLIGO, EDENDERRY, KILCORMAC, TULLAMORE, LONGFORD AND ATHLONE.

SPA HOTEL LUCAN

Cana

CRUISKEEN LAWN

"Labhra gur bo di fan Róimh
Ar a mbiodh coisin óir fá fion
An mhaoi an labhra mhóir mhaith
Do shuala fséal, má d'fhior."

Sin fonn ar dán cuanna a chuireas i gcló in "Imirleabhar na Gaeóilge" fice nó dágad bliain ofoin, nuair díoir daimhid i dtaob na Gaeóilge. Tá sé nó-fada (agus nuo beag nódachannaé, déidoir) le'na chur annfo fá bhráid mo lucc léighe. Fuaireas an dán ar an cnuasach Egerton ná British Museum, cóip eile 28 G 6, p. 17, R.I.A., cóip eile (loccaé) 71 E 17, p. 89, R.I.A., agus 22 coipeanna, saeaé agus rian, i leabhrlann ná Lúdain. Tá meadaracc an dáin seo com gur leir an labhra agus taicnigeann an t-iomlán go mór liom.

Dean an Fir Roue.

Dála an scéil aie, seo mar dí, Lorg an labhra ain go raib sé as fagáil bháir agus gealt a dean uaral go hiléarrad fí a corp le fiodh agus fhól agus go scuirfeadh fí r scomhainn d'ón seachs é.

Acc dí fí giallmar coiriteac.

Nuair bhaic fí "marb" é, nior cuir fí uime acc cupla fac nár "náimig ar fad á cóir." (Déanfainn féin an seanc céadna, rium; agus cuimhnim an t-airgead abí rádaithe agam i War Loan i leic lae na seanchanna.) Nuair fuid an marbán fuar, gealtaim dhic go raib fí-ná agur puaille-buaille ann. Ar an iomlán, seideas dúinn an comhairle seo—

"Ar na mnáib, cró mór dun nodhé,
Fada dóib as dul le saoi,
Ceapc duine nac mealtaid riad
Mairg leigear a rún le mnaoi."

"Dal, go dineac," mar deirtear i dtir Conaill, agus cian imr na Rora go brác.

Cad chuige, dar leac, an raid na fili com dian ar na mnáib agur conaccadh an radharc as fiosrughadh orca?

Inneorad. Ir mór an gar an dean don file acá ó rác agur i n-aimbeirbe imr na rean meadaracéal carca. Tá ceithe fuaimeanna fá leic aici—

Dean,
mnaoi,
dan,
mná.

Mé féin imo aonar a fuair amac an ghairin eolair agur deirim anoir go fonnmhar don fodail é.

Aguisín.

"Labhra gluc do dí fan Róimh."
Count Ciano?

ní crioc go foill.

Sa leabar úd ó faoi-Láim an Rannaódha hAmilly, tá dán breág cruinn-déanta sun cúr-line de

"mairg aga mbí meanma mear . . . ."

Annso, tá an file ag roiceamhlacc faoi fili eile ablonn fárca dheacca a ceapadh acá deagdéanca mairim le fuirm agur meadaracc acc reasóideac baoiseac mairim le bhig na cainnte. Tá an rann ro ann—

"Ag papa dá raid ra Róimh
Do dí raidhbhear óir, má't fíor
Innrim ro dá gac neac
Feirrde ceac ar a mbí dion."

Leir an macalla ro tá an t-ughdar, dar linn, ag leagad faobar a thagairt ar an file bhradac a goideann tince i ngan-fhor ar dánca daoine eile inr an am go dtuil a gluaiseacc ceapaódheacca féin ag dul nuo beag chuiró air de cainde mí-éapacca a meanman. Tá liceloc na Gaeóilge lán den fuadac to agur ir mór an náire. Dá dtuigfinn-re cead aignir nó nadanc ar an scoróin, cuimfinn rcao leir.

Dhuro an donar ag dul amac duic. Duail ré an donar amac—dtuil an adaire fin agac? Tá fí le fagáil i "Séadna," maraon le'n a lán eile. Slac mo pandún agur imbig.

MYLES NA gCOPALEEN.

IRISH INSURANCE COMPANIES

ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW INDUSTRIES

THE claim that native insurance companies had played an important part in the building up of a business of huge proportions, which extended to every village and hamlet throughout the country, was made last night by Mr. M. W. O'Reilly, managing director of the New Ireland Assurance Company, in a paper entitled "Insurance and Industrial Development," which he read to the members of the Insurance Institute of Ireland at a meeting held in the Central Hotel, Dublin.

In 1912, said Mr. O'Reilly, there was but one Irish life company operating in the country. In 1918, there were at least six companies or societies purely Irish in origin, and doing an ever-increasing business, and in 1936, at the time of the insurance legislation, there were five Irish companies. In addition, there were four British companies and four British societies similarly operating. There were also twenty-three purely ordinary offices, which confined their attention to ordinary branch business only in so far as their life activities were concerned. The amalgamation has reduced the number of companies and societies from thirteen to four.

NEW INDUSTRIES

Dealing with the development of industry, Mr. O'Reilly said that the gross output of industry, totalling sixty million pounds for 1931, had increased to ninety million pounds in 1938. In the same period the numbers employed increased from 102,000 to 166,000, and net output increased by thirty-eight per cent. Comparing the year 1937 with 1931 they found that in 1937 they had thirty-six more grain mills, forty-two more building material firms, 109 more building contractors, 100 more factories using metal, 140 more clothing factories, forty-six more printing works, and thirty-six more quarries. Out of about one thousand new establishments, Leinster had 700, Munster 170, and Connaught 70, the balance of sixty going to Ulster's three counties in Eire. This was exclusive of 1,228 such establishments in Dublin.

Mr. A. E. O'Callaghan, President of the Institute, presided.

INDUSTRIAL FIBRES

THE QUESTION OF HOME PRODUCTION

At the weekly luncheon of the Rotary Club in the Gresham Hotel, Dublin, yesterday Mr. J. Rigby Jones read a paper on "Industrial Fibres," in which he gave details of the production of various fibres. He said that some people had discussed in the Press the possibility of producing their fibre requirements at home, but, with the exception of flax, which commanded an immensely higher price than other fibres (yet had been a barely profitable proposition here save in wartime) almost all the fibres in industry came to this country from places where a sub-tropical climate and plentiful native labour made production easy. Such products as tea or coffee would hardly be within the reach of even the very rich if they had to be grown within the orbit of our own economic system, and it was even less reasonable to suggest that much cheaper materials like jute and sisal could be grown here and their fibres made available at a price such as would permit their general use.

Also it was not apparent that there was land for fibre production, as they already lacked sufficient wheat. Fibre production was an agricultural problem, and it was rarely possible to marry industrial and agricultural interests in a national undertaking like the sugar-beet industry, where some commercial considerations could be over-ridden.

Mr. A. Pearson presided.

G.N.R MALE CLERKSHIPS.
Class and Postal Tuition for March exam. at ROSSE COLLEGE, 65 Stephen's Green. —(Advt.)

JAMES JOYCE AS MAN AND ARTIST

TRIBUTES BY IRISH FRIENDS

By C. P. Curran

WITH Joyce dead in Zurich, and an end made to a forty years' friendship, one's thoughts inevitably revert to the first meeting. It was at my first lecture at University College. The class was in English literature, and the lecturer began with Aristotle's Poetics, as seemed to me very right in the circumstances. Towards the end of the lecture the professor put in some remark about Stephen Phillips, who had just written "Paolo and Francesca." He asked had anyone read it, and then immediately: "Have you read it, Mr. Joyce?" A voice behind me said "Yes"; I looked around, and saw my first poet.

I grew very familiar with that figure in the next three years, and in my eyes it did not change much in the next forty. Tall, slim and elegant; an erect and loose carriage, an up-tilted, long, narrow head, with a chin that jutted out arrogantly; firm, tight shut mouth, blue eyes that for all their myopic look could glare suddenly or stare with indignant wonder; a high forehead that bulged under stiff-standing hair. Some of these items changed later. The elegant adumbration of a beard tentatively came and went, and the eyes that since then saw and suffered so much were obscured by powerful lenses; but the graceful figure and carriage remained the same, and the cane that replaced the famous ash-plant of his later Dublin days still swung casually, disguising but aiding the dimmed vision.

That is how he looked in Paris, where he lived in the years between the two wars, in different apartments from the Faubourg to the Invalides. The talk within might be as much in Italian as in French, but there were pictures by Jack Yeats looking down from the walls—pictures, I need hardly say, of Anna Liffey—and above them a great wood-carving of the Arms of Dublin, that once looked out on the Liffey herself. And gradually the spirit of Dublin would prevail. He would sing old Tudor songs and Dublin street ballads in an admirable tenor voice, trained years before in Dublin by Signor Palmieri when he won distinction at the Feis Ceoil in 1904. I once asked Joyce when was he coming back to Dublin. "Why should I?" he said. "Have I ever left it?" And, of course, he never really had. He contained Dublin. His knowledge of the town by inheritance, by observation, by memory was prodigious, and he was at pains to keep his picture of it up to date. When he challenged me to mention some new feature of Dublin to justify his return I could only instance the new smell of petrol. If Dublin were destroyed, his words could rebuild the houses; if its population were wiped out, his books could repeople it. Joyce was many things, but he was certainly the last forty volumes of Thom's Directory thinking aloud.

A FIGURE APART

In those early days, as since, Joyce was a figure apart. It would be easy to exaggerate his apparent arrogance and reserve. If he seemed arrogant and aloof it was in defence. Silently or with some abrupt, devastating phrase he stood in fierce defence of his own integrity—his liberty to think differently. He was far and away the most mature of our student group. We were all conscious of it; cheerfully and disrespectfully aware that he was in correspondence with Ibsen, Arthur Symons and William Archer, and that his verse was beginning to appear in the *Saturday Review*, and his prose in the *Fortnightly*. He was just past eighteen then, reading Danish as well as French and Italian, and his early papers in University College were curiously highly wrought and recondite performances. The casual allusion to the Nolan in the first sentence of the "Day of the Rabblement" is an instance of the out-of-the-way reading that kept us all guessing. His literary idols of that time—never, I think, to be overthrown—were Dante and Ibsen, and I cannot help thinking that he saw himself in relation to the Ireland of his day as the disdainful Florentine or as Ibsen among the Norse Nationalists.

MASTERY OF PROSE

His later life belongs to world literature, where his influence has been as widespread, as profound and as disruptive as Picasso in painting. He was as great a master of English prose as Yeats was of English verse—that is to say, he was one of the two greatest figures in contemporary English literature. In his last work he chose to abandon the writing of English and to formulate his own idiom. He shattered the categories of time and space, and sought, by the incantation of sound and otherwise, enormously to extend the sensitiveness of our apprehension. The success or failure of this experiment may not be considered here, but it is relevant to the two points which I am content to isolate. The first is the constant preoccupation with Dublin to which I have sufficiently referred, the other is more significant. Joyce lived much of his life in desperate and tragic suffering. We have had in Ireland many generous artists who have not hesitated to mix in public affairs. Joyce was not one of them. To preserve her independence for the sake of his art was with him a passion. It led him to more than one painful parting and through much suffering. The fierce intensity of his will made his life a struggle against circumstance. He followed his inflexible purpose in poverty, in exile, in physical suffering, in good and ill, and even in the manner of his literary expression, with a sort of heroism not easy to understand and certainly not common. The integrity and independence of the artist may be vilified to a catchword. It was the essence of Joyce. One might like at this moment to dwell on his loyalty, his courtesy, his gaiety amongst friends, the gallant companionship of his wife. In the end one comes back to this indomitable integrity of his, "holding to ancient nobleness that high unconsortable one."

WORTH HALF-A-DOZEN LEGATIONS

By Kenneth Reddin

The first time I met Joyce he was living in the Rue de Grenelle. I went down armed with a box of Olhausen's black puddings. I did this on Paddy Tuohy's advice—I mean on the advice of my friend, the late Patrick Tuohy, R.H.A., at that time living in Paris, having completed the now famous portrait of Joyce's father and one of Joyce himself. Tuohy wired me just in time, James's birthday was approaching. He loved Olhausen's black puddings. They recalled his student days in Dublin. So I came armed with them, and Tuohy and I enjoyed them, too, that night in the Rue de Grenelle.

The strongest man is he who stands most alone. Ibsen's dictum was especially true of Joyce in letters. He stood aloof from other writers, having set them a new fashion in prose. He remained completely islanded in his own consciousness, or rather in that of the Dublin of thirty years ago. In that consciousness he worked slowly, laboriously, with his failing sight, like a spider at the intricacies of his web. External contacts occurred, but unless they were relevant to the world of Dublin he had created he took no interest in them.

In his linen coat, his legs tucked under him on the divan, leaning back to ease the pain in his eyes, or listening to your news of the new Dublin, he looked a little bored and exotic. And the blond face, the neat moustache and the air of personal aloofness were a little chilling, conveying mostly that your news was no news at all to him. Which was probably true. His flat was full of Irish newspapers—even provincial ones—and I remember his quoting quips made by witnesses in my own court in Kilmainham.

One night dining in a restaurant—I think it was the Trianon, opposite the Mont Parnasse Station—he took Tuohy and myself on (as the phrase is) in an effort of photographic memory. After twenty years' absence he challenged us, who had just left Dublin, to name the shops from Amiens Street Station to the Pillar. First one side, and then down the other. Mostly he was three or four shops in front of us. When Tuohy and I left a gap, he filled it. When we named a new proprietor, he named, and regretted the passing of, the old. I remember his flat in the Rue de Grenelle, and, later, the one up off the Etoile. I remember them for him, for Mrs. Joyce's beautiful Galway voice, her hospitality and constant good humour; remember them for the good Irish whiskey they provided, for the Dublin street ballads sung by the host himself, and for the never-changing sense of a Dublin transported abroad.

I was the Irish delegate to the International Congress of P.E.N. in Paris in 1937. Immediately I arrived Joyce rang me. He subsequently attended one of the meetings, receiving an ovation, and delivered a speech on the pirated editions of "Ulysses" in America. At the banquet held at the close of the Congress he personally organised an Irish table, presided at it and, again receiving an ovation from a very distinguished literary gathering, made a short speech in reply to the toast 'Ireland." Afterwards in the *foyer* in the hotel a whole world of writers surrounded him.

Joyce was worth half a dozen Irish Legations in any country he had chosen to live in. All European writers knew of him, and he took care to let them know that he was Irish. In making Dublin famous he made Ireland famous in European letters.

MEMOIR OF THE MAN

By Arthur Power

It was with a shock that I read of the death of James Joyce in the *Irish Times* this morning. Bad news travels quickly even in war-time, and, in spite of the numerous difficulties, people have been asking since the surrender of Paris what had happened to James Joyce and where he was. Now we hear from Zurich that he is dead.

It is hard to write of a man whom one knew well, and who was a true and great friend, while still under the blow of his loss. For Joyce was a gentle and affectionate man who loved his friends, and, in turn, was loved by them. A stray and unknown Irishman in Paris, I experienced, for no other reason but affection, a constant kindness from him, while living very much alone there, for a number of years—years during which he was at the peak of his international fame: a fame which, though he appreciated it, never swerved him to forget the simple and real things of life—his family and his personal friends. His natural nobility was too great to have his balance of life upset by his rise to fame, though a fame as remarkable and widespread as any Irishman has experienced abroad.

A SIMPLE MAN

For though in intellect he was complicated by nature, he was a simple man: and a man of fine and delicate sensibility, as an artist must be. Indeed, his genius consisted of two main characteristics—great originality and great sensibility, which amounted to almost super-sensitiveness in his case. As a result, he avoided all excess and lived a very simple life. The programme of his day, when I knew him twenty and fifteen years ago, was generally as follows: He rose fairly late, unless there was purpose otherwise, and generally he went out to lunch in a neighbouring restaurant. After lunch he would return to his flat, somewhere about three, and work until six or seven in the evening; then he used to collect his family and go to dine at the restaurant of a Monsieur Casabelle, close to the Gare Montparnasse. There he would dine sparingly: the chief interest of the dinner being in the wine, of which he was a connoisseur. He would remain there until about nine-thirty, when he would return to his flat, near the Champs de Mars, where he used to remain until twelve or one in the morning discussing literature and various artistic personalities we knew. That was his day's programme, day after day, month after month, during that phase of his life.

As his sight was very bad, I used sometimes to read to him the Press cuttings, criticisms of his work, which poured in from different agencies from all parts of the world. When I had read an article, to which he listened very intently, he would make no remark, just a non-committal exclamation. After reading about five or six of these he would stop me, realising, perhaps, that I found it irksome to constantly read praise of another man's work. Then we would broach a bottle of Clos de Saint Patrice, a wine he had discovered while on holiday in the Midi, and we would discuss current artistic events and personalities.

Dublin always formed the chief topic of the conversation. Mostly silent himself, an observant onlooker, he appreciated in these conversations all manner of wit and *feu d'esprit*, but he could not bear anything in the nature of loose or bawdy talk, and he never discussed women.

HIS OUTLOOK

In general his outlook might be described as cynical—cynical in the sense that he did not think very much of this life. Indeed, I remember once on my way to dine with him at a restaurant near the Théâtre Odéon during a discussion turning in the street and asking him what his opinion was in regard to a future life. He just replied: "I don't think much of this."

And this melancholy was always with him—the melancholy of an idealist. You see it in "The Portrait of the Artist as a Young Man," this poetic idealism always struggling against the darker forces of realism—an idealism which in the end is almost overcome in "Ulysses." And that was the man, a sensitive and poetic idealist, at war—a tentative, but never a conclusive, war—against the dark forces of primitive nature. And as life went on he became more and more interested intellectually in the workings of these forces. But it was his intellect which took him on, not his nature; for the man himself remained detached from life. Indeed, I think he was the most detached man I ever knew—detached in his work and detached in his pleasure.

I often tried to push him into an avowal of faith, or of disbelief, on such vital issues as right and wrong, immortality or extinction; but I could never succeed. There was a common friend of ours, a French woman, an intellectual, who paraded herself very obviously as a Communist, but she was often to be met dining at expensive restaurants. I asked him how she reconciled it; he shrugged his shoulders at my earnestness and said: "People can reconcile anything." That answer was typical of him. Over everything he maintained, by an effort of will often, a neutral opinion; the intellect in him appeared paramount. But underneath this exterior he lived a life of strong emotions, strong likes and strong dislikes. I remember once at a party in his flat, probably in yet another effort to draw him, saying to him: "You are a man without feelings!" But I will never forget his looking up at me—his blue eyes greatly magnified by his strong glasses—with pained surprise, and saying: "My God—I a man without feelings!"

But what always worried me was how a man of his refined and delicate sensibility could have written the things he did write in "Ulysses." But I never got an answer from him. In one of my worst moods I hinted to him that he had done it to gain notoriety; but I had barely uttered it when I withdrew it all, convinced, as I was, from a thousand observations of his absolute integrity. He wrote what he did because he believed it should be written. And he spent years in obscurity and poverty because he would not change so much as a line of it.

THE END

Now he is dead, at the age of 58. Death lately has been having rich harvestings among our poets, writers, and artists—F. R. Higgins, James Joyce, Sir John Lavery—all within a week.

And no more shall I see him, or spend the Sundays with him as I used to spend them in the artificial grottoes under the Palais Blue at St. Cloud, drinking *café-au-lait* in the sunshine, looking out over the glass-like Seine, talking of the Dublin he and I knew, and arguing good-naturedly over our differences, or spend the evenings in his flat—the room dominated by a big portrait of his father by Patrick Tuohy—near the Champs de Mars, when he would break off his conversation with me to speak to his son about some family business in Italian—for the Joyces, curiously enough, always spoke Italian to one another—the result of their long sojourn in Trieste. Nor will I accept again his kind and constant invitations to dinner at Casabelles; or hear, as when I was lying ill, alone in my studio, the sound of his light footsteps coming up the steep and narrow stairs to inquire after me.

A man's kindness is even more important than his greatness; and in my loneliness in Paris he was my constant friend—the man whom all the world was anxious to meet. And not only was he kind, but all his family as well; his wife, and his children; a charming and human family. Everywhere he went he carried Ireland and Dublin with him, in his mind and heart. He is gone, and Dublin remains, will remain; and yet the majority of the world only knows Dublin through the medium of his personality, the personality of James Joyce. Such is the function of the artist.

INDUSTRY SHOULD BE PLANNED

LOSS FROM STRIKES AND UNEMPLOYMENT

PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS TO ENGINEERS

THE urgent necessity for a representative Commission to examine thoroughly and report on our industrial system, and for compulsory arbitration to deal with all labour disputes, was commented upon by Mr. Warren Storey, M.I.E.E., M.I.C.E. (I.), in his presidential address to the members of the Engineering and Scientific Association.

Mr. Storey, speaking of the industrial position, expressed the view that in spite of improvement in social services he could not help thinking that the life of the country slowly was being poisoned by prejudice, by dependence on the Government, by people who thought that the Government could do everything, by the prejudice of people who thought it could do nothing, and by constantly recurring strikes. Substantial progress could not be made in industry until the relations between master and man were placed on a firmer footing and a saner understanding was established, free from suspicion, and based on the realisation that while the labourer was worthy of his hire, there must be a better knowledge of economic and competitive difficulties, and without interference from politicians and intellectuals.

TOO MANY STRIKES

"In a country like ours," he said, "there must be freedom to develop associations of masters and of men, but I suggest that there is a serious responsibility when what may be a legitimate, if undesirable, weapon, is used to injure the State itself and the entire life of the country. At a lecture in Dublin some little time ago a member of the Dail stated that from 1929 to 1932, four thousand workers a year were on strike or locked out; from '33 to '36 that figure was 9,000, and from '37 to '38 20,000 workers a year. From '34 to '37 13,744 workers a year had been on strike, or 3.2 per cent. of the whole population at work, except in farming and in the Civil Service. In the period 1929/38 there were 941 stoppages, involving 95,569 workers, and resulting in the loss of 3,346,000 working hours. The losses amounted to millions of pounds."

Having referred to the urgent necessity for a commission on the industrial system, Mr. Storey said that partnership and co-operation, under the guidance of men who had served their apprenticeship and had qualified for the job, also were required. The urgent question of unemployment should be considered, and an essential part of the commission's work should be the introduction of a system that would ensure suitable compensation to the worker with good service who was thrown out of employment owing to changes in working systems or by economic conditions or other unavoidable circumstances, and so remove the element of risk and uncertainty that haunted the lives of such individuals who were unable to provide for such disastrous contingencies.

DEMOCRACY ON TRIAL

"I trust," he said, "that the new Government Commission, which I understand is to inquire into this urgent national matter, will tackle all aspects of the problems, otherwise it will merely act as a sedative and result in waste of public money. Democracy is on its trial to-day: if it is to succeed and be permanent, greater vision is essential. We must examine the causes and cure of unemployment both in our rural districts and in our towns and cities.

Mr. Storey said that mechanical efficiency should not be made a god to which all should be sacrificed; neither should technocracy be exploited in a mad scramble for individual wealth. Individual craftsmanship, as well as social responsibility, demanded support and encouragement.

Production, said the speaker, must be increased by intelligent methods and hard work, and money would increase accordingly, but producer and worker must co-operate, and by doing so maintain a decent standard of living.

Referring to the development in electrical engineering, the President said he hoped that eventually the advantage to be gained by electrification of our suburban railways will become practical politics, provided it was possible to show a reasonable return on the additional capital expenditure in changing over from steam.

Speaking of a link-up of industry and education, he emphasised the necessity for connecting educational courses with works experience, remarking that in other countries an invaluable partnership was encouraged, and large works had opened their research and works laboratories for university graduates. If the machine age was adversely affecting the quality of individual craftsmanship, the restrictions imposed by certain trades confining the entrance of apprentices to their particular trade to sons of members were not alone retrograde, but eventually must lower the standard of craftsmanship, and discourage parents of promising boys from permitting them to pursue a technical education, while technical school classes would solely be for the benefit of group labour.

A vote of thanks was passed to Mr. Storey on the proposal of Mr. A. H. Masser, outgoing president (who presided), seconded by Mr. F. Parkes.

On the proposal of Mr. E. C. Bredin, seconded by Mr. E. Joynt, a vote of thanks was passed to the outgoing president for his work during the year.

The report and accounts, which were adopted, indicated the thriving condition of the association, eighteen new members and two students having joined it during the past year.

SONG AND PIANO RECITALS

BRUCE FLEGG AND RHONA MARSHALL

The musical recitals were resumed at the Royal Dublin Society, Ballsbridge, yesterday, the performers being Bruce Flegg (vocalist) and Rhona Marshall (pianiste). Familiar to Dublin audiences both on the concert platform and operatic stage, Mr Flegg presented in the afternoon a selection of nine songs from the Dichterliebe—that lovely work of Schumann. The singer showed an easy familiarity with the German text, and the message of the delightful little poems was delivered in those well-turned phrases that fit so aptly the music. The setting lay nicely on the singer's voice, so that he was always over his work, the only blemish being a tendency now and then to sing off the note. In his later group there was some vigorous singing, notably in Vaughan Williams's "Hugh's song of the road." Hely Hutchinson's setting of the old lay, "Adam lay i'bounden," was given with a fine sense of interpretation, as was also Hamilton Harty's beautiful song, "The Stranger's Grave." At night Mr. Flegg was very happy in a group of Schubert songs, "Geheimes" was excellently coloured, and there was a splendid vitality in his treatment of "Der Musenholm."

Eileen Coyle, Mus.B., gave him artistic support as accompanist.

Rhona Marshall was one of the most brilliant products of the Royal Irish Academy of Music, winning every distinction that the Academy had to offer for pianoforte playing. She also had signal successes at the Feis Ceoil and other festivals, and is now on the teaching staff of the Academy. As she showed yesterday, her playing has lost none of its art. Her presentation of the Beethoven Sonata, No. 1 of Opus 27, brought out not only a polished technique, but an illuminating understanding of a work which is not too often heard. It is overshadowed by the more popular "Moonlight" Sonata, which is the Second of Opus 27. There was admirable restraint in the opening of the Andante, but this did not take from the brightness or liveliness of the movement. The Adagio was very expressive with a well marked rhythm. In her second group, however, the player was somewhat heavy-handed in the "Remembrance" of Esposito—at any rate in the earlier section, where the effect was too forceful. Kieseking's arrangement of the Strauss "Standchen" was very delicate in its treatment, and led the way to some very colourful playing in the Fantaisie in F minor, Op. 49, of Chopin, a work that demanded high technical ability and great refinement. The pedal control here was very effective.

Peach

For those beautiful skins of lovely velvet softness, usually medium brunettes of creamy colouring (and also certain blondes) this shade gives perfect skin-matching. Many women claim that it is ideal for artificial lighting. It is blended to give a true warm fresh tint.

You should carefully note the following information about Pond's powder, and it applies to all six shades. Firstly, it is so delightfully fine it cannot cause skin-clogging or pore enlargement (often the cause of blackheads and other skin blemishes) secondly, because of this wonderful fineness it will stay on through the longest dance on the warmest night.

Pond's powders are available in six shades—Peach, Apricot, Natural, Rachel I, Rachel II, and Dark Brunette (Sun-tan).

POND'S FACE POWDER — Pond's Face Powder

POND'S NON-DETECTABLE Powder

Actx

MOTOR POWER FROM ANTHRACITE

DEMONSTRATION IN DUBLIN

At the premises of Autocars (Ireland), Limited, Fenian street, Dublin, yesterday there took place an interesting demonstration of a novel method of supplying power for motor lorries which, should the present shortage of petrol persist for any length of time, would very materially help business concerns—notably those in long distance transport service—to overcome difficulties. A three ton lorry was used for the demonstration. To it was attached a sort of boiler in which anthracite coal is burned to generate a coal gas. The engine is started in the ordinary way with petrol. A rag soaked in petrol is put into the flue from the anthracite chamber and the suction from the engine fans the fuel into life.

The operation from the starting of the engine to the generation of the gas in the chamber takes three minutes forty seconds. From the producing chamber the gas passes through pipes to a cooling chamber, placed over the driver's head, and thence to a filter through which it passes before reaching the cylinders in the engine.

A COMPARISON

It is claimed that with petrol at two shillings a gallon the running of this particular three-ton truck would cost 4.42 pence per mile over a 500 mile-journey. Compared with that, the same journey on the same truck driven by this new method of anthracite gas, even allowing for the increased engine maintenance, would cost only 3.59 pence per mile. The total weight of the apparatus is approximately 5 cwt., but Mr. G. P. Elsy, of Autocars (Ireland), Ltd., said that while at the moment it is only being turned out for heavy lorries, it could be scaled down for use with smaller delivery vans and for private cars in the form of a trailer.

On a 200-mile journey 2 cwts. of anthracite would be required, and the driver would have to carry an extra bag of the coal on the lorry until such time as anthracite could be purchased in any town. The process would mean that the driver would have to do a little stoking—a dirtier operation than handling petrol. There is also to be taken into account a reduction of about 20 per cent. in engine horse-power. In the present stage of development the process is only suitable for long runs, but already there are over 1,000 vehicles driven by this new method of producer-gas in operation on the roads, and the number is steadily increasing.

A TRIAL RUN

The driver in yesterday's demonstration has already had an out and back journey to Rosscommon, and found he could travel at 36 miles an hour. His only trouble was on one or two hills, but this could be got over by an arrangement which would enable the engine to be "boosted" by petrol on steep gradients. The engine would also need to be overhauled after every 15,000 miles instead of after 30,000 miles, which is the normal period for overhaul with the petrol-driven engine.

The cost of the entire apparatus is £110, and it would take about one week to fit it up. There have been many inquiries received by the firm in connection with the matter.

The demonstration yesterday was witnessed by Captain Drury, Transport Manager of Messrs. W. and R. Jacob; Mr. Watson, Manager of the Court Laundry, and Mr. Flinn, representing Urney's Chocolates.

"PARACHUTE TRAINING BEFORE FIGHT"

ASSOCIATD PRESS.

BERLIN, Monday.

Max Schmeling, the German heavy-weight, has been refused leave from the Army to accept a challenge from Heinz Lazek, the Viennese boxer, for the European championship because "his parachute training has reached a stage which demands supreme exertion and the most intense concentration."

German sporting circles interpreted this to mean that extensive parachute operations were in the offing.

Late in October Max Schmeling broke a leg during a practice jump, but he has completely recovered now and resumed training. His actress wife, Anny Ondra, observed today: "Max will fight soon, but not in the boxing ring."

Smokers' 'Fur'

How to detect it— How to prevent it

Try this now. Run your tongue round your mouth — do you notice it . . . a rough woolly feeling. Smokers' fur has got a hold, and is staining your teeth. But don't worry, you can stop this fur from ruining the look of your teeth.

Dentists know smokers' fur is caused by excess acid in the mouth. Kill the acid and you shift the fur. What is the scientific way to destroy mouth acid? 12,000 dentists say 'Milk of Magnesia' brand antacid is the most effective antacid known. They recommend smokers to use the toothpaste containing 'Milk of Magnesia'—the only toothpaste containing it — Phillips' Dental Magnesia.

Commence fighting mouth acid tonight. Get a tube of Phillips' Dental Magnesia and clean your teeth with it each night and morning. Then you'll feel the difference; no more morning mouth; no more stale breath. Instead you'll have teeth which look clean, feel clean, are clean; a sweet mouth to give new zest to smoking. A mouth that will say Good morning! and mean it.

6d., 10½d. and 1/6. *Sold everywhere.*

Phillips' Dental Magnesia

★ 'Milk of Magnesia' is the trade mark of Phillips' preparation of Magnesia.

A 12-year-old boy, who took five children, aged between 6 and 12, for a "joy ride" in a car was fined £4 at Luton yesterday for driving when under age and for having no third party insurance. Summonses against his father for permitting the offences were dismissed. He was ordered to pay the £4. The car had been bought cheaply for the boy to practise engineering, and the father said that he had removed the plugs to prevent him driving it on to the road, but the boy had replaced them.

Horses in Training

TULLY HOUSE STABLE

By Our Curragh Correspondent.

MR. H. M. HARTIGAN had a very good season of it last year, and his horses won in all seventeen races. A remarkable feature was that of his ten two-year-olds in training, eight won. These included the smashing Etoile de Lyons, who is wintering well and will be a formidable candidate for the classic events this season. Etoile de Lyons ran Fair Ina to a neck at Leopardstown early in the year, and then won over the same course in July. This victory put the colt by Coup de Lyon—Rose of Jericho strongly in the running for the Phœnix Plate, of £1,500, but he knocked up against the sharper Enchantress, then at the top of her form. Next he won the Probationers' Stakes at the Curragh, and wound up by scoring readily over the seven furlongs at Leopardstown in November, beating Tiverton. Parkside and Kittle were other smart two-year-old winners, and these are all in readiness for the fresh campaign.

Libre Telegrammes and Bellahoiston are gone to the stud, and both Prada and Pancha are due shortly to retire to the paddocks. Citadel ran far below expectations in the Red Cross Steeplechase, but he is a horse to be followed, and, no doubt, too, both he and Bell at Bon will be placed by this most experienced of trainers to win valuable races.

Apart from his strong string of three-year-olds and older horses, he has some most promising two-year-olds, most of whom will make their mark in due course. The Aga Khan has here in training for many important engagements four fillies of the first rank, in looks and pedigree. No doubt, this will be justified in actual performance. The Bahram—Becti youngster is sharp and should be one of the earliest to be ripe for racing, and the daughter of Felicitation—Mrs. Rustom is also likely to come early to hand. The filly by Bahram — Queen of Scots and Tana, by Caerleon, are very beautiful fillies, but backward.

Miss P. Murray's chestnut filly by Felicitation from Kissoue, a half-sister to the good winner, Colorado Kid, is racing-like, and so also is the brown gelding by Knight of the Garter, owned in partnership by Miss B. O'Malley and Miss A. Mitchell.

Mr. James McLean has four charming fillies. Sure to win races are the bay by Fairway from Phi-Phi and the brown by Caerleon—Carrea, two fillies with beautiful quality. A nice big chestnut is the daughter of Furrokh Siyar from the Ascot winner and good brood mare, Miss Sport. She was the dam of Gamesmaster and other useful winners of valuable races. The filly by Fairford is out of Cyl Mollusca, also the dam of a lot of winners.

The trainer's own youngsters number half-a-dozen. They are all splendidly bred and, so far, they have given their owner evidence of a considerable measure of usefulness.

Mr. Hartigan will again have first claim on the services of the smart light-weight, G. Wells, who, among other successes during last season, rode The Gripper to victory in the Irish Cesarewitch. The apprentices, D. O'Regan and B. Duffy, are good boys.

The Tully House trainer is as well largely identified with the breeding of thoroughbreds, and at the Tara Stud, Co. Meath, he has the two young stallions, Edgehill and Bel-Ami. The former, the property of Mr. James McLean, is by Bosworth—Edgelaw, and the latter by Bulger out of Love Charm, by Hurry On. Edgehill won ten races, including the Britannia Stakes at Ascot, and was placed in nine other races, while Bel-Ami won six races at two and three years old, and was placed second four times and third twice.

HORSES IN TRAINING.

Citadel, ch. g., aged, by Caerleon—Golden Centipede.
Harland, b. g., aged, by Apelle—Huzzah.
Royal Avenue, b. h., aged, by Embargo—Minden Maid.
Bel et Bon, b. g., aged, by Cannobie—Bonne et Belle.
Benedict, b. g., 6 yrs., by Salamis—Beg Pardon.
Prada, ch. m., 6 yrs., by The MacNab—Pasceline II.
Pancha, ch. m., 5 yrs., by Gold Bridge—Diomedia.
Jonario, b. c., 4 yrs., by Solario—Jonah's Trace.
Falkirk, ch. g., 4 yrs., by Winalot—Calodonia.
J. W., ch. g., 4 yrs., by Bard of Avon—Impatience.
Woodside, b. f., 4 yrs., by Furrokh Siyar—Princess Argosy.

THREE-YEAR-OLDS.

Blancairn, br. c. by Blanding—Drumcairn.
Slightly Slow, b. g. by Wychwood Abbot—Telegraphic Address.
Poolfix, b. c. by Link Boy—Lady of Grace.
Prince Mafia, b. g. by Prince Galahad—Mafia.
Parkside, b. f. by Furrokh Siyar—Princess Argosy.
Kittle, b. f. by Solenoid—Kittywink.
Etoile de Lyons, ch. c. by Coup de Lyon—Rose of Jericho.

TWO-YEAR-OLDS.

Baby Bibi, b. f. by Bahram—Beckit.
Myers, b. f. by Felicitation—Mrs. Rustom.
Queen of Stud, b. f. by Bahram—Queen of Scots.
Tana, ch. f. by Fairway—Tai Shirin.
Un, f. by Felicitation—Kissoue.
Br. g. by Knight of the Garter—Una Belle.
B. f. by Fairway—Phi-Phi.
Br. f. by Caerleon—Carrea.
Ch. f. by Furrokh Siyar—Miss Sport.
B. f. by Fairford—Cyl Mollusca.
B. g. by Colorado Kid—Fieldfaze.
Br. f. by Lonningdale—Marjorie-Doris.
Ch. f. by Furrokh Siyar—Waladia.
Br. f. by Achtenan—Kyleogue.
Ch. g. by Knight of the Garter—Kittywink.
B. f. by Furrokh Siyar—Actress.

Owners—H.H. the Aga Khan, Captain G. S. L. Whitelaw, Mr. I. Adlestone, Mr. James McLean, Miss P. Murray, Miss B. O'Malley, Miss A. Mitchell, and self.

Jockey—G. Wells (7st. 10lb.). Apprentices—D. O'Regan (7st. 10lb.), B. Duffy (6st. 10lb.).

Association Football

Centre-forwards and their Goals

M. O'FLANAGAN, who went to the top of the list of League of Ireland scorers as a result of his three goals for Bohemians on Saturday, also enjoys the record of having scored more of his team's goals than any other player in any other team. He has scored 11 out of 17, which gives him a proportion of 64.7 per cent.; but before Saturday he had a slightly better proportion—8 out of 12, or 66.6 per cent.

The next highest scorers are Johnston, of Waterford, with 9 goals out of 26 (34.6 per cent.) and Clark, of Shamrock Rovers, with 9 out of 21 (42.9 per cent.). Bradshaw, of St. James's Gate, has scored 8 out of 15 (53.3 per cent.); Bryan, of Dundalk, has scored 6 out of 12 (50 per cent.), and MacNamara, of Drumcondra, has scored 6 out of 15 (40 per cent.). All the players named are centre-forwards. Cork United's top scorer, however, is an outside-right, O'Reilly, who has scored 5 out of 15 (33.3 per cent.).

Dunne (Shamrock Rovers) has scored 5 goals, while the following players have 4 goals each to their credit:—Carroll (Brideville), Doran (Bray Unknowns), McCarthy (Cork United), O'Keefe (Waterford), Leeney (Bray), O'Driscoll (Waterford), Madden (Cork), Coad (Waterford), and P. Smith (St. James's Gate).

Next Week-End

The uncertainty of almost every match keeps interest in the League as keen as at any stage of the competition. Next week-end will see another series of games of which it would be daring to predict the results. Two of them are vital to the League leadership; for the teams engaged are the four at the top of the table.

Shamrock Rovers meet Waterford at Milltown and Cork United meet St. James's Gate at Cork. Should Rovers and Waterford draw, the winners at Cork would go to the top of the League, while, no matter what happens at Milltown, the winners of the other game certainly will become second in the table. A win at Milltown and a draw at Cork would leave three teams equal in second place.

Saturday's only match, between Shelbourne and Drumcondra, should, on the form up to the present, be won by Drumcondra; but Shelbourne cannot afford to lose any more points, and a win on Saturday — Bray Unknowns having no match—would enable them to get away from the last place in the table. They showed a great improvement at Cork on Sunday, and it is possible that they are now going to play as a team, with players of such quality should play.

Limerick have Dundalk as visitors, and this match will let us know if Dundalk are as good as their last two matches suggest. The topsy-turveydom of form is seen in the fact that Waterford beat Dundalk 5-0, and Bohemians beat Waterford 5-1, yet, Dundalk beat Bohemians 4-0. Limerick were beaten at home by Bohemians, and Dundalk certainly should win on Sunday next; but then Brideville should have won on Sunday last, and they did not.

Brideville are at their worst at home, and Bohemians should beat them. If the amateurs go after goals, and plenty of them, they may on goal average move into fourth place in the table.

Savon's Neck Win at Nottingham

GERRY WILSON and Reg Hobbs, leading jockey and trainer under National Hunt Rules this season, had three winners at Nottingham yesterday. They were Savon, Golden Knight and Tweedledee II. Wilson has now ridden fourteen winners, and this was the third occasion that he has landed a treble.

Golden Knight had proved no match for Glass Slipper at Worcester on Saturday. He was saddled again for the Colwick Handicap Chase, and had little difficulty in beating Kerlogra and Richlun.

Hobbs has done well to win a race with Savon, who had the better of a close finish with Rockquilla in the Edwalton Steeplechase. Savon broke down in both forelegs two and a half years ago, and had his first race since he recovered when he ran at Cheltenham last month.

Tweedledee II. may have been a fortunate winner of the Gunthorpe Steeplechase. His task was made easier when the favourite, Carlon, fell at the third fence. Ocultor, narrowly beaten by Empire Breeze at Worcester on Saturday, again had to be content with second place. He was well beaten, however, by Tweedledee II when the winning post was reached. W. Parvin injured his ribs when Up-to-Date fell. He was taken to the Nottingham General Hospital.

Interlaken had run so well at the last meeting here that it was no surprise to find him well backed for the Nottingham Handicap Hurdle. He had a pull of 7lb. with his previous conqueror, Apellity, and this proved sufficient to enable him to turn the tables. As the last hurdle was approached six horses were in a bunch. They included the first three and Jubilee Navy, Lathom and Steel Blade.

Silver Bugle won his first race under these rules when he beat Listor and the fancied L'Aigoual in the Maiden Hurdle. He had shown great promise the season before last, but the results of a fall in the National Hunt Juvenile Steeplechase at Cheltenham in 1939 kept him off the racecourse until he ran at Cheltenham last month.

Law Court was successful for the second time this season when he won the Stoke Selling Hurdle. Walter Nightingall let him pass out of the stable to Lady Daresbury for 165 guineas at the subsequent auction.

12.30—STOKE SELLING HURDLE of £93. 2 m.
Mr. W. Nightingall's b. g. LAW COURT, by Tolgus—By-Law, a. 12-0 ..... S. Magee 1
Mr. A. Hedley's SHELTON, 6, 11-10 ..... G. Wilson 2
Mr. E. K. Hawtin's SAY NOWT, a. 12-0 ..... T. Rimell 3

Also ran—Skilful (J. Ward), Bright Boy (R. Smyth), Transit (Mr. S. Midgley) Albion (W. Parvin), Jack Bust (Mr. P. Vaux), Galydon II. (W. Parker), Greek Archer (J. Richardson). (Winner trained by W. Nightingall.)

Betting—11 to 8 on LAW COURT, 4 to 1 agst. Say Nowt 13 to 2 Shelton, 10 to 1 Bright Boy, 20 to 1 any other. Tote (2/-)—Win 3/6; places 2/3, 2/3, 2/3.

Won by 8l.; a short head. Albion 4th, Jack Bust last.

1.0—EDWALTON STEEPLECHASE of £117. 3 m.
Major L. Montagu's b. g. SAVON, by Schiavoni—Saffron, a. 11-12 ..... G. Wilson 1
Lord Bicester's ROCKQUILLA, a. 11-12 ..... T. Carey 2
Lady Daresbury's DON COSSACK, a. 10-10 ..... W. Bissill 3

(Winner trained by R. Hobbs.)

Betting—7 to 4 on SAVON, 7 to 4 agst. Rockquilla, 25 to 1 Don Cossack. Tote (2/-)—Win, 2/6. Won by a neck; bad third.

1.30—NOTTINGHAM HANDICAP HURDLE RACE of £117. 2 m.
Mr. G. Beeby's ch. g. INTERLAKEN, by Apelle—Blue Lake, a. 11-7 ..... T. Carey 1
Mrs. D. P. Dick's APELLITY, a. 11-2 ..... W. Hollick 2
Mr. Gillson's ACCEPT, a. 10-9 ..... A. Goodwill 3

Also ran—Steel Blade (A. Smyth), Mahalo (R. Smyth), Jubilee Day (S. Magee), Lathom (D. Bonham), Louis (J. Doyle), Jubilee Navy (G. Potts). (Winner trained by Beeby.)

Betting—11 to 8 agst. INTERLAKEN, 4 to 1 Apellity 7 to 1 Mahalo, 8 to 1 Steel Blade, 10 to 1 Accept 100 to 8 Jubilee Navy, 100 to 7 each Jubilee Day and Lathom, 20 to 1 any other. Tote (2/-)—Win, 5/- places 2/9, 3/3, 4/3.

Won by 4l.; a short head. Jubilee Navy 4th, and Jubilee Day last.

2.0—COLWICK HANDICAP STEEPLECHASE of £117. 2½ m.
Mr. E. Bailey's b. g. GOLDEN KNIGHT, by Golden Orb—Dark Frost, a. 11-8 ... G. Wilson 1
Mr. J. Ismay's KERBOGA, 10-5 ..... T. Crabb 2
Mrs. A. E. Phillips's RIGHTUN, a. 11-10 ..... T. Rimell 3

Also ran—Sawfish (Mr. M. Tate), Bachcha Sahib (T. Carey), Woodside Terrace (D. L. Jones), Coire-an-Dhuich (E. Taylor). (Winner trained by R. Hobbs.)

Betting—7 to 2 each agst. GOLDEN KNIGHT, and Rightun, 9 to 2 each Bachcha Sahib, Woodside Terrace and Kerboga; 8 to 1 Sawfish, 20 to 1 Coire-an-Dhuich. Tote (2/-)—Win, 12/6; places, 3/6, 3/-, 3/3.

Won by 6l.; 8l. Woodside Terrace 4th, Coire-an-Dhuich last.

2.30—MAIDEN HURDLE RACE of £117. 2 m.
Lord Penrhyn's ch. m. SILVER BUGLE, by Cri de Guerre—Argentan, 6, 12-0 ... T. Isaac 1
Mr. A. Hedley's LISTOR, 6, 12-0 ..... G. Wilson 2
Mr. V. Smyth's L'AIGOUAL, 6, 12-0 ... R. Smyth 3

Also ran—Uncle Archie (D. Doyle), St. Swithin (T. Rimell), Capsolin (W. Hollick), Kallias II. (W. Kidney), Foreign Legion (A. Goodwill), Romp Away (Captain J. Hislop), Stantead (W. Redmond), Fermete (Captain P. Rawlins), Happy Thoughts (Mr. P. Vaux), Chrysolite (F. Morgan), Oklahoma Kid (S. Magee), Dundun (N. Sawers), April Sunshine (E. C. Brown). (Winner trained by Norris.)

Betting — 5 to 2 l'Aigoual, 7 to 2 Happy Thoughts, 6 to 1 Fermete, 7 to 1 Listor, 100 to 8 each SILVER BUGLE, Foreign Legion, Capsolin and Kallias II., 100 to 7 each Oklahoma Kid and Uncle Archie, 20 to 1 any other. Tote (2/-)—Win, 39/-; places, 8/9, 7/3, 3/6.

Won by 1l.; a head. Capsolin 4th, Foreign Legion last.

3.0—GUNTHORPE STEEPLECHASE of £83. 2 m.
Mrs. M. Scott's b. m. TWEEDLEDEE II., by Twink—Kippy, 11-3 ..... G. Wilson 1
Mr. E. Platt's OCULTOR, 11-10 ..... T. Rimell 2
Mr. T. Vann's FAR COTTON, 11-3 ... C. Brown 3

Also ran—Vitement (T. Crabb), Carlon (S. Magee), Gaudy Boy (A. Goodwill), Knight of Glyn (W. Redmond), Ravendale (Captain J. Hislop), Up-to-Date (W. Parvin), Flying Phantom (Mr. P. Vaux), Paradise Club (C. W. Taylor). (Winner trained by R. Hobbs.)

Betting — 11 to 8 agst. Carlon, 9 to 2 TWEEDLEDEE II., 8 to 1 each Vitement and Far Cotton, 10 to 1 each Ravendale and Oculter, 100 to 7 Knight of Glyn, 20 to 1 any other. Tote (2/-)—Win, 9/3; places, 2/9, 4/3, 3/-.

Won by 8l.; bad third. Only placed horses finished.

TOTE DOUBLE (10/- stake) — Interlaken and Silver Bugle. Dividend, £100 15/-; pool, £537; 5 winning tickets.

Two Useful Sides

The teams for the match next Saturday week were announced over the week-end, and while, as usual, there are differences of opinion about some of the selections, two useful sides have been chosen and the game, no doubt, will be an attractive one, without having the same interest as if it preceded the picking of an Irish team.

The selectors of the Universities side had, I think, a much easier task than those entrusted with the picking of the Rest XV. To begin with, their scope of choice was more limited, and they also had better material to draw from. C. Nolan, of U.C.D., picked as full-back for the first time, is somewhat in the nature of an experimental choice, but he has been showing useful form for National and may well turn out a success.

K. O'Flanagan, S. D. Walsh and W. J. Higson, who figure in the three-quarter line, were obvious selections, but the picking of S. Gill, of University College, Galway, on the left wing was not expected, it being generally accepted that D. R. Doyle, of Trinity, would fill this position. The Trinity half-backs, E. A. Carry and H. de Lacy, came on to the side automatically, and most of the forwards may be said to have picked themselves.

K. O'Flanagan.

It is a nice tribute to University College, Galway, to have two of their forwards—D. O'Malley and P. L. Horan—included, and the former has been elected to captain the team.

The players selected are well distributed over the Universities, U.C.D. having four representatives, Trinity, Galway and Queen's, Belfast, three each and Cork two.

The most serious rival to C. Murphy for the full-back position on The Rest XV. was probably D. Thorpe, of Old Belvedere; but, while the latter would likely acquit himself right well, Murphy is the sounder player. The non-selection of F. G. Moran and the inclusion of N. Barrett (Dolphin) in the three-quarter line will probably be the most criticised point about the Selection Committee's work for Moran is still the most dangerous scoring wing three-quarter playing and is always capable of winning a match on his own account.

G. J. Morgan also has been overlooked, but it is, in his case, probably due to his not wishing to play in any further representative games. S. G. McComb, who fills the scrum-half position, has not been showing very good form and many would prefer C. C. Fox.

The forwards include D. O'Loughlin, who last year played for the Universities. J. Owens, of Galway Corinthians, picked as wing-forward, is one of the lightest men ever selected for the position, but is clever and fast and has already played for Ireland in a junior Association international game.

Saturday's "Inter-Pro."

The Ulster team to meet Munster at Belfast next Saturday is completely different to the one that played at Limerick in the first encounter between these provinces. It will be remembered that so many of the chosen players had to cry off that it was merely a skeleton team that went down to Limerick with little prospect of success, but it surprised everyone by beating Munster by 14 points to 11 points.

The side selected for next Saturday's match includes W. H. Clements, the Welsh wing three-quarter; J. Ellis, English scrum-half; S. Walker and G. E. Cromey, Irish internationals; and W. J. Higson, picked as centre for the Universities, plays as wing three-quarter.

It is a strong team and Munster will have to show vastly improved form to hold a chance of winning.

Rugby Football

The Closest Approach to an International Trial

By Our Rugby Football Correspondent.

IN normal times Rugby enthusiasts would now be entering on the most interesting period of the season, the period when all the players' form would be summed up with a view to selecting the teams to represent Ireland in the international games. The inter-provincial matches arouse plenty of interest, but of a different kind, and the annual final trial match prior to the picking of the first international side was by many looked upon as the game next in importance to the internationals.

There will be no Probables v. Possibles match this season, and the big event will be the Universities v. Rest of Ireland at Lansdowne road on Saturday, January 25.

A good deal of the glamour goes out of Rugby when there is not the prospect of Ireland engaging the other countries and possibly beating some of them, if not winning the triple crown and championship. While things are as they are, however, followers of the code in Ireland have much to be thankful for in that the game is carried on as it is.

In Leinster, Munster and Connacht club games are kept going much as usual, and in Ulster, too, there is a certain amount of play every Saturday, while the schools all over the country have their matches and competitions as usual.

H. de Lacy.

Petrol Restrictions and Sport

By HAROLD C. BROWN

A VERY great deal has been written in the past week about the shortage of petrol in Eire and the reduction of the "unit" from 1½ gallons to a quarter of a gallon, and a certain amount of what has been written has been illogical, to put it inoffensively. It should have been obvious that we would not continue to be supplied with petrol on a scale that permitted of our ration being about twice as generous as the British motorist's; for petrol is as much a munition of war as is a gun or a shell, and, in addition to that, it is a munition that has to be carried to these islands at the risk of British seamen's lives. We were lucky to get so much of it for so long.

At the same time the suspension of supplies came rather as a shock to most people, and the Government is being blamed by those who taxed their cars for 1941, or the first quarter of it, for not being more frank about the prospects. The Government, however, may have hoped to make some arrangement that would have permitted of a more satisfactory allowance than one-sixth of the previous ration, and, without knowing facts that may never be revealed, one should hesitate too readily to condemn them.

Small as the private motorist's allowance may be in the future, he is free to use that allowance as he chooses If he decides to lay up his car during the week, travelling to business by public transport, and to use his petrol ration for a short trip into the country with his family on Saturday or Sunday, he is within his rights in doing so. If he decides to use his ration for such purposes as conveying him to the theatre, to a race-course or a football match, he is at liberty to do so; and if he elects to conserve his petrol supplies for the sporting purpose of taking part in reliability trials he need not make any apology for the fact.

At least one of our motor cycling clubs has, I know, being worrying itself about the propriety of running trials. Its directors have been asking themselves if it is patriotic to so encourage the use of fuel which is needed for essential services. It is no less patriotic than the using of cars for other purposes of sport and pleasure. If the Government says, "Petrol must be used only for business activities," the position changes, but until it does, the sporting driver and rider is entitled to use his ration for his particular form of pleasure with as clear a conscience as any other motorist. There must be no suggestion that motor sport is less important than other pleasurable activity that involves the use of petrol, no suggestion that the members of our clubs are less entitled than any other section of the community to a free choice in deciding how they will use their rations.

Fancy Meeting You

A FEW nights ago, in the Services' Club in Liverpool, two sailors, one an Australian Navy bloke and the other a Chief Petty Officer attached to a hospital in the city, where he had been having repairs effected after a couple of sinkings, got into conversation.

One bit of news was exchanged for another. The C.P.O. said he came from Belfast. The Australian said he used to live there. Motors were mentioned. Both showed interest. What do you know about it, someone asked.

It turned out that the Australian was Bertie Woodburn, who competed at the Red Brae hill-climb about 15 years ago, when Red Brae really was a big show, drawing thousands of spectators; and the other, almost needless to say, was George Savage, whose motor cycling career I have detailed so often that I won't repeat it.

Ford's New Product

THE United States motor industry, I learn, is greatly impressed by a new type of Army scout car to be built by Fords for the U.S. War Department. Fords, it seems, won a 1,387,500-dollar contract for light combat cars, which are to replace motor cycles equipped with machine-guns.

The cars are for machine-gun units operating over rough country, and they will, it is believed, give greater speed and mobility than is possessed by the German Panzer divisions.

The cars, carrying a quarter-ton load, are the lightest to come from the U.S. motor industry. They are to have a four-cylinder Ford engine; but a similar type of car with a Continental engine also is being built.

PATLAND TO BE HELD.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Leinster Motor Club last night it was decided to proceed with the organisation of the Patland Cup, Ireland's premier motor cycle trial, which is to be held on 25th January.

Hewison Result

FOR some time there had been no doubt that R. B. S. Le Fanu would win the Hewison Memorial Trophy competition, but the second place was undecided till the last trial had been held. In order that it may go "on record" I give the names of the first 25 drivers, with the marks of the first twelve:—

Le Fanu, 39; Pringle, 37; Gill, 36; Harvey, 32; Besson, 30; Archer, 28 Moran, 28; Mason, 26; O'Reilly, 25; Gorman, 19; Cahill, 17; Stokes, 15; Manders, Miss Pringle, "A. Clifford," O'Clery, Sharpe, Mangan, Gibney, Callow, "Barlee," Stewart, "Rick," Gill and West.

Le Fanu had not been prominent in car trials till last year, but he had various racing successes to his credit, the most important of these being his victory in the 1934 Bray street race, which he won by 2 secs. from the late Trevor McCalla. He has both raced motor cycles and ridden them in reliability trials. The team competition in connection with the Hewison resulted:—

1—Dublin University	3+ 5+ 7-16
2—Leinster "A"	1+ 9+10-20
3—I.M.R.C. "A"	4+ 8+11-23
4—I.M.R.C. "B"	2+14+19-35
5—Leinster "B"	5+20+22-47

LEADING CAR DRIVERS OF THREE YEARS
(AS SHOWN BY HEWISON TROPHY PLACINGS)

1938.	1939.	1940.
1. C. H. W. Manders	1. G. A. Mangan	1. R. B. S. Le Fanu
2. W. Fitzsimmons	2. C. H. W. Manders	2. C. N. S. Pringle
3. J. A. S. Moran	3. R. V. Harvey	3. D. O'B. Gill
4. V. L. M. O'Reilly	4. S. Booth	4. R. V. Harvey
5. G. D. P. Colley	5. B. F. Mason	5. K. Besson
D. C. McCracken	6. H. R. H. Sharpe	6. A. H. L. Archer
7. G. V. B. Cooke	7. P. M. Cahill	7. J. A. S. Moran
8. "D. A. Lamb"	8. F. Gorman	8. B. F. Mason
9. P. M. Cahill	9. A. H. L. Archer	9. V. L. M. O'Reilly
10. B. F. Mason	J. A. S. Moran	10. F. Gorman
11. S. J. Ruttledge	11. Miss Pringle	11. P. M. Cahill
12. W. Paltridge	12. V. L. M. O'Reilly	12. J. Stokes

Coursing

Grand Trials in the Open at Donabate

(By Master McGrath.)

After the bustle and excitement of Clonsanna the Donabate meeting yesterday was, to many in the company, a welcome respite; but on the well-stocked preserves we had a long succession of trials that would warm the heart of the lover of the sport in the open country. He could ask for nothing better. The hares were mostly stags, and they stood up for regular gruellers; but not one of the dogs showed the white feather or the least sign of "cramp," "muscular trouble" or "tiredness," and, as for the survivors, they took what they got and, as it were, asked for more.

Mares came to hand readily, and two drives sufficed to finish, the first producing thirteen courses. We began in the high field at Turvey, where, as a rule, the trials are not always of uniform quality; but now it was quite different, and no fault whatever could be found with the coursing there or on the ground behind the village, whilst another satisfying feature was the early finish.

Not often in recent seasons have I had the pleasure of recording a victory on our coursing fields of Mr. "Tim" O'Brien, the erstwhile Ballincollig courser, long since resident in Dublin, and whose kennels housed many a noted greyhound bearing the prefix "Odd"—Odd Blade among them. He had Barnhill Lady in the Champion Puppy Qualifying Stake, and when the white and black won it on sheer merit and gameness it must have given him a great thrill. By Dasher Lad from Odd Barque, this youngster showed good puppy pace, and handled her game so smartly as to suggest that she has a good chance of repeating her success in the major event. In the deciding course however, she was led by Mr. J. Julian's Flashing Speed, who seemed to have the verdict in safe keeping when she also scored the second; but Barnhill Lady then rattled up a grand sequence, and had the trial won when she stumbled in an attempt to kill. The bridled again had her chance, but before the hare beat them at the spinney Barnhill Lady was fighting it out once more, to raise the flag in a closely contested course.

There were only half-a-dozen in the All-aged Stake, which Mr. T. A. Bruton with the well-bred Bright Sailor and Mr. M. O'Leary with Maulin Lily divided; but it must have been a desperately close thing between Tubberaluba and Maulin Lily in the first round

DONABATE (CHAMPION PUPPY QUALIFYING) STAKE—For 8 bitches.

Mr. T. Lowndes's Mettlesome Cutlet (2l.) beat Jubilee Jean; Mr. T. O'Brien's Barnhill Lady (1l.) beat Eva's Outlook; Mr. T. O'Rourke's Gipsy Minstrel (3L) beat Meath Hope; Mr. J. Julian's Flashing Speed (2l.) beat Rozzer's Bud.

Second Round—Barnhill Lady (just up) beat Mettlesome Cutlet; Flashing Speed (4l.) beat Gipsy Minstrel.

Deciding Course—W. bk. BARNHILL LADY (Dasher Lad—Odd Barque) beat bd. Flashing Speed (Bended Lawyer—Noonan's Gift) (2l.).

PORTRANE STAKES—For 6 all-ages.

Mr. D. O'Donovan's Spay Mover, (2l.) beat Swift Battle; Mr. T. A. Bruton's Bright Sailor (just up) beat Knocker's Bank; Mr. M. O'Leary's Maulin Lily beat Tubbernaluba (2l.).

Second Round—Bright Sailor (1l.) beat Spay Mover; Maulin Lily a bye.

Deciding Course—W. bd. d. BRIGHT SAILOR (Ocean Might—Buzzing Dick—Hammeraway Lass) divided.

TURVEY (No. 1) STAKES—For 8 two-course all-ages.

Miss A. Irwin's Diamond Band beat Brown Lottery; Mr. R. Craigie's Harristown Sandy beat Malahide Wanderer; Mr. J. Sheridan's Gowna Miller beat Clooneen Warlord; Mr. F. Ferguson's Lass From Lane beat Fast Biddy.

Second Round—Diamond Band beat Harristown Sandy; Gowna Miller beat Lass From Lane.

F. v. d. DIAMOND BAND (Dasher Lad—Ten Diamonds) and bd. d. GOWNA MILLER (Short Of One—Brownfield Lady) divided.

TURVEY (No. 2) STAKES—For 7 two-course all-ages.

Messrs. Culhane and Roddy's Thirsty Johnny beat Mick Deeside; Mr. R. Craigie's Sandilla Laddie beat Bang Up; Miss J. Brown's Cashier Man beat Speed To Burn; Miss A. McFarland's Queen's Luck a bye.

Second Round—Sandilla Laddie beat Thirsty Johnnie; Queen's Luck beat Cashier Man.

Deciding Course—F. d. SANDILLA LADDIE (White Sandilla—Smokeless) beat bd. b. Queen's Luck (With Luck—Clountaboove Queen).

TABLE TENNIS ENTRIES CLOSE TO-NIGHT

The Metropolitan Championships will take place at the O'Connell Hall to-morrow, Thursday, and Friday. Entries close this evening at 8 o'clock at the Catholic Commercial Club, where the draw will take place.

Boxing

STADIUM TO RE-OPEN ON SATURDAY

By Our Boxing Correspondent.

THE Stadium is reopening with a flourish next Saturday night, when the North City and Jewish clubs are combining on a splendid programme. With an eye to the Irish championships there are some important pairings in the bantam, feather and light weights.

In the bantam division W. Lenihan will be keen to confirm his previous victory over E. Cannon, but there was so little in it that Cannon must stand a chance of revenge. Without carrying Lenihan's punching power, he nearly outboxed the Arbour Hill lad, who found him a most difficult mark on which to score. However, Lenihan is improving all the time, and I think he will do it again, though it should be an excellent fight.

At the same weight, the fiery, tearaway T. Christie may have his hands full against J. McDonnell, a cool, quiet boxer, with a telling and accurate straight left. McDonnell has only had one contest this season, losing to T. Halpin just before Christmas, and he may not yet be at his best, but if he can land that left to Christie's jaw early on he might prove extremely difficult to beat.

The strong and experienced W. Gifford tackles Corporal P. Dowdall in the feather-weight, and we should have plenty of action here. Although he has an aggressive style, I doubt if Gifford has the punch to overcome Dowdall, who, on his recent outings, seems to be better than ever.

In the light-weight J. Ingle is likely to carry too many guns for P. Glennon, although the latter has put up some useful performances this season. An even and interesting pairing is T. Kavanagh against T. Foran. Kavanagh has not been seen out for quite a long time, but his form will be closely watched as, no doubt, he will soon be matched with E. Chandler.

Four cruiser-weights—Corporal J. Kerry, P. O'Reilly, Private J. Kelleher and P. Lipmann—will be seen in action, and Kerry and Kelleher should defeat O'Reilly and Lipman respectively. It is hoped in the course of the week to find middle-weight opponents for M. Weinsummer, of Jewish, and J. Murphy, of Arbour Hill, or alternatively, they may be pitted against each other. The programme is as follows:—

Fly-Weight—P. Purfield (Tramway) v. G. Meenan (North City).
Bantam—T. Christie (Army and Arbour Hill) v. J. McDonnell (North City); E. Cannon (North City) v. W. Lenihan (Arbour Hill).
Feather—W. Gifford (Army and North City) v. Corporal P. Dowdall (Collins); B. Citron (Jewish) v. B. Colman (Myra).
Light—J. Ingle (St. Andrews) v. P. Glennon (Tramway); T. Kavanagh (Catholic Scouts) v. T. Foran (Unity).
Cruiser—Corporal J. Kerry (Collins) v. P. O'Reilly (North City); Private J. Kelleher (Baldonnel) v. P. Lipmann (Jewish).

CROWLEY AFTER BOON'S TITLE

Dave Crowley (Clerkenwell), if successful over Johnny Cunningham (Bethnal Green) at Cambridge Theatre next Monday, will challenge for the British light-weight championship, held by Eric Boon. Crowley lost the championship to Boon two years ago.

L.S.F. CROSS-COUNTRY

MAY BE "INDEPENDENT" OF A.A.U.E. AND N.A.C.A.

The secretary of the Amateur Athletic Union of Eire writes:—

"The question of members of clubs affiliated to the Amateur Athletic Union, Eire, competing in the forthcoming L.S.F. Cross Country Championship was before a meeting of my Council.

"As my Council is anxious to co-operate in making this event a success, permission was granted to our members to compete, provided that the event is not held under any particular laws."

CORK TROUT ANGLERS' CLUB

Details of a very successful year were recorded by the Hon. Secretary Mr. M. J. McSweeney, in his report to the annual meeting of the Cork and District Trout Anglers' Club. The report thanked car owners for facilities "given freely and sportingly," and mentioned that 80 per cent. of the members were at the disposal of the country as members of either the Army or L.S.F. Owing to pressure of business the Hon. Secretary tendered his resignation, which was accepted with regret.

Messrs. C. C. Murphy and J. Maillet were unanimously elected President and Vice-President respectively. Hugh McSweeney was elected Hon. Secretary, with M. Bennett as Assistant Hon. Secretary, and the Chairman, Mr. J. Fitzpatrick, and Hon. Treas., Mr. J. McCarthy, were unanimously re-elected.

GOLF CLUB NOTICES

GREYSTONES.—Ladies' Branch—January 17th—Medal, nine holes, stroke. Draws at 10, 10.30, and 2.30. I.L.G.U. silver spoon—Miss Burgess.

MILLTOWN.—Ladies' Branch—To-day—Medal, postponed from 7th inst. Tea party, 4.30 p.m. General meeting, 5.30 p.m.

SUTTON.—Saturday next—Postponed January medals, 18 holes, strokes.

FOXROCK.—Saturday next—Prize presented by Mr. H. F. Cronin, nine holes, eclectic; limited to 18 holes.

ESQUIRE CHALLENGE CUP (presented by Mr. J. C. Hayes)—Played at the Castle—Eugene O'Carroll, 77; J. C. Hayes, J. V. Mooney, W. J. O'Reilly.

ISLAND.—Monthly medal final—G. Burrowes (15) beat N. Beamish (8), 1 up. Semi-open mixed foursome—G. Buttanshaw and Miss D. Beamish, 5 up; L. Baines and Miss Robertson, 1 up.

DELGANY.—Men's Open Fourball. Result—A. H. Bailey and J. Doyle, 3 up; F. F. Bailey and H. J. Murphy, 7 up.

SQUASH CUP FINAL THIS EVENING

The final of the Gray Cup—Inter-Club Championship—between Fitzwilliam (holders) and University will take place at Fitzwilliam this evening. The following is the programme of matches (Fitzwilliam players first):—

5.0—P. D. McWeeney v. N. A. Kinnear.
5.30—N. D. Good v. F. B. McCormick.
6.0—W. A. Sandys v. W. P. Roper.
6.30—C. A. Kemp v. S. E. Law.
7.0—B. R. Towers v. J. H. Sides.

MOROGORO FOR 2,000 GUINEAS

Morogoro is to remain in England for the coming flat season, and will run in the name and colours of the Maharani of Kolhapur. Fred. Darling states that the colt will probably be trained for the 2,000 Guineas. Morogoro was given 9st. 3lb. in the Free Handicap, being rated the best of the colts.

HOW TO PLAY GOLF

Instruction in the playing of golf by leading Irish professionals will be contained in a series of articles which will commence in our issue of to-morrow. The articles will contain instruction in the general principles of the game, as well as expert advice about the various clubs, their selection and methods of getting the best results from them.

Last year there was a marked increase in the number of men and women playing the game all over the country, and this series of articles should appeal to them in particular, as it contains much that is of interest to beginners and expert players alike.

Ballynafeigh

Bohemians' programme on Saturday contained a reference to an international match between Ireland and Scotland, at the grounds of the Ulster Club, Ballynafeigh, Belfast, in 1894. That was the ground of the Ulster Cricket Club, one of the most famous sporting enclosures in the country up to its being taken over, about twelve years ago for a building scheme that did not fructify. On a recent visit to Belfast (writes a correspondent) I was shocked by the waste appearance of this once splendid ground; it seems scandalous that any sporting enclosure in any city, in days when we talk glibly about "bre

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TUESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1941.

AUCTIONS.

SCANNELL'S AUCTIONS
SALE OF SELECTION OF HIGH-CLASS CARPETS, FURNITURE, PIANO PLAYER, WIRELESS SETS, ETC.,
On TO-MORROW (WEDNESDAY) & THURSDAY, JAN. 15th & 16th,
INCLUDING:—Fine Cream and Pink Malabar Carpet, 18 x 12, cost £75; Fawn and Green Chinese ditto, 12 x 9; Indian and Axminster Carpets, 14 x 11 and 12 x 9, and Rugs; Hide Chesterfield Suite, Tapestry ditto; 6 Oak Chairs and Pair of Divan Chairs to match, 7-piece and 9-piece Parlour Suites, Mahogany and Oak Telescope Dining Tables, Oak Falling-leaf ditto; 4 Modern Oak Dining Suites, Mahogany and Oak Chiffoniers and Mirror-back Sideboard, H.M.V. Gramophone and Stand, 4 Inlaid Mah. Drawingroom Chairs, Ebonised Mah. China Cabinet, Stroud Piano Player, Oak Dumb Waiter, Mah. and Wal. Breakfront Wardrobe, 4ft. Wal. Bedroom Suite, Ant. Mah. Nest of Drawers, Mah. Tallboys and Chests of Drawers, Antique Brass Fender; Pair of 5ft. Italian Wal. Beds, complete; Marble-top Cabinets, 2-door Mah. B'case, 3-door Carved Oak ditto; Oak Rev. Office Armchair, Mah. ditto; Crosley and Pilot All-Wave Wireless Sets, Hoover Vacuum Cleaner, Jiffey Washing Machine and Wringer combined, Lady's and Gent's Bikes, Deal Bedroom and Kitchen Furniture, etc., etc.
SALE AT 1 O'CLOCK EACH DAY. ON VIEW TO-DAY.
JAMES J. SCANNELL, M.I.A.A.,
Auctioneer and Valuer, 4 BACHELOR'S WALK. 'Phone 44280.

SALE AT 110 GRAFTON STREET,
TO-DAY, at 2 p.m.,
CULMULLEN, NAVAN ROAD, CABRA.
Charmingly situated, semi-detached, non-basement house, overlooking playing fields in front and with the open grounds of the Convent at the rear. Southern aspect and lovely mountain views. Electric light and gas; telephone. Good garden and garage. Clear possession on purchaser.
Held for 250 years from 1937, subject to the annual ground rent of £8 10s. 0d. Remission of rates. JOHN M. McDOWELL & CO., Solicitors, 3 College Green.
JAMES H. NORTH & CO., Auctioneers, 110 GRAFTON ST.

"BATTERSBY'S AUCTIONS."
SALE TO-DAY, 12 O'CLOCK.
"ANNESLEY," 12 AILESBURY PARK, BALLSBRIDGE,
ANTIQUE AND MODERN FURNITURE, "REGULO" COOKER.
On View from 10 a.m. Admission by Ticket, 1/-. Terms: Cash and 5 per cent. fees. TELEPHONE (direct to house) "64486."
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Auctioneers and Valuers, M.I.A.A., F.A.I.,
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HOUSES AND LANDS.
FARM FOR SALE,
CO. KILDARE.
For Capt. E. S. Hornidge.
KENNYCOURT, containing 176 Statute Acres, or thereabouts, subject to a small annuity of £14 7s. 6d., and Tithe rent of £2 19s. 3d. P.L.V. £125 10s.
Kennycourt is a nice, sound Grass Farm, with no waste, and has a plentiful supply of water. It is situated 1½ miles from Dunlavin and 1 mile from Brannockstown.
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M.I.A.A., Auctioneers, etc.,
40 and 41 PRUSSIA STREET, DUBLIN.

DUBLIN CIRCUIT (CRIMINAL) COURT

TWELVE BAGS OF SUGAR

(BEFORE JUDGE DAVITT.)

Patrick O'Brien, aged 63, Lower Gloucester place, Dublin, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment when he pleaded guilty to receiving twelve bags of sugar, the property of Christopher Rourke, Store street.

Mr. W. Moloney (instructed by the Chief State Solicitor) prosecuted and Mr. J. Devlin (instructed by Mr. James J. O'Connor, solicitor) defended.

DEMAND WITH MENACES

Anthony McCormack, aged 22, Watery lane, Lucan, Co. Dublin, who pleaded guilty to uttering a letter demanding money with menaces from William S. Hill, "Ounavara," Lucan, received a suspensory sentence of two years' imprisonment, not to be served on his entering into recognisances to be of good behaviour for two years.

Judge Davitt said that because of his foolish action McCormack had left himself open to penal servitude for life. He took into account the statements made by Mr. L. Trant McCarthy as to McCormack's previous good character.

Mr. O. Moriarty, K.C. (instructed by the Chief State Solicitor) prosecuted.

FALSE PRETENCES

Maureen Corrigan, aged 19, Swords, Co. Dublin, was sentenced to eight months' imprisonment in the juvenile section of Mountjoy for obtaining board and lodging in a house at Wellington quay, Dublin, by false pretences and stealing 6s. from the gas meter in the same house.

Detective-Officers Murphy, Mitchell and McKeown had charge of the case.

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Outstanding Bargain
Offer of this super quality Irish Boucle. All pure Wool. Will tailor beautifully into coats and costumes. Easily the best value ever offered at any sale. Excellent shades include Chinese Green, Storm Blue, Rust, Lido, Blackberry, Tan, Cigar, Navy and Black. Limited quantity. 54" wide. Regular Price, per yard 12/11
Clearance Price ... 10/11 Per Yard

CANADIAN ASTRACHAN
A Stupendous Clearance Offer of this world-famous fabric for which McBirney's are noted. This Luxurious Heavy Quality is certainly one of to-day's biggest value opportunities. Famed for its elegant appearance and lovely silky finish. This cloth makes up beautifully for all types of coats and swaggers. Also used extensively for trimming. Remember a coat to last you several years is a very wise investment to-day. In an excellent shade of Black only. 48" wide. Regular Price, per yd., 45/-. Clearance Price, per yd. 36/11
Other qualities:
Black, 32/9, 27/9; Grey, 21/9; Bottle, 19/11.

IRISH HOPSACK
Here is one of the Best Coating Values of this Great Clearance Sale. Good serviceable weight and more closely woven from carefully selected wool. Can be thoroughly recommended for lasting wear. Very popular for the new figured coats and ideal for kiddies' wear. Available in shades of Rosewood, Chinese Green, London Tan and Myosotis Blue. As this material is impossible to repeat at this price, an immediate purchase is advisable. 54" wide. Regular Price, per yd., 10/11. Clearance Price, per yard 8/6

NOVELTY COATING
This is the offer that everybody has been waiting for. Colossal Ranges of Tweeds, Checks, Plain and Fancy Coatings represent unbelievable value to-day at this very low price. Will make up very smart in all types of coats and costumes. Come early and make your choice from the complete range. In fashionable shades of Fawn, Mauve, Lido, Purple, Bottle, Nigger, Plum, Sage and Navy. 54" wide. Regular Price, per yd., 9/11 to 7/11. Clearance Price, per yd. 5/11

HEAVY COATING
A Beautiful Heavy Quality Coating, which has been a very popular feature during this season. Strongly recommended for hard-wearing coats and swaggers. Different qualities include Boucle, Self-Stripes, Chevrons, and Suede Velours, in specially selected shades of Tan, Lido, Bottle, Brick, Storm Blue, Turquoise, Plum, Petrol, Nigger, Navy and Black. Buy now, as stocks are very limited. 54" wide. Regular Prices, yd., 12/11 to 9/11. Clearance Price, per yd. 7/11

BLACK MOHAIRLAINE
For you who really know a good bargain, we strongly recommend this special offer of Fashion's Newest Material. Fine Heavy Texture, with rich lustrous finish and wonderful draping qualities. This material is most serviceable in all climates, and will tailor beautifully. In an exceptionally good shade of Jet Black only. 45" wide. Regular Price, per yd., 18/11. Clearance Price, per yd..... 10/11

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JERSEYLAINE
Outstanding offer of this Heavy Quality Fabric. Ever so popular for Frocks. In shades of Grey, Purple, Turquoise, Petrol, Nigger, Wine, Sky, Saxe. Cannot be repeated anything like this price. Reduced from 2/6. 36" wide. Sale Price 1/11½

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Marvellous Sale Offer of Continental Quality which cannot be repeated when our present stocks are sold. In lovely lingerie shades of Pink, Turquoise, Sky, Salmon, Ivory, Beige and Black. To-day's Price, 2/11. 36" wide. Sale Price 1/11½

BROCHE POPLIN
Limited quantity only. An amazing offer with prices rising that has no equal. Lovely Heavy Quality Broche Poplin. Ideal for Frocks. Curtains Bedspreads, etc. Shades of Bottle, Grey, Pink, Orange, Old Gold and Beige. Marvellous value at this low price to clear. Worth at least 2/6. 36" wide. Sale Price 1/6

PRINTED CREPES
Huge ranges of Oddments in Printed Crepes. All offered at reduced prices to clear. Beautiful Printed Crepes in smart designs and colours. Combinations of Blue, Mauve, Navy and Black. 36" wide. All one Price to clear 1/8

CREASE RESISTING CREPE
Marvellous sale offer of Lovely Quality French Crepe. Good heavy weight, will drape beautifully. In lovely rich shade of Black only. Price 4/11. Sale Offer 2/11

SPOT CREPES
Complete clearance of dice White Spot Crepe at this ridiculously low price. Ideal for smart Frocks, Smocks and Overalls, etc. In lovely shades of Saxe, Nigger, Bottle, Navy and Black, 36" wide. Sold at 2/6 per yard. Special Sale Offer, per yard 1/6

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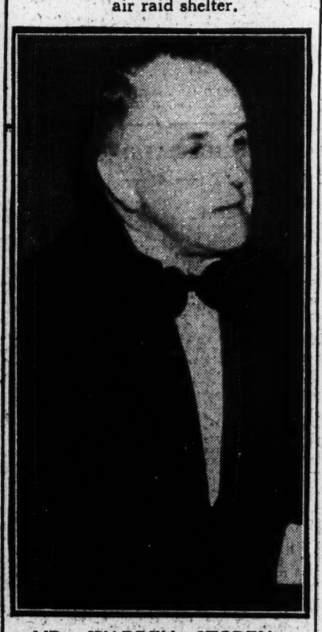
SIR JOHN LAVERY'S FUNERAL

CAPTAIN S. BRENNAN (right), who represented the Premier, Mr. de Valera, at Sir John Lavery's funeral, arriving at the cemetery with the Rev. Father Senan, O.M.Cap.

MOURNERS at the funeral of Sir John Lavery, R.A., at Mount Jerome Cemetery yesterday.

QUEEN ELIZABETH talking to little occupants of a London air raid shelter.

"THE CIRCUS COMES TO TOWN"—Captain Gray, of Heckenberg's Circus, parading through Dublin yesterday.



MR. WARREN STOREY, who lectured at last night's meeting of the Engineering and Scientific Society of Ireland at 35 Dawson street.

ART AS A SPIRITUAL FORCE

MISS MAINIE JELLETT'S VIEWS

"All artistic manifestations worthy of being called works of art have a common factor, a spiritual power, quite apart from the religious aspect of their quality," said Miss Mainie Jellett, in the course of a lecture, entitled: "Art as a Spiritual Force," given yesterday in the Parochial Hall, Clyde road, Dublin.

Their spiritual power drew the onlooker or listener out of himself and away into a new world, a world from which he returned rejuvenated, exalted. It was of vital importance for all who are interested in the artistic experience to realise that any artistic effort, no matter how small, was a creative act, it was not a desire to copy. The only truthful way in which the artist could copy nature was by creating on a lesser plane, but with the same order and principles as natural creations. In a picture the spiritual force operated somewhat differently than in poetry, prose or music. The work of literature or music was a creation in time. A picture or a piece of sculpture was different. It was a creation in space, and its effect was instantaneous, though to appreciate it thoroughly one looked, and looked again and again, and the more one looked, if it was a true work of art, the richer it became, and the more one was enriched.

Miss Bay Jellett gave a violin recital, and her choice included the Handel Sonata in D major, the Meditation from Thais, by Massenet, and a Minuet by Pugnani-Kreisler.

Mr. Manning Robertson was in the chair.

FROM THE LEGAL DIARY

LAW NOTICES—Tuesday, January 14.

AN CHUIRT BHREITHIUNAIS UACHTARACH.
(The Supreme Court.)
At 11 o'clock. To be Mentioned—Burton v. the Northern Bank, Ltd.; Cummins v. the Irish Assurance Co., Ltd. For Hearing—Somers v. Good and others; in re W. Comp. Act, Mulcahy v. the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of the County Borough of Cork. Judgment will be delivered in the following case on Wednesday next—The Irish Industrial Building Society v. O'Brien.

CLARATHOIR NA gCOIMIRCITHE CUIRTE.
(The Registrar of Wards of Court.)
Before Mr. Magahan, at 11 o'clock—Vouch account, White and White; adjourned vouch, J. P. McGarry.

AN ARD-CHUIRT BHREITHIUNAIS.
(The High Court.)
In Court 1, at 11 o'clock. Cases Stated—Minister for Agriculture complainant, Michael Donegan defendant; Great Northern Railway Co., Ireland, appellants, the Commissioner of Valuation respondent; Great Southern Railways Co. appellants, the Commissioner of Valuation respondent.
In Court 6. For Tuesday, 21st January. Action—McDonnell v. Munster and Leinster Bank, Ltd.
JURY ACTIONS.
Jury actions will be listed for hearing on Monday, 27th January. Actions set down for trial for any date after Friday 24th January, will not be listed for trial during the Hilary Sittings unless leave shall have been granted by the Court.
OIFIG AN MHAISTIR-MHEASAIREACHTA.
(The Taxing Master's Office.)
Master O'Hanlon, at 11 o'clock—Aylmer, deceased, William Roche and Sons.
Master Kennedy, at 11 o'clock. Exparte Taxations—Louth County Council, Daniel O'Connell; Rooney v. Kelly, D. Purcell and Son same v. same, T. F. O'Connell, Rooney and Co.; Farrell v. Cuffe, J. H. Dixon, Scott to Cooper and Son, Cooper and Son.

OIFIG AN SCRUDORA.
(The Examiner's Office.)
Before Mr. Adderley (Room 104) at 11 o'clock—Munster and Leinster Bank, Ltd., v. Kelly; M. Kelly, deceased, Gleeson v. Christian; Ryan v. Cranley; G. Kane, deceased, Murray v. Richmond; J. O'Neill, deceased, O'Neill v. O'Neill; Rev. D. Moloney, deceased, Delaney v. Attorney-General.
Before Mr. Grove-White (Room 1—at 11 o'clock—Woodmartin v. Kerins; M. M. Buckley, deceased, O'Brien v. O'Callaghan; J. Mandeville, deceased, Munster and Leinster Bank, Ltd., v. Mandeville; J. Lawley, deceased, Ryan v. Lawley; O'Neill v. Cleary; T. Meathe, deceased, Hanbidge v. Coulter; J. Condron, deceased, Condron v. Daly.
Before Mr. Murtagh (Room 108), at 11 o'clock—J. Condron, decd., Condron v. Daly.
COIMISIUN TALMHAN NA hEIREANN.
(Irish Land Commission.)
At Examiners' Chambers, at 93 Merrion Square.
Before Mr. Franks, at 11 o'clock—Irwin, vouch.
Before Mr. Grove-White, at 11 o'clock—Perceval Maxwell. At 11.30 o'clock—Elizabeth Hume, vouch.
Before Mr. Jackson, at 3 o'clock—Daniel Hogan, discharge rulings; Mary Kirwan, discharge rulings.
Before Mr. Nalsh, at 11 o'clock—Walsh, discharge retainer.
Before Mr. Spain, at 11 o'clock—Helen E. Drought, vouch.
At 93 Merrion Square.
Before Mr. Tyrrell, at 11 o'clock—Kilmore, vouch.

CENTRAL CRIMINAL COURT.
Green Street Courthouse, Dublin.
This day, at 11 o'clock. The panel of Jurors summoned for this day must attend. Absent Jurors will be fined.

AN CHUIRT BHREITHEAMHNAIR CHUARDA.
(Circuit Court of Justice.)
Before Judge Davitt, at the Law Courts, Chancery place, at 11 o'clock. Motion—Goldfarb v. Newmark. Civil Actions—P. J. Tracy, Ltd., v. O'Keeffe; Robertson, a minor, v. Prendergast.
Before Judge Shannon, at the Law Courts, Chancery place, at 11 o'clock. Applications for Summary Judgment—G.S. Illys, Co. v. Fitzgerald; McNaughton and Sons (D.), Ltd., v. O'Reilly; Associated Properties v. McConnell. Civil Actions—Tribbick v. Evans, Sons, Lescher and Webb, Ltd.; Morton v. Palmer; Palmer v. Morton; Farrell v. D.U.T. Co., Ltd.; Jamison, Ltd., v. Madden.
AN CLABATHOIR CONTAE.
(The County Registrar.)
At 12.30 o'clock. Equity—Regan v. Regan; Kane v. Kane; Watkins Jameson, Pim and Co. v. Fagan.
CUIRT DUITHCHE NA CATHRACH.
(Metropolitan District Court.)
At Morgan place, at 10.30 o'clock—Undefended civil processes; undefended ejectment processes; undefended civil processes adjourned from previous Sessions; undefended ejectment processes adjourned from previous Sessions; defended civil processes; defended ejectment processes. For Wednesday, 15th January. At Morgan place, at 10.30 o'clock—Defended civil processes adjourned from previous Sessions; defended ejectment processes adjourned from previous Sessions.

DUBLIN DISTRICT COURT

CHARGE AGAINST A CLONDALKIN MAN

(BEFORE MR. McCARTHY, D.J.)

Charged with having demanded with menaces the sum of £2 15s. between 8 and 10 p.m. on the second of this month from Alexander McGimpsey, a factory manager, of Dunville avenue, Rathmines, Cornelius J. Manahan, a radio and electrical contractor, of Convent road, Clondalkin, was remanded for a week on bail. He was charged also with having in his possession a revolver with intent to endanger life, and with having the revolver without a firearms' certificate.

Alexander McGimpsey said in evidence that he had met Manahan in a bar, and went with him to another public-house, where they had some drinks together. Later that evening, said McGimpsey, Manahan went home with him in a taxi, and, when they reached his house Manahan produced a paper, saying that he had an account to meet on Friday. He demanded £2 15s., saying that he had spent it in McGimpsey's company that night. When he refused to give him the money, he produced a revolver, and said that he must get it. McGimpsey told him that he would see him next morning in the factory.

He met Manahan again next day in Rathmines road. He told him that he had had nothing to eat, and he gave him five shillings. Manahan again showed him the paper, and demanded money. McGimpsey reported the matter to the Rathmines Guards that evening, and the next morning two Guards questioned Manahan at the factory, and took him away.

McGimpsey denied that he was drunk on the occasion. He never made a promise on a licensed premises, but had said that there might be an opening for a salesman in his factory.

Mr. D. L. Ua Donnchadha, Chief State Solicitor's Office, prosecuted, and Mr. L. Lysaght, of Messrs. Little, O hUadhaigh and Proud, solicitors, defended.

TAKING A MOTOR CAR

Charged with taking a motor-car, the property of Charles A. Wilson, of Rathgar road, without his authority; with breaking and entering the Mount Temple Lawn Tennis Club, Sunbury Gardens, and with stealing therefrom cigarettes and liquor valued at £5, Matthew Hackett (27), Upper Clanbrassil street, a shop assistant; Owen McGinn (33), of Geoffrey Keating road, Rialto, a motor driver, and William Haverty (26), of 5 Temple place, Ranelagh, a machinist, were sentenced to three months' imprisonment, not to be enforced if they be of good behaviour for twelve months. McGinn was charged also with driving the car without a policy of insurance.

The three men, in statements, admitted the offences, and it was pleaded that they had drink taken. They agreed to make good the damage, which amounted to about £5.

Mr. D. Ua Donnchadha, Chief State Solicitor's Office, prosecuted; Mr. Thomas Woodcock (instructed by Messrs. Woodcock and Sons) appeared for Hackett; Mr. Liam Trant McCarthy for Haverty, and Mr. D. Hurley (Messrs. Hayes and Sons) for McGinn.

CHURCH SERVICES

ST. PATRICK'S CATHEDRAL.—10 a.m. Psalm, 71. Chant, 84. Jubilate, 71. Hymn, 352. Evensong at 4 o'clock. Psalm, 74. Chants, 78-65. Magnificat, Nunc Dimittis, Havnes in E flat. Anthem, "If we believe that Jesus died," Goss.
CHRIST CHURCH CATHEDRAL.—Matins at 10.45 o'clock. Venite, 213. Psalm, 71 (214). Urbs Fortitudinis, 215. Hymn 107. Evensong at 3 o'clock. Psalm, 74 (191, 390). Magnificat, Nunc Dimittis, Thomas Ebdon (1738-1811) in C. Anthem, "We will rejoice in Thy salvation," William Croft (1677-1727).
CHRIST CHURCH, Leeson Park.—Intercession Service at 9.45 a.m.
ST. COLUMBA'S CHURCH, Ranelagh.—Evening Prayer at 7.30 o'clock. Rev. R. A. Stewart.

WALPOLES JANUARY SALE
8 Unrepeatable Lots of
Ladies' Stockings
of recommended quality at SALE PRICES

We believe these stockings to be the best value now obtainable. The quality is good and the reductions genuine. As the offer is available only while stocks last, the earlier the order, the less the chance of being sold out.

1. A good quality Pure Silk Stocking, semi-fashioned, merc'd feet and suspender tops, in shades of Mode-brown, Facile Leaf-Brown, Mist-beige. Sizes—8½, 9, 9½, 10 in. Sale Price, Pair 2/11
2. A nice medium weight and good quality merc'd Lisle, full fashioned, with reinforced feet and double suspender tops in Dark-grey and shades of Samoa, Mustang, Nocturne. Sizes—8½, 9, 9½, 10 in. Sale Price, Pair 2/11
3. Best quality All Wool Stocking, reinforced feet, with 1.1 rib, expanding suspender tops, in Black, Grey and assorted shades of Fawns and Beige. Sizes—9½ ins. only. Limited quantity. Sale Price, Pair 3/6
4. A Fine Quality Chiffon Lisle Stocking, full fashioned, reinforced feet and double suspender tops to resist wear. In shades of Leaf-brown, Fer-brown. Sizes—9 in., 9½ in. Sale Price, Pair 3/9
5. A Comfortable and Most Serviceable Stocking in art silk/wool mari mixture, full fashioned extra spliced feet and double suspender tops, in Black, Nigger-White. Sizes—9, 9½, 10in. Sale Price, pair 3/11
6A. A delightfully sheer French Silk Stocking, full fashioned, fine mercerised feet and suspender tops. In attractive shades of Midas, Snappy, Mode-Brown. Sizes—8½, 9, 9½, 10in. Sale Price, pair 6/11
7. Cosy Wool Ankle Socks, fleck design, with plain or fancy striped tops. In attractive Brown tones. Sizes—9, 9½, 10in. Sale Price, pair 2/6
8. Best quality Scotch knit Ribbed Wool Ankle Socks, in delightful shades of Fawn, Emerald, Mist, San-Remo, Saxe, Mulberry, Crimson. Sizes—9, 9½, 10in. Sale Price, Pair 4/3

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HILARY LAW SITTINGS

OPENING OF NEW TERM

The Hilary Law Sittings were opened yesterday on the conclusion of the customary meeting of the Benchers in the Benchers' Chambers in the Four Courts. The Supreme Court sat to hear applications in regard to the hearing of appeals, and decided to put in the list for to-day, to be mentioned, the cases of Burton against the Northern Bank, Ltd., and of Cummins against the Irish Assurance Co., Ltd. (Workmen's Compensation Act, 1934); and for hearing, the cases of Somers against Good and others, and Mulcahy against Cork Corporation (Workmen's Compensation Act, 1934).

The Chief Justice announced that judgment would be given to-morrow in the appeal in the suit of the Irish Industrial Benefit Building Society against O'Brien.

This is a mortgage suit, in which James O'Brien, Vevay Bar Vevay road, Bray, appealed from an order of the High Court declaring that the Society was entitled to sell Vevay Bar as a licensed premises.

It had been submitted on behalf of Mr. O'Brien, on the one hand, that the judgment mortgage did not capture the licence; and on behalf of the Society, on the other, that there was no property in the licence apart from the premises.

Mr. Justice Martin Maguire sat to hear *ex parte* motions.

The Master of the High Court had seventeen summonses, eight motions on notice, a number of motions of course, and several bankruptcy matters in his list. Most of the summonses, however, were adjourned on the application of the parties concerned.

ROYAL HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY

At the annual and monthly meeting of the Council of the Royal Horticultural and Arboricultural Society of Ireland, held at the office, 12 Mume street, Dublin, the Marquess of Headfort, President of the Society, presiding, Mr. J. W. Besant and Mr. A. F. Pearson were unanimously re-elected, respectively, as chairman and vice-chairman for the current year. The Standing Committees were re-appointed.

The Council decided to carry on its activities and fixed the date of the annual Spring Show for 9th and 10th April next. Several members spoke of the loss the Society had sustained by the death of the late Mrs. Page Croft, and a vote of sympathy and condolence was passed with her relatives. Mrs. Croft was for several years a member of the Council, and was one of the foremost and most successful exhibitors at the Society's shows, and the beauty and attractiveness of her displays were always favourably commented on.

The maximum prices of marmalade in Britain have now been fixed at the level ruling on December 2. It is proposed to make a further order at an early date prescribing specific maximum prices for marmalade in relation to defined standards of quality.

Stop Going Grey and look Years Younger!
Make your hair an asset instead of a liability. Restore its natural colour this safe, quick, easy way. All you need is a simple, inexpensive mixture you can make at home. Here's the recipe. To a large half pint of water add one ounce of Bay Rum, a small box of Orlex Compound and a quarter ounce of glycerine. That's all! Any chemist will make it up or supply the ingredients. Apply the mixture twice weekly and your grey hair will soon glow with natural colour. Orlex isn't sticky, won't rub off and doesn't colour the scalp. Try out this recipe and begin saying good-bye to grey hair to-day.

40 looks 30

40 looks 25

DUBLIN CIRCUIT COURT

BOY'S FALL INTO AN AREA

(BEFORE JUDGE SHANNON.)

A consent accepted and made a rule of Court provided for the payment of £70 and costs to Thos. McGillivrey, an infant suing by his father, Henry McGillivrey, 7 Belvedere place, Mountjoy square, Dublin, who had claimed damages from Joseph Hastings, 4 Glenarm avenue, Drumcondra, for personal injuries through the alleged negligence of the defendant in the upkeep of iron railings surrounding the area of the house, 7 Belvedere place, whereby the plaintiff fell into the area.

Mr. J. Farrell (instructed by Mr. J. C. Clenaghan) appeared for the plaintiff; Messrs. Good and Murray, solicitors, for the defendant.

COLLISION CASE SETTLED

The Court also accepted a settlement providing for the payment of £50 and costs by the defendant in an action by Michael Carr, "Hillside," Dundrum, Co. Dublin, against Charles Somerville, 25 Island street, Dublin, for damages arising out of a collision at Westmoreland street, Dublin, in March last.

Mr. Felix Sherry (instructed by Mr. C. Magwood) appeared for the plaintiff; Mr. A. D. Pringle (instructed by Messrs. Good and Murray) for the defendant.

A carelessly thrown away cigarette or a night watchman's brazier is believed to have been the cause of a big fire which raged all night at Port Leixoes, near Oporto, and resulted in extensive damage. Beginning on the south mole, the fire spread rapidly until warehouses containing cotton, leather, wolfram, resin, and petrol and the administrative offices of the port were in flames.

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